### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

#### SEC FORM 17-C

# CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17.2(c) THEREUNDER

1.	As of November 20, 2024 Date of Report		
2.	SEC Identification Number CS200930354 3. B	IR Tax Identification No.	. 287-191-423-000
4.	DoubleDragon Corporation Exact name of issuer as specified in its charte	r	
5.	Manila, Philippines	6.	(SEC Use Only)
	Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation	Industry Classification	Code:
7.	DD Meridian Park Bay area Corner Macapagal A Zone 10 San Rafael, Pasay City, Metro Manila, Address of principal office		Boulevard Barangay 76 1302 Postal Code
8.	(02) 8856-7111 Issuer's telephone number, including area cod	e	
9.	DoubleDragon Properties Corp. Former name or former address, if changed si	nce last report	
10.	Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 ar	nd 12 of the SRC or Secti	ions 4 and 8 of the RSA
	Title of Each Class	Number of Shares Outstanding and Amou	of Common Stock nt of Debt Outstanding
	Common Shares Preferred Shares		.345,028,600 00,000,000

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

# Item 9. Other Events

The Board of Directors of the Company in a meeting held on November 8, 2024 called for the holding of the Annual Shareholders Meeting for shareholders as of November 22, 2024 (record date) on December 13, 2024 at 10:30am through remote communication via zoom. The Agenda for the Meeting is:

- 1. Call to Order;
- 2. Certification by the Corporate Secretary of the Presence of Quorum;
- 3. Reading and Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Stockholders' Meeting;
- 4. Company Updates and Report;
- 5. Approval of the 2023 Audited Financial Statements and the 2023 Annual Report;
- 6. Ratification of the Actions of the Board of Directors and Officers;
- 7. Election of Directors;
- 8. Appointment of External Auditors;
- **9.** Other Matters; and
- 10. Adjournment

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

<u>DoubleDragon Corporation</u> Issuer November 20, 2024 Date

Joselito L. Barrera, Jr. Chief Information Officer

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

# SEC FORM 20-IS

# INFORMATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 20 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE

1.	Check the appropriate box:	
	Preliminary Information Statement  Definitive Information Statement	
2.	Name of Registrant as specified in its charter:	DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION
3.	Country of Incorporation:	PHILIPPINES
4.	SEC Identification Number:	CS200930354
5.	BIR Tax Identification Code:	287-191-423-000
6.	Address of the principal office:	DoubleDragon Headquarters, 10th Floor, Tower 1, DoubleDragon Plaza, DD Meridian Park, Corner Macapagal Avenue and EDSA Extension, Bay Area, Pasay City, Metro Manila
7.	Registrant's telephone number, including area code:	(02) 88567111
R		
0.	Date, time and place of the meeting of security	December 13, 2024
0.	Date, time and place of the meeting of security holders:	December 13, 2024  10:30AM; by Remote Communication Via Zoom. DD Headquarters, Pasay City.The Link will be provided at least three (3) days prior to the meeting.
		10:30AM; by Remote Communication Via Zoom. DD Headquarters, Pasay City.The Link will be provided at least three (3) days
9.	Approximate date on which the Information Statement is first to be sent or given to security	10:30AM; by Remote Communication Via Zoom. DD Headquarters, Pasay City.The Link will be provided at least three (3) days prior to the meeting.

**11.** Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA (information on number of shares and amount of debt is applicable only to corporate registrants):

Title of Each class	Number of Shares of Stock Outstanding or
	Amount of Debt Outstanding
Common	2,345,028,600
	(net of treasury shares)
Preferred	100,000,000

<b>12.</b>	Are any	or all	of	registrant's	securities	listed	in	a
	Stock Ex	chang	ge?					

Yes [✓] No [ ]

The 2,345,028,600 Common Shares and 100,000,000 Preferred Shares are listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange ("PSE").



# NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING Pasay City December 13, 2024; 10:30 AM Via Zoom.

#### To All Stockholders:

Kindly take notice that the Annual Stockholders' Meeting of **DoubleDragon Corporation**, *formerly* DoubleDragon Properties Corp. (the "**Company**") for the year 2024 will be held at Pasay City on December 13, 2024, 10:30 AM through remote communication via Zoom. The link will be provided at least three (3) days prior to the meeting. Registration for the said meeting will be from 9:00 AM November 21, 2024 to 6:00 PM December 9, 2024.

The Chairman or, in his absence, a president to be chosen by the stockholders will preside the 2024 Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

The agenda of the meeting is set forth below:

- 1) Call to Order;
- 2) Certification by the Corporate Secretary of the Presence of Quorum;
- 3) Reading and Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Stockholders' Meeting;
- 4) Company Updates and Report;
- 5) Approval of the 2023 Audited Financial Statements and the 2023 Annual Report;
- 6) Ratification of the Actions of the Board of Directors and Officers;
- 7) Election of Directors;
- 8) Appointment of External Auditors;
- 9) Other Matters; and
- 10) Adjournment

The Board of Directors fixed the end of trading hours of the Philippine Stock Exchange ("PSE") on <u>November 22, 2024</u> as the record date (the "Record Date") for the determination of the common stockholders who are entitled to notice and to vote at the meeting and any adjournment thereof.

To participate in the annual meeting, the stockholders must register from 9:00 AM November 21, 2024 to 6:00 PM of December 9, 2024. The procedure for participation in the annual meeting via remote communication and voting in absentia are contained in Annex "A" to this Information Statement.

In the event that you cannot personally join the meeting, you are hereby requested to accomplish the attached proxy form, which need not be notarized, and email the same at <u>corporatesecretary@doubledragon.com.ph</u> or return the same to the office of the Corporate Secretary at DoubleDragon Headquarters, 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Tower 1, DoubleDragon Plaza, DD Meridian Park, Corner Macapagal Avenue and EDSA Extension, Bay Area, Pasay City, Metro

Manila no later than 6:00 P.M. on December 9, 2024. Kindly refer to Annex "A" for the requirements for registration.

Thank you very much.

Pasay City, November 20, 2024.

BY THE ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Ferdinand J. Sia
President

# **NOTE:**

It is important that all stockholders be represented at the meeting. Common Stockholders who are unable to attend in person are requested to immediately sign, date, and email the accompanying proxy form. In the event a stockholder decides to personally participate in the meeting, he/she may, if he/she wishes, revoke the proxy and vote his/her shares in person.

# ANNEX TO NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING OF DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION DECEMBER 13, 2024

#### **AGENDA**

# 1) Call to Order

The Chairman or, in his absence, a president to be chosen by the stockholders will formally open and preside the 2024 Annual Stockholders' Meeting (the "Meeting"). The directors and officers of the Company will be introduced.

# 2) Certification by the Corporate Secretary of the Presence of Quorum

The Corporate Secretary will certify that the copies of the Notice and the Information Statement were duly sent to stockholders as of the Record Date.

# 3) Reading and Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Stockholders' Meeting

The stockholders may examine the minutes of the previous meeting. Said minutes is also be available on the Company's website. The resolution for adoption will be the approval of the minutes of the previous stockholders' meeting.

# 4) Company Updates and Report

The report of the Chairman of the Board of Directors highlighting the Company's achievements and milestones for the previous year will be presented to the stockholders.

# 5) Approval of the 2023 Audited Financial Statements and the 2023 Annual Report

The 2023 Audited Financial Statements (the "AFS") of the Company audited by KPMG R.G. Manabat & Co., the Company's independent external auditor, along with the 2023 Annual Report (the "Report") will be presented. The AFS and the Report will be incorporated in the Definitive Information Statement which will be distributed to the stockholders. Copies of the Definitive Information Statement will also be made available on the Company's website. The resolution for adoption will be the approval of the AFS and the Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

# 6) Ratification of the Actions of the Board of Directors and Officers

The Company's performance for the year 2023 as detailed in the Report, is attributed to the key policies and well-planned directions set by the members of the Board of Directors, and the management team's effective execution of and compliance with said policies and directions in conformity with excellent corporate governance and ethical best practices.

#### 7) Election of Directors

The same set of directors has been duly evaluated and recommended by the Nomination Committee for re-election. Their competence, expertise, and qualifications will aid in sustaining the Company's solid performance. The profiles of the directors are available in the Company's website and are attached herewith for reference. The election of the directors will be held at the Meeting.

# 8) Appointment of External Auditor

The Board of Directors concurred with the recommendation of the Audit Committee to re-appoint KPMG R.G. Manabat & Co. as the Company's external auditor for 2024. The resolution for adoption will be the approval of the appointment of KPMG R.G. Manabat & Co. as the Company's external auditor for 2024.

# 9) Other Matters

Matters relevant to and appropriate for the Annual Stockholders' Meeting may be taken up.

# 10) Adjournment

# PROFILES OF THE INCUMBENT BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Edgar J. Sia II, age 47, Filipino, is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Injap Investments Inc. Mr. Sia II is also the Founder of Mang Inasal Philippines, Inc. and various other companies. He obtained his Doctorate Degree from the University of San Agustin Honoris Causa Major in Management in 2012.

<u>Tony Tan Caktiong</u>, age 71, Filipino, is the Chairman of Honeystar Holdings Corporation, and the current Chairman of Jollibee Foods Corporation, since 1978. Mr. Tan Caktiong is also a Director of First Gen Corporation since 2005 and a member of the Board of Trustees of Jollibee Group Foundation, Temasek Foundation, and St. Luke's Medical Center. He graduated from the University of Santo Tomas in 1975 with a degree in Chemical Engineering. On February 15, 2018, the University of Santo Tomas conferred the honorary Degree Doctor of Business Administration to Mr. Tan Caktiong.

<u>Ferdinand J. Sia</u>, age 45, Filipino, is the President and Chief Operating Officer of Injap Investments Inc. He also served as a Director of Mang Inasal Philippines, Inc. from 2006-2016. He graduated from the University of the Philippines Visayas with a degree in Bachelor of Arts in Political Science and took up law in Arellano University School of Law.

<u>Rizza Marie Joy S. Javelona</u>, age 34 Filipino, is the Treasurer and Chief Finance Officer of Injap Investments Inc. She serves as the Treasurer of People's Hotel Corp. and as a Director of Hotel of Asia, Inc. since 2008. She graduated from the University of the Philippines Visayas with a degree in Bachelor of Science in Accountancy and is a Certified Public Accountant.

<u>William Tan Untiong</u>, age 70, Filipino, has been a Director of Jollibee Foods Corporation since 1993 and likewise serves as a director and treasurer of Honeystar Holdings Corporation. He is the Vice President for Real Estate of Jollibee Foods Corporation since 1989. He was appointed as Chief Real Estate Officer in 2015.

<u>Joseph Tanbuntiong</u>, age 60, Filipino, is the President of Jollibee Philippines starting July 1, 2013. He is the former President of Red Ribbon Philippines, having served there since 2008. He graduated from Ateneo de Manila University with a degree in Management Engineering.

<u>Gary P. Cheng</u>, age 59, Filipino, is an investment banking professional with over 20 years of corporate finance and capital markets experience. He is currently the Managing Director and co-founder of Fortman Cline Capital Markets Limited since 2007. Dr. Cheng served as the former President/CEO of Amalgamated Investment Bancorporation from 2003 and 2008 and former Vice President of Investment Banking at J.P. Morgan from 1993 to 2001. Dr. Cheng obtained his doctorate in Philosophy from the University of Leeds, England in 1991.

<u>Vicente S. Perez, Jr.,</u> age 65, Filipino, served as the Secretary of the Department of Energy from 2001 to 2005 and Managing Director of the Board of Investments in 2001. He is also the current Chairman of WWF Philippines and a member of WWF – International. Mr. Perez has a Master's Degree in Business Administration – International Finance from the Wharton School University of Pennsylvania and a Bachelor's Degree in Business Economics from the University of the Philippines.

#### ADVISERS TO THE BOARD

<u>Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban</u>, age 87, Filipino, is a retired Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the Republic of the Philippines. He sits as an independent director of several listed companies including Meralco, Petron Corporation, First Philippine Holdings Corp., Philippine Long Distance Telephone Company (PLDT), Metro Pacific Investment Corp., and GMA Network, Inc., among others.

<u>Ernesto Tanmantiong</u>, age 66, Filipino, serves as President and Chief Executive Officer of Jollibee Foods Corporation. He is also a director of Fresh N' Famous Foods, Inc. – Chowking, Honeystar Holdings Corp., and various other companies.

#### **PART I**

# INFORMATION REQUIRED IN THE INFORMATION STATEMENT Company/Registrant: DoubleDragon Corporation

#### A. GENERAL INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Date, Time, and Place of Meeting of the Stockholders

Date: December 13, 2024

Time: **10:30 AM** 

Place DoubleDragon Headquarters 10th Floor

Tower 1, DoubleDragon Plaza, Macapagal Corner EDSA Extension, Pasay City. Via Zoom. The link will be provided at least

three (3) days prior to the meeting.

Mailing DoubleDragon Headquarters, 10th Floor, Address: Tower 1, DoubleDragon Plaza, DD

Meridian Park, Corner Macapagal Avenue and EDSA Extension, Bay Area, Pasay City,

Metro Manila 1302

Copies of this Information Statement will be sent on or around November 22, 2024 to all stockholders of record as of November 22, 2024. A copy of the Information Statement can be downloaded from the Company's website at http://www.doubledragon.com.ph/home.

Stockholders who cannot join the Meeting may accomplish the attached Proxy Form and submit the same, through email at corporatesecretary@doubledragon.com.ph, on or before 6:00PM of December 9, 2024. Voting procedures are contained in Annex A to this Information Statement. Cumulative voting is allowed. In that regard, kindly refer to Item 4 for an explanation on cumulative voting.

The Chairman or, in his absence, a president to be chosen by the stockholders will preside the 2024 Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

#### **Item 2. Dissenters' Right of Appraisal**

There is no corporate matter or action to be taken during the Meeting which will entitle a stockholder to a Right of Appraisal as provided under Section 80, Title X of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines ("Revised Corporation Code").

For the information of the stockholders, any stockholder of the Company shall have the right to dissent and demand payment of the fair value of his shares only in the following instances, as provided for by the Revised Corporation Code:

 In case any amendment to the articles of incorporation has the effect of changing or restricting the rights of any stockholder or class of shares, or of authorizing preferences in any respect superior to those outstanding shares of any class, or of extending or shortening the term of the corporate existence;

- 2) In case of sale, lease, exchange, transfer, mortgage, pledge, or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporate property and assets;
- 3) In case of merger or consolidation; and
- 4) In case of investment of corporate fund for any purpose other than the primary purpose of the Company.

The dissenting stockholder who votes against a proposed corporate action may exercise the right of appraisal by making a written demand on the Company for the payment of the fair value of shares held within thirty (30) days from the date on which the vote was taken: provided, that failure to make the demand within such period shall be deemed a waiver of the appraisal right. If the proposed corporate action is implemented, the Company shall pay the stockholder, upon surrender of the certificate or certificates of stock representing the stockholder's shares, the fair value thereof as of the day before the vote was taken, excluding any appreciation or depreciation in anticipation of such corporate action.

If, within sixty (60) days from the approval of the corporate action by the stockholders, the withdrawing stockholder and the Company cannot agree on the fair value of the shares, it shall be determined and appraised by three (3) disinterested persons, one of whom shall be named by the stockholder, another by the corporation, and the third by the two (2) thus chosen. The findings of the majority of the appraisers shall be final, and the award shall be paid by the Company within thirty (30) days after such award is made: provided, that no payment shall be made to any dissenting stockholder unless the Company has unrestricted retained earnings in its books to cover such payment: provided, further, that upon payment by the Company of the agreed or awarded price, the stockholder shall forthwith transfer the shares to the Company.

# <u>Item 3. Interest of Certain Persons in or Opposition to Matters to be Acted Upon</u>

None of the directors or officers of the Company, or any nominee to the Board of Directors, or any associate of the foregoing persons have substantial interest, direct or indirect, by security holdings or otherwise, in any matter to be acted upon during the Meeting. Likewise, there are no persons who have substantial interest, directly or indirectly, in any matter to be acted upon, other than elections to office.

There is no director who has informed the Company in writing that he or she intends to oppose any action to be taken by the Company at the Meeting.

### **B. CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION**

#### Item 4. Voting Securities and Principal Holders Thereof

	As of September 30, 2024				
Issued Shares	Shares Allowed To Foreigners (40% equity)	Shares Owned By Foreigners (9.25%)	Shares Owned By Filipinos (90.75%)		

2,345,028,600 938,011,440 216,940,907 2,128,087,693 (net of treasury

As of September 30, 2024, there were 2,345,028,600 outstanding common shares of stock of the Company which are entitled to vote. Each common share of stock of the Company is entitled to one (1) vote.

Only holders of the Company's common stock as of the close of business on Record Date on November 22, 2024 are entitled to notice and to vote at the Meeting to be held on December 13, 2024.

#### RECORD DATE

shares)

All common stockholders of record as of November 22, 2024 are entitled to notice of and to vote at the Meeting.

# MANNER OF VOTING AND ELECTION OF DIRECTORS (Cumulative Voting)

Each common share of the Company owned by a stockholder as of the Record Date is entitled to one (1) vote (each, a "Voting Share") except in the election of directors where one share is entitled to as many votes as there are directors to be elected. The election of directors shall be by ballot and each stockholder entitled to vote may cast the vote to which the number of shares he owns entitles him, for as many persons as there are to be elected as directors, or he may cumulate or give to one candidate as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of his shares shall equal, or he may distribute them on the same principle among as many candidates as he may see fit, provided that the whole number of the votes cast by him shall not exceed the number of shares owned by him multiplied by the whole number of directors to be elected. Thus, since there are eight directors to be elected, each Voting Share is entitled to eight (8) votes.

The shareholder holding a Voting Share may vote in absentia or by proxy. If he chooses to vote through proxy, the Proxy Form shall be submitted to the Corporate Secretary no later than 6:00 P.M. on December 9, 2024 thorugh email at corporatesecretary@doubledragon.com.ph.

Validation of proxies, chaired by the Corporate Secretary or by the Assistant Corporate Secretary, and attended by the Company's stock and transfer agent and the external auditors, shall be convened on December 11, 2024 at the DoubleDragon Headquarters, 10th Floor, Tower 1, DoubleDragon Plaza, DD Meridian Park, Corner Macapagal Avenue and EDSA Extension, Bay Area, Pasay City, Metro Manila. Any questions and issues relating to the validity and sufficiency, both as to form and substance, of proxies shall only be resolved by the Corporate Secretary or Assistant Corporate Secretary at that forum. The Corporate Secretary or Assistant Corporate Secretary's decision shall be final and binding on the stockholders, and those not settled at such forum shall be deemed waived and may no longer be raised during the Meeting.

Refer to Annex "A" of this Information Statement for a detailed procedures and requirements for participation and voting in the Meeting.

#### SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

As of September 30, 2024, the following are the owners of the Company's common stock in excess of 5% of the total outstanding shares:

Title of Class	Record	Name of Beneficial Owner and Relationship with the Issuer	Citizenship	No. of Shares	Percentage
Common Share	Injap Investments Inc.  Corner Fuentes and Delgado Streets, Iloilo City  Stockholder	Injap Investments Inc. Stockholder	Filipino	824,996,999	35.18%
Common Shares	Honeystar Holdings Corp.  10F Jollibee Plaza 10F Ortigas, Jr. Avenue, Ortigas Center, Pasig City  Stockholder	Honeystar Holdings Corp. Stockholder	Filipino	824,996,999	35.18%

The natural persons who will be the duly authorized representative to vote the common shares of Injap Investments Inc. and Honeystar Holdings Corp., respectively, will be decided and voted upon by their respective Board of Directors in a separate meeting held for that purpose.

There are no persons holding more than 5% of a class under a voting trust or any similar agreements as of balance sheet date.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF MANAGEMENT (As of September 30, 2024)

Title of Class	Name of the Beneficial Owner	Amount and the Nature of the Beneficial Ownership		Citizenship	Percent of Class
		Direct	Indirect		
Common	Edgar J. Sia II	5,000,000	453,748,3491	Filipino	<b>19.56</b> %
Common	Tony Tan Caktiong	1,000	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Ferdinand J. Sia	12,032,712	247,499,0992	Filipino	11.07%
Common	Rizza Marie Joy J. Sia	1,000	123,749,5493	Filipino	5.28%
Common	William Tan Untiong	3,501,000	0	Filipino	0.15%
Common	Joseph C. Tanbuntiong	4,001,000	103,124,6244	Filipino	4.57%
Common	Gary P. Cheng	250,001	0	Filipino	0.01%
Common	Vicente Perez, Jr.	250,001	0	Filipino	0.01%

The aggregate number of common shares for all directors and officers is 953,158,335.

# **CHANGES IN CONTROL**

The Company is not aware of any change in control or arrangement that may result in a change in control of the Company since beginning of its last fiscal year.

There are no existing or planned stock warrant offerings. There are no arrangements that may result in a change in control of the Company.

# **Item 5. Directors and Executive Officers**

The incumbent Directors and Executive Officers of the Company are as follows:

<u>Office</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Citizenship</u>
Chairman	Edgar J. Sia II	47	Filipino
Co-Chairman	Tony Tan Caktiong	71	Filipino
Director and President	Ferdinand J. Sia	45	Filipino
Director, Treasurer and CFO	Rizza Marie Joy S.	34	Filipino
	Javelona		
Director and Corp. Secretary	William Tan Untiong	70	Filipino
Director and Asst. Corp.	Joseph Tanbuntiong	60	Filipino
Secretary			
Independent Director	Gary P. Cheng	59	Filipino
Independent Director	Vicente S. Perez, Jr.	65	Filipino
Adviser to the Board	Chief Justice Artemio V.	87	Filipino
	Panganiban		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Through Injap Investments Inc.

<sup>2</sup> Through Injap Investments Inc.

Through Injap Investments Inc.
 Through Honeystar Holdings Corp.

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#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Directors of the Company are elected at the Meeting to hold office until the succeeding annual stockholder's meeting and until their respective successors have been appointed or elected and qualified.

The following are the business experience/s of the Company's Directors for the last five (5) years (*or more*):

Edgar J. Sia II, age 47, Filipino, is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Injap Investments Inc., MerryMart Consumer Corp<sup>5</sup>. and MerryMart Grocery Centers Inc. Mr. Sia II is also the Founder of Mang Inasal Philippines, Inc. and various other companies. He obtained his Doctorate Degree from the University of San Agustin Honoris Causa Major in Management in 2012.

<u>Tony Tan Caktiong</u>, age 71, Filipino, is the Chairman of Honeystar Holdings Corporation, and the current Chairman of Jollibee Foods Corporation<sup>6</sup>, since 1978. Mr. Tan Caktiong is also a Director of First Gen Corporation since 2005 and a member of the Board of Trustees of Jollibee Group Foundation, Temasek Foundation, and St. Luke's Medical Center. He graduated from the University of Santo Tomas in 1975 with a degree in Chemical Engineering. On February 15, 2018, the University of Santo Tomas conferred the honorary Degree Doctor of Business Administration to Mr. Tan Caktiong.

Other directorships and trusteeships are:

Director Fresh N' Famous Foods, Inc.

Director Mang Inasal Phils. Inc.

Director BKTitans, Inc.

Director PFN Holdings Corporation

Director Perf Restaurants, Inc.
Director Perf Trinoma, Inc.
Director Perf MOA Pasay, Inc.
Director RRB Holdings, Inc.

Director Red Ribbon Bakeshop, Inc.

Director Chanceux, Inc.

Director Chanceux, Inc.
Director Bee Good! Inc.
Director SJBF LLC

Director Honeybee Foods (Canada) Corporation

Director Honeybee Foods Corp.

Director Red Ribbon Bakeshop Inc. (USA)
Director Chowking Food Corporation (USA)

Director Yong He Holdings Co. Ltd.
Director Centenary Ventures Limited
Director Southsea Binaries Limited

Director Belmont Enterprises Ventures Ltd.
Director Jollibee International (BVI) Ltd.

Director WJ Investments Limited<sup>2</sup>
Director Jollibee Worldwide Pte. Ltd.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> A Reporting/Listed Company in the Philippines

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> A Reporting/Listed Company in the Philippines

Director JSF Investments Pte. Ltd.
Director Golden Cup Pte. Ltd.
Director Golden Plate Pte. Ltd.
Director Golden Beeworks Pte. Ltd.

Director Happy Bee Foods Processing Pte. Ltd.

<u>Ferdinand J. Sia</u>, age 45, Filipino, is the President and Chief Operating Officer of Injap Investments Inc. and MerryMart Consumer Corp.<sup>7</sup> He also served as a Director of Mang Inasal Philippines, Inc. from 2006-2016. He graduated from the University of the Philippines Visayas with a degree in Bachelor of Arts in Political Science and took up law in Arellano University School of Law.

<u>Rizza Marie Joy S. Javelona</u> age 34, Filipino, is the Treasurer and Chief Finance Officer of Injap Investments Inc. She serves as the Treasurer of People's Hotel Corp. and as a Director of Hotel of Asia, Inc. since 2008. She also serves as a Comptroller of MerryMart Consumer Corp. and MerryMart Grocery Centers Inc. since January 2020. She graduated from the University of the Philippines Visayas with a degree in Bachelor of Science in Accountancy and is a Certified Public Accountant.

<u>William Tan Untiong</u>, age 70, Filipino, has been a Director of Jollibee Foods Corporation since 1993 and likewise serves as a director and treasurer of Honeystar Holdings Corporation. He is the Vice President for Real Estate of Jollibee Foods Corporation<sup>8</sup> since 1989. He was appointed as Chief Real Estate Officer in 2015.

Other directorships and trusteeships are:

Director Fresh N' Famous Foods Inc.
Director Mang Inasal Phils. Inc.

Director BKTitans Inc. Director Chanceux, Inc. Director RRB Holdings, Inc.

Director Red Ribbon Bakeshop, Inc.

Director Grandworth Resources Corporation

Director Zenith Foods Corporation

Director Belmont Enterprises Ventures Ltd. (BVI)

Director Yong He Holdings Co. Ltd.
Director Centenary Ventures Limited

Director Honeybee Foods (Canada) Corporation

Director Honeybee Foods Corporation
Director Red Ribbon Bakeshop Inc. (USA)
Director Chowking Food Corporation (USA)

Director WJ Investments Limited<sup>9</sup>
Director Golden Plate Pte. Ltd.
Director Golden Cup Pte. Ltd.
Director Entrek (B) SDN BHD

Director Jollibee (China) Food & Beverage Management Co. Ltd.

Director Hangzhou Yong He Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.
Director Tianjin Yong He King Food & Beverage Co. Ltd.
Director Beijing Yong He King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.
Director Shenzhen Yong He King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.
Director Wuhan Yong He King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.

<sup>8</sup> A Reporting/Listed Company in the Philippines

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> A Reporting/Listed Company in the Philippines

Director Beijing Golden Coffee Cup Food & Beverage Management Co.

Ltd.

Director Adgraphix, Inc.

JC Properties & Ventures Corporation<sup>10</sup> Director

Director Centregold Corporation Director Winall Holding Corporation Director Iconnect Multimedia Network, Inc. Mainspring Resources Corporation Director Queenbee Resources Corporation Director Director Hyper Dynamic Corporation

Director Kingsworth Corporation Director Honeysea Corporation

Trustee Jollibee Group Foundation, Inc.

<u>Joseph Tanbuntiong</u>, age 60, Filipino, is the President of Jollibee Philippines<sup>9</sup> starting July 1, 2013. He is the former President of Red Ribbon Philippines, having served there since 2008. He graduated from Ateneo de Manila University with a degree in Management Engineering.

Other directorships are:

Director Red Ribbon Bakeshop, Inc.

RRB Holdings, Inc. Director Director BKTitans, Inc. Director Perf Restaurants, Inc.

Director Perf MOA Pasay, Inc. Director Perf Trinoma, Inc.

Director **PFN Holdings Corporation** Director JSF Investments Pte. Ltd.

Director SF Vung Tau Joint Stock Company Director Golden Bee Foods Restaurant LLC Director Honeystar Holdings Corporation

Director Javsforiav, Inc.

Director 4Jays San Juan Holdings, Inc. Jollibee Group Foundation, Inc. Trustee

Gary P. Cheng, age 59, Filipino, is an investment banking professional with over 20 years of corporate finance and capital markets experience. He is currently the Managing Director and co-founder of Fortman Cline Capital Markets Limited since 2007. Dr. Cheng served as the former President/CEO of Amalgamated Investment Bancorporation from 2003 and 2008 and former Vice President of Investment Banking at J.P. Morgan from 1993 to 2001. Dr. Cheng obtained his doctorate in Philosophy from the University of Leeds, England in 1991.

Other directorships and affiliations are:

Company/Organization	Position/Relationship	Period of Service
Wealth Development Bank	Independent Director	November 2016 - Present
Artists Theatre UK Limited	Member of the Board of	April 2016 - Present
	Advisor	•
Institute of Corporate	Fellow	July 2004 - Present
Directors		, ,
British Alumni Association	Member	2004 - Present

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> A Reporting/Listed Company in the Philippines

<u>Vicente S. Perez, Jr.</u>, age 65, Filipino, served as the Secretary of the Department of Energy from 2001 to 2005 and Managing Director of the Board of Investments in 2001. He is also the current Chairman of WWF Philippines and a member of WWF – International. Mr. Perez has a Master's Degree in Business Administration – International Finance from the Wharton School University of Pennsylvania and a Bachelor's Degree in Business Economics from the University of the Philippines.

# Other directorships and affiliations are:

Company/Organization	Position/Relationship	Period of Service
Alternergy Philippine	President	August 21, 2008 - Present
Holdings Corporation		
Alternergy Philippine	President	August 28, 2009 - Present
Investments Corporation		_
Alternergy Abra de Ilog Wind	President	August 25, 2011 - Present
Corporation		_
Alternergy Holdings	Chairman	June 22, 2009 - Present
Corporation		
Pililla AVPC Corporation	President	August 22, 2013 - Present
Alternergy Mini Hydro	Chairman	January 30, 2013 – Present
Holdings Corporation		,
Alternergy Hydro Partners	Chairman	December 18, 2013 - Present
Corporation		
Ibulao Mini Hydro	Chairman	April 19, 2016 - Present
Corporation		•
Kiangan Mini Hydro	Chairman	November 14, 2014 - Present
Corporation		,
Green Energy Supply	Chairman	November 10, 2016 - Present
Solutions, Inc.		,
Alternergy Holdings Ltd.	Director	December 19, 2017 - Present
Solar Pacific Energy	President	January 30, 2013 - Present
Corporation		, ,
Kirahon Solar Energy	Chairman and President	November 5, 2013 - Present
Corporation		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Solar Pacific CitySun	President	June 26, 2015 - Present
Corporation		,
Merritt Partners Pte. Ltd	Chairman	November 18, 2005 - Present
(Singapore)		,
NCP Advisors Philippines,	Chairman	December 18, 1996 - Present
Inc.		
QBL ECO Corporation	President	August 26, 2011 - Present
Kadluan Management	Chairman	May 2005 - Present
Corporation		y
Kadluan Properties, Inc.	Chairman	April 23, 1993 - Present
Clean Climate Professionals,	Chairman	August 16, 2016 - Present
Inc.		
Vespers Holdings	President	February 13, 2018
Corporation	11002010110	10010001) 10, 2010
Singapore Technologies	Non-executive Director	September 1, 2006 - Present
Telemedia Pte. Ltd.	- isi cheduite Birettoi	25p (2000 1 1 2000 1 1 2001 1 1 2001 1 1 2001 1 1 20001 1 2001 1
(Singapore)		
(onigapore)		

STT Communications Ltd. (Singapore)	Non-Executive Director	September 1, 2006 - Present
BDO Unibank, Inc. <sup>10</sup> BDO Leasing and Finance,	Independent Director Independent Director	April 22, 2019 - Present April 7, 2017 - Present
Inc. Worldwide Fund for Nature (WWF) – China	Trustee	April 19, 2017 - Present
Worldwide Fund for Nature (WWF) – U.S.	Board Member	October 2017 - October 2020
Asian Conservation Foundation, Inc.	President	May 22, 2008 - Present
Bhutan Foundation Philippine Map Collectors Society	National Council Treasurer	April 2, 2014 January 1, 2015
Center for Business & Environment at Yale (CBEY)	Member of the Advisory Board	March 25, 2009 - Present
New Zealand Trade Enterprise (Beachheads	Advisor	November 1, 2016 - Present
Network) Pictet Clean Energy Fund	Member of the Advisory Board	October 2010 - Present
Roxas Holdings, Inc. <sup>11</sup>	Member of the Advisory Board	June 2009 - Present

#### ADVISERS TO THE BOARD

<u>Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban</u>, age 87, Filipino, is a retired Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the Republic of the Philippines. He sits as an independent director of several listed companies including Meralco, Petron Corporation, First Philippine Holdings Corp., Philippine Long Distance Telephone Company (PLDT), Metro Pacific Investment Corp., and GMA Network, Inc., among others.

# Other directorships and affiliations are:

	<u>Listed</u>	'Com	<u>panies</u>
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Independent Director Asian Terminals, Inc.

Independent Director First Philippine Holdings Corp.

Independent Director GMA Network, Inc. Independent Director GMA Holdings, Inc.

Independent Director MERALCO

Independent Director Metro Pacific Investment Corp.

Independent Director Petron Corporation

Independent Director Philippine Long Distance Telephone Company

Independent Director Robinsons Land Corp.

Senior Adviser Metropolitan Bank and Trust Company

Member, Advisory Council Bank of the Philippine Islands

# Non-listed Companies

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> A Reporting/Listed Company in the Philippines

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> A Reporting/Listed Company in the Philippines

Independent Director Asian Hospital Inc.

Independent Director Liberty Telecoms Holdings Inc.
Independent Director Metro Pacific Tollways Corp.
Independent Director Tollways Management Corporation

Director TeaM Energy Corporation
Chairman, Board of Advisors Metrobank Foundation

Chairman, Board of Directors
Chairman, Board of Directors
Pan Philippine Resources Corp.
Peecee Holdings Corporation

Chairman, Board of Trustees Foundation for Liberty and Prosperity

Chairman, Board of Trustees
Chairman, Philippine Chapter
ASEAN Law Association

Chairman Emeritus Philippine Dispute Resolution Center, Inc.

President Manila Metropolitan Cathedral – Basilica Foundation
Trustee Tan Yan Kee Foundation, Claudio Teehankee

Foundation, Speaker Laurel Foundation and ASEAN

Law Foundation

Adviser Asian Institute of Management Corporate

Governance Center, World Bank (Philippines) and

Johann Strauss Society

Consultant Judicial and Bar Council

Member Permanent Court of Arbitration, The Hague,

Netherlands

<u>Ernesto Tanmantiong</u>, age 66, Filipino, serves as President and Chief Executive Officer of Jollibee Foods Corporation. He is also a director of Fresh N' Famous Foods, Inc. - Chowking, Honeystar Holdings Corp., and various other companies.

# Other directorships and trusteeships are:

Director Fresh N' Famous Foods, Inc.

Director BKTitans, Inc.
Director Chanceux, Inc.

Director Red Ribbon Bakeshop, Inc.

Director RRB Holdings, Inc.

Director Grandworth Resources Corp.

Director C-Joy Poultry Meats Production Inc.

Director C-Joy Poultry Realty Inc.
Director Bee World UK Limited
Director Cibo Felice S.R.L.
Director Bee World Spain SRL

Director Honeybee Foods (Canada) Corporation

Director Honeybee Foods Corporation
Director Red Ribbon Bakeshop Inc. (USA)
Director Chowking Food Corporation (USA)

Director SJBF LLC

Director Jollibee Worldwide Pte. Ltd.

Director Golden Plate Pte. Ltd.

Director Golden Beeworks Pte. Ltd.

Director Happy Bee Foods Processing Pte. Ltd.

Director Yong He Holdings Co. Ltd.

Director Centenary Ventures Limited

Director Belmont Enterprises Ventures Ltd.

Director	Jollibee International	(BVI	) Ltd.
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Director Jollibee Hong Kong Ltd.
Director Hanover Holdings Ltd.
Commissioner P.T. Jollibee Indonesia
Commissioner P.T. Chowking Indonesia
Director Jollibee Vietnam Co. Ltd.

Director Golden Bee Foods Restaurant LLC

Director Happy Bee Foods Processing (Anhui) Co. Ltd.

Director Jollibee (China) Food & Beverage Management Co. Ltd.

Director Hangzhou Yonghe Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.
Director Tianjin Yong He King Food & Beverage Co. Ltd.
Director Beijing Yong He King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.
Director Wuhan Yonghe King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.

DirectorAdgraphix, Inc.DirectorEST58 CorporationDirectorKingsworth Corporation

Director Imperial Premium Treasures, Inc.
Director Honeystar Holdings Corporation
Director Hyper Dynamic Corporation
Director Centregold Corporation
Director Honeysea Corporation

Director Queenbee Resources Corporation
Director Winall Holding Corporation
Director Mainspring Resources Corporation
Trustee Jollibee Group Foundation, Inc.

(The Company amended its By-Laws on April 10, 2013 to incorporate the provisions of the SRC Rule 38.)

#### PERIOD OF DIRECTORSHIP

<u>Name</u>	<u>Period Served</u>
Edgar J. Sia II	2009 to present
Tony Tan Caktiong	2012 to present
Ferdinand J. Sia	2009 to present
Rizza Marie JoyS. Javelona	2009 to present
William Tan Untiong	2012 to present
Joseph Tanbuntiong	2012 to present
Gary P. Cheng	2014 to present
Vicente S. Perez, Jr.	2014 to present

The Directors of the Company are elected at the Meeting to hold office until the next succeeding annual stockholders' meeting and until their respective successors have been

<sup>\*</sup>Independent Director - the Company has complied with the Guidelines set forth by Securities Regulation Code (SRC) Rule 38 regarding the Nomination and Election of Independent Director. The Company's By-Laws, <u>as amended on April 10, 2013</u>, incorporate the procedures for the nomination and election of independent director/s in accordance with the requirements of the said rule.

appointed or elected and qualified. The same set of directors will be nominated in the coming annual stockholders' meeting. The Directors possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications provided for in the SRC and its Implementing Rules and Regulations.

Nomination of Independent Directors shall be conducted by the Nomination Committee prior to the Meeting. The Nomination Committee shall prepare a Final List of Candidates from those who have passed the Guidelines, Screening Policies and Parameters for nomination of independent directors and which list shall contain all the information about these nominees. Only nominees whose names appear on the Final List of Candidates shall be eligible for election as Independent Director. No other nomination shall be entertained or allowed on the floor during the actual Meeting. In case of resignation, disqualification or cessation of independent directorship and only after notice has been made to the Nomination Committee within five (5) days from such resignation, disqualification or cessation, the vacancy shall be filled by the vote of at least a majority of the remaining directors, if still constituting a quorum, upon the nomination of the Nomination Committee otherwise, said vacancies shall be filled by stockholders in a regular or special meeting called for that purpose. An Independent Director so elected to fill a vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired term of his or her predecessor in office.

The members of the Company's Nomination Committee are the following:

Chairman : Ret. Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban

Members : William Tan Untiong

Rizza Marie Joy J. Sia

Since the last annual stockholder's meeting, no director has resigned or has declined to stand re-election to the Board of Directors, and no director has had any disagreement with the Company on any matter relating to the Company's operations, policies, or practices. For the purpose of continutity, the nomination committee nominated Mr. Gary P. Cheng and Mr. Vicente S. Perez, Jr. for inclusion in the List of Candidates for Independent Directors. The Company has complied with the guidelines set forth by SRC Rule 38, as amended, regarding the Nomination and Election of Independent Director. The same provision has been incorporated in the Amended By-Laws of the Company last April 10, 2013.

# ATTENDANCE IN MEETINGS

The attendance of the directors at the meetings of the Board of Directors and of Stockholders held during their term is as follows:

Director	No. of Board and Stockholders meetings held	No. of Board and Stockholders meetings attended	Percentage
Edgar J. Sia II	15	15	100%
Tony Tan Caktiong	15	15	100%
Ferdinand J. Sia	15	15	100%
Rizza Marie Joy S.	15	15	100%
Javelona			
William Tan Untiong	15	14	93.3%
Joseph Tanbuntiong	15	14	93.3

Gary P. Cheng	15	15	100%
Vicente S. Perez	15	15	100%

#### APPRAISAL AND PERFORMANCE REPORTS

The Board of Directors, Management and employees of the Company commit themselves to the principles and best practices of corporate governance as contained in its Manual on Corporate Governance, in compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 19, series of 2016 (Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies) and further acknowledge that the same may guide the attainment of the Company's values, mission and vision.

The Board of Directors, officers, employees and stockholders of the Company believe that corporate governance is a necessary component of sound strategic business management and will undertake every effort necessary to create awareness within the organization as soon as possible.

To ensure adherence to corporate principles and best practices of good corporate governance, the Compliance Officer monitors compliance with the provisions and requirements of the Manual on Corporate Governance.

In compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 15, series of 2017, the Company submitted its Integrated Annual Corporate Governance Report (I-ACGR) for the year ended December 31, 2022 on May 31, 2023. The Company shall submit its I-ACGR for the year ended December 31, 2023 within the period required. Any deviation from the reccomendations provided by the Manual on Corporate Governance are identified in the I-ACGR.

The Company is taking further steps to enhance adherence to principles and practices of good corporate governance.

To ensure board effectiveness and optimal performance, the Board shall conduct annual performance evaluations of the Board of Directors, its individual members and board committees. Through the self-assessment and evaluation process, directors identify areas for improvement, such as:

- 1. Board Composition and Diversity;
- 2. Frequency of Meetings;
- 3. The adequacy of of materials and information provided Directors;
- 4. Directors' access to Management;.

The criteria for Board self-assessment are:

- 1. Collective Board Rating
  - 1. Composition
  - 2. Attendance and Participation
- 2. Individual Self-Assessment
  - 1. Individual Performance
  - 2. Attendance of Board and Committee Meetings
- 3. Board Committees Rating

- 1. Executive Committee
- 2. Corporate Governance Committee
- 3. Audit Committee
- 4. Personnel and Compensation Committee

#### SIGNIFICANT EMPLOYEES

The Company has no significant employee who is not an Executive Officer but is expected by the Company to make significant contributions to the business.

#### **FAMILY RELATIONSHIPS**

Mr. Edgar J. Sia II, Mr. Ferdinand J. Sia and Ms. Rizza Marie Joy S. Javelona are siblings. Mr. Tony Tan Caktiong, Mr. William Tan Untiong, Mr. Joseph Tanbuntiong and Mr. Ernesto Tanmantiong are also siblings. There are no other family relationships known to the Company other than the ones disclosed herein.

# INVOLVEMENT IN LEGAL PROCEEDINGS OUT OF THE ORDINARY COURSE OF BUSINESS

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are involved in, or the subject of, any legal proceedings which, if determined adversely to the Company or the relevant subsidiary's interests, would have a material effect on the business or financial position of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

The Company is not involved in any bankruptcy, receivership or similar proceedings. Neither is it aware of any bankruptcy, receivership or similar proceedings involving any of its Subsidiaries.

As of December 31, 2023, there is no existing serious question relating to the ability or integrity of any of the Company's Directors and Corporate Officers to serve as such for the past five years, and none of them has been:

- a) Subject to any bankruptcy petition filed by or against any business of which such person was a general partner or executive officer either at the time of the bankruptcy or within two years prior to that time;
- b) Subject to any conviction by final judgment, including the nature of the offense, in a criminal proceeding, domestic or foreign, or being subject to a pending criminal proceeding, domestic or foreign, excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses;
- c) Being subject to any order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, domestic or foreign, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities or banking activities; and
- d) Being found by a domestic or foreign court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Commission or comparable foreign body, or a domestic or foreign Exchange or other organized trading market or self regulatory organization, to have violated a securities or commodities law or regulation, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated.

#### CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Contracts may be entered into by the Company with any of its directors, executive officers or stockholders or with companies associated with the majority stockholders of the Company (the "Related Parties"), provided the terms thereof are at least favorable to the Company as would be obtainable in arm's-length dealings with unrelated third persons. This policy is to prevent conflicts of interest between the Company and Related Parties, which may result in action taken by the Company that does not fully reflect the interests of all stockholders of the Company.

The Company, in the normal course of business, enters into transactions with related companies primarily consisting of lease of properties and advances for real estate transactions, working capital requirements and other business-related purposes. Rental for leased properties are within market rates while there are no interest on advances. Related parties are able to settle their obligations in connection with transactions with the Company and the Company does not foresee risks or contingencies arising from these transactions. Additional information on related party transactions is provided in the Notes to the Audited Financial Statements of the Company attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference.

The summary of the Company's transactions with its related parties for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 and the related outstanding balances as of December 31, 2023 are as follows:

			_	Outstandir	ng Balances	_
			_	Due from	Due to	
			Amount of	Related	Related	
Category	Year	Ref/Note	Transaction	Parties	Parties	Terms and Conditions
Parent Company's Key Management - Personnel						
Management fees	2023	а	P2,678,571	Р-	Р -	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; payable in cash
	2022	а	2,678,571	-	-	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; payable in cash
	2021	a	2,678,571	=	-	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; payable in cash
Other Related Parties						
Land acquired	2023	С	-	-	383,281,305	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; payable in cash
	2022	С	-	-	383,281,305	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; payable in cash
	2021	c	-	-	383,281,305	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; payable in cash
	2023	С	_	-	167,858,000	Payable by way of condo units
	2022	С	-	-	167,858,000	Payable by way of condo units
	2021	С	155,975,635	-	323,833,635	Payable by way of condo units unsecured; payable in cash
Cash advances received	2023	d	7,066,077	49,356,220	9,673,078	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; collectible in cash; no impairment
	2022	d	6,762,319	52,146,970	16,739,155	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; collectible in cash; no impairment
	2021	d	12,069,998	55,150,000	20,498,443	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; collectible in cash; no impairment
Rent income	2023	e	672,676,913	-	-	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; collectible in cash;
	2022	е	476,898,762	-	-	no impairment Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; collectible in cash;
	2021	e	373,070,646	841,721,497	-	no impairment Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; collectible in cash; no impairment
	2023			P49,356,220	P560,812,383	
	2020			1 17,000,220	1000,012,000	

2022 P52,146,970 P567,878,460

#### a. Executive Management Services Agreement

The Group entered into an agreement with a shareholder for executive corporate, strategic, administrative and financial oversight services relative to the real estate business of the Group. The term of this agreement is one-year effective January 1, 2012. This is renewable under the same terms and conditions upon mutual agreement of the parties. On December 6, 2017, the Group's BOD authorized the extension of the aforesaid agreement from January 1 to December 31, 2018 under the same terms and conditions set out in 2017, payable on a quarterly basis. This was renewed in 2023, 2022 and 2021 with the same terms and conditions. The fee, which includes staffing costs for services rendered by the shareholders, amounted to P3.98 million, P2.68 million, and P2.68 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### b. Acquisition of HOA

The Parent Company entered into a Share Purchase Agreement (SPA) with III with the consideration amounting to the fair value of DD shares to be issued to III, as a consideration transferred in exchange for the latter's 40% share in HOA amounting to P429.94 million. This was paid in 2021.

#### c. Land Acquisitions

The Group has outstanding liabilities to minority shareholders of PDDG amounting to P383.28 million for the acquisition of certain parcels of land which will be used in the on-going construction of CityMall. These are unsecured, non-interest-bearing liabilities and will be settled by the Group in 2024.

In 2016, HOA entered into a Memorandum of Agreement and Deed of Absolute Conveyance with a minority shareholder wherein HOA, in consideration of the land owned by the minority shareholder, settled to pay the latter in kind by way of condominium hotel (condotel) units in the Hotel101-Fort project totaling 60 condotel units plus a portion of the deck referred to as the "Deck Unit" (Note 9).

In 2018, HOA entered into a Memorandum of Agreement with a minority shareholder wherein HOA, in consideration of the land owned by the minority shareholder, settled to pay the latter in kind by way of eight (80) condominium hotel (condotel) units and fifty percent (50%) of the ground floor commercial units in the Hotel101-Davao project (Note 9).

In 2019, the Company entered into a Memorandum of Agreement and Deed of Absolute Conveyance for "Hotel 101-Cebu Mactan Airport" project with a minority shareholder in relation to the transfer of land owned by the minority shareholder in exchange of a certain number of condotel units and commercial units.

#### d. Cash Advances

The amount pertains to unsecured, non-interest-bearing advances granted to and received from related parties for working capital requirements. These advances are generally settled within one year from the date of grant.

# e. Lease of Land, Office, and Mall Spaces

The Group entered into various lease agreements with related parties covering its investment property portfolio. The amount pertains to the rent income earned by the Group from leasing out some of its commercial spaces in Dragon8, Jollibee Tower, DoubleDragon Plaza and CityMalls to MerryMart Group, JFC and the SM Group. These leases generally provide for either fixed monthly rent subject to escalation rates or a certain percentage of gross sales or a combination of fixed monthly rent and percentage of gross sales with a minimum guaranteed rent. The terms of the leases are for periods ranging from 5 to 15 years. The fixed monthly rent shall escalate by an average of 5% to 10% each year. The corresponding receivables from related party tenants are recorded in the "Rent receivables" account (Note 8).

# f. Security Deposits

On October 16, 2019, the Group received a Letter of Intent from ITM Investment Corp., other related party, for the lease of certain units in the Skysuites Tower. Advance deposit received from the intent to lease amounted P713.77 million and was recorded as "Security deposits" under "Accounts payable and other current liabilities" account in the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2021 and 2020. The advance deposit is to be applied to the future rent payment. This was refunded in 2021.

g. Key Management Personnel Compensation
Short-term benefits of key management personnel amounted to P43.66 million,
P39.91 million and P35.40 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Long-term
benefits of key management personnel amounted to P0.96 million in 2023, 2022
and 2021. Directors' fee paid amounted to P2.58 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Refer to Note 23 -Related Party Transactions of the accompanying 2023 Consolidated Financial Statements and Note 25 of the Separate Financial Statement and to Schedules B and Schedule E of the Supplementary Schedules of Annex 68-J.

Except when indicated above, all outstanding due to/from related parties are to be settled in cash.

All directors and employees are required to disclose any business and family-related transactions with the Company. Material related party transactions are subject to approval by the BOD. Material related party transactions pertain to those transactions, either individually, or in aggregate over a 12-month period, that exceed 10% of the Group's total assets, based on the latest audited financial statements. All other related party transactions that are considered not material are approved by management. Other related party transactions between entities under the DD Group are eliminated in the consolidation process. Other than those disclosed above, no other self-dealing and related party transactions with or involving the Company and its Directors have been entered.

# <u>Item 6 Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers</u>

Injap Investments Inc., through an Executive Management Services Agreement, provides

executive, corporate, strategic, administrative and financial oversight services related to the real estate business of the Company. Total fees paid under this agreement amounted to Three Million Pesos (P3,000,000.00) for each of the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 which covers positions of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, the President and the Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

For each of the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 the total salaries and allowances and bonuses paid to top five (5) officers and all other officers of the Company as a group:

Name and Position		Salary	Bonus	Total
Edgar Sia II (Chairman)	2021	16,718,851	-	16,718,851
Ferdinand J. Sia (President)	2022	19,455,791	-	19,455,791
Rizza Marie Joy S. Javelona (Treasurer/CFO) Marriana Yulo (CIO/SVP)	2023	19,533,678	-	19,533,678
Charnette Afable (GM Property Management) Geraldine Gomez (GM Hotel101 Management)				
All other officers as a group	2021	45,263,573	-	45,263,573
	2022	49,925,939	-	49,925,939
	2023	49,956,291	-	49,956,291

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts include compensation due to the officers under the Company's target incentive plan

# **Compensation of Directors**

Independent directors receive a standard per diem for attendance in Board meetings. For the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Company paid a total of ₱720,000, ₱1,080,000, and ₱1,080,000, respectively. Except as stated above, the Directors did not receive other allowances or per diems for the past and ensuing year. There are no other existing arrangements/agreements under which directors are to be compensated during the last completed fiscal year and the ensuing year.

The chart below sets forth the compensation received by the Directors of the company for the past three (3) years:

	Remuneration Item	Executive Directors	Non-Executive Directors (other than independent directors)	Independent Directors
(a)	Fixed Remuneration	As directors, they do not receive compensation for services rendered. They receive compensation as officers of the	None	None

		corporation if they hold position as such.		
(b)	Variable Remuneration	None	None	None
(c)	Per diem Allowance	None	None	P2.88 Million
(d)	Bonuses	None	None	None
(e)	Stock Options and/or other financial instruments	None	None	None
<i>(f)</i>	Others (Specify)	None	None	None
	Total	-	-	P2.88 Million

# Item 7. Independent Public Accountant

The accounting firm of KPMG R.G. Manabat & Co. ("KPMG") was appointed as the Company's auditor to audit the Company's year end financial statements. Since their appointment, the Company has no disagreement with them on any matters relating to accounting principles and practices, financial statement disclosures or auditing scope or procedures. The same auditing firm has been endorsed for re-appointment by the Audit Committee to the Executive Committee.

The following are the External Audit Fees paid to KPMG for its services, particularly for the audit of the financial statements for the year 2023 and 2022, to the Company as well as to its subsidiaries.

	2023	2022
	(	<b>(₱)</b>
Audit and Audit-Related Fees	11,525,000	10,540,000
All Other Fees	1,384,785	1,376,351
Tax Fees	1,200,000	1,200,000
Total		
	14,109,785	13,116,351

#### **All Other Fees**

These are out of pocket expenses by the auditors arising from the audit of the Company's financial statements.

# **Tax Fees**

These are fees for professional services covering tax advisory engagements

The members of the Company's Audit Committee are the following:

Chairman : Gary P. Cheng

Members : Ferdinand J. Sia

Rizza Marie Joy S. Javelona

The partner-in-charge for the ensuing year is Mr. Oliver C Bucao of KPMG R.G. Manabat & Co. SRC Rule 68, Part 3(b)(iv)(ix) provides that "the independent auditors or in the case of an audit firm, the signing partner, of the aforementioned regulated entities shall be rotated after every five (5) years of engagement. A two-year cooling-off period shall be observed in the engagement of the same signing partner or individual auditor". The Company is compliant with this rule.

The resolution for adoption will be the approval of the appointment of KPMG as the Company's independent external auditor.

Except for the preparation of the financial statements required for the Company's annual filing with the SEC and the submission of the required financial statements in relation to the registration of its securities, the aforementioned independent public accountants provide no other type of services.

In relation to the audit of the Company's annual financial statements, the Company's Audit Committee shall, among other activities, (i) evaluate significant issues reported by the external auditors in relation to the adequacy, efficiency and effectiveness of our policies, controls, processes and activities; (ii) ensure that other non-audit work provided by the external auditors, if any, are not in conflict with their functions as external auditors; and (iii) ensure our compliance with acceptable auditing and accounting standards and regulations.

Representatives from the KPMG R.G. Manabat are expected to present at the meeting and be expected to be available to respond to appropriate queries and make statements.

#### **Item 8. Employee Compensation Plans**

No action will be presented for the stockholders' approval at the Meeting which involves Employee Compensation Plans.

#### C. ISSUANCE AND EXCHANGE OF SECURITIES

# Item 9. Authorization or Issuance of Securities Other Than for Exchange

No action will be presented for the stockholders' approval at the Meeting which involves the authorization or issuance of securities other than for exchange.

# **Item 10. Modification or Exchange of Securities**

No action will be presented for the stockholders' approval at the Meeting which involves the modification of any class of the Company's securities or the issuance of one class of securities in exchange for outstanding securities of another class.

# Item 11. Financial and Other Information

The Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 and the audited separate financial statements are attached herein as **Annex B** and are incorporated by reference.

The resolution for adoption will be the approval of the audited consolidated and separate financial statements and the annual report for the year ended December 31, 2023.

# Item 12. Mergers, Consolidations, Acquisitions, and Similar Matters

No action will be presented for the stockholders' approval at the Meeting which involves:

- 1) The merger or consolidation of the Company into or with any other person, or of any other person into or with the Company.
- 2) Acquisition by the Company or of its shareholders of the securities of another person.
- 3) Acquisition by the Company of any other going business or of the assets thereof.
- 4) Sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the Company's assets.
- 5) Liquidation or the dissolution of the Company.

#### Item 13. Acquisition or Disposition of Property

In the normal course of business, the Company and its subsidiaries buy real estate properties for future business sites.

No action will be presented for the stockholders' approval at the Meeting which involves acquisition or disposition of the property of the Company.

# Item 14. Restatement of Account

No action will be presented for the stockholders' approval at the Meeting which involves the restatement of any of the Company's assets, capital, or surplus account.

## D. OTHER MATTERS

# **Item 15. Action with Respect to Reports**

Action is to be taken on the reading and approval of the following:

#### 1) Reading and Approval of the Previous Minutes.

The minutes of the previous stockholders' meeting is posted on the website of the Company, and is attached herein as **Annex C** and will be available for the inspection of the stockholders.

The resolution for adoption will be the approval of the minutes of the previous meeting.

"RESOLVED, that the minutes of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on September 29, 2023 was unanimously adopted and approved."

# 2) Management Reports

The Company's Management Report which included the 2023 year end Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements as audited by KPMG and the 2023 Annual Report will be submitted for approval by the stockholders. A copy of the Management Report is attached to this Information Statement as **Annex D**.

The resolution for adoption will be the approval of the Management Report for the year ended December 31, 2023.

"RESOLVED, that the stockholders of DoubleDragonCorporation hereby approve the Annual Report for the year 2023 and the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2023."

### 3) General Ratification of the Acts of the Board of Directors and the Officers

The acts of the Board of Directors and Officers of the Company are covered by resolutions of the Board of Directors duly-adopted in the normal course of trade or business. Said acts include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Application for Permits, Licenses, Clearances, Accreditations, and Registrations for Properties;
- 2. Opening, Updating and Maintenance of Bank Accounts and other Bank Transactions;
- 3. Property Acquisitions, Leases and Joint Ventures;
- 4. Appointment of Representatives in Various Government transactions and proceedings;
- 5. Availment and payment of Long and Short Term Loans and other Credit Facilities;
- 6. Issuance of Corporate Notes and Retail Bonds
- 7. Authorizing the Plan of Merger of a subsidiary and it listing to Nasdaq
- 8. Undertaking a guarantee/surety for the notes issued by a subsidiary in Singapore
- 9. Approval of authority to enter into any contract necessary for the operation of the Company and the designation of signatories;
- 10. Declaration of Quarterly Dividends for Preferred Shares.
- 11. Declaration of Dividends for Common Shares
- 12. Entry into muti-year lease contract with tenants
- 13. Such other acts necessary for the operations of the Company

The resolution for adoption will be the approval and ratification of the acts of the Board of Directors and the Officers of the Company.

"RESOLVED, that the stockholders of DoubleDragon Corporation confirm, ratify, and approve all acts done or caused to be done by the Board of Directors and Officers of the Corporation for the period from its last shareholders' meeting on September 29, 2023 up to this date."

# 4) Appointment of External Auditor

As nominated by the Audit Committee, The appointment of KPMG R.G. Manabat and Co. as the external auditor of the Company to examine the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024 will be presented for approval.

The resolution for adoption will be the approval of the appointment of KPMG as the Company's independent external auditor.

"RESOLVED, that the stockholders of DoubleDragon Corporation approve the appointment of the firm of KPMG R.G. Manabat & Co. as independent external auditors of the Corporation, to examine the books of the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2024."

# **Dividend Policy**

The Company's current dividend policy provides that at least 30% of the preceding fiscal year's net income after tax will be declared as dividends, subject to (i) the availability of Unrestricted Retained Earnings, (ii) implementation of business plans, (iii) contractual obligations, and (iv) working capital requirements. There can be no guarantee that the Company will pay any dividends in the future. The declaration and payment of dividends is subject to compliance annually or as often as the Board of Directors may deem appropriate, in cash or in kind and/or in additional shares from its surplus profits. The ability of the Company to pay dividends will depend on its retained earnings level and financial condition. There is no assurance that the Company will pay dividends in the future.

The following dividends were declared in 2021 up to present:

Date of Dividend Declartion	Dividends to	Dividends per share	Date of Payment
March 19, 2021	Preferred Shares	<b>₱</b> 1.61945	April 14, 2021
June 15, 2021	Preferred Shares	<b>₱</b> 1.61945	July 14, 2021
June 30, 2021	Common Shares	₱0.2002	September 16, 2021
September 20, 2021	Preferred Shares	<b>₱</b> 1.61945	October 14, 2021
December 15, 2021	Preferred Shares	<b>₱</b> 1.61945	January 6, 2022
March 22, 2022	Preferred Shares	<b>₱</b> 1.61945	April 18, 2022
June 17, 2022	Preferred Shares	<b>₱</b> 1.61945	July 14, 2022
September 16, 2022	Preferred Shares	<b>₱</b> 1.61945	October 14, 2022
September 29, 2022	Common Shares	<b>₽</b> 0.2324	October 31, 2022
December 14, 2022	Preferred Shares	<b>₱</b> 1.61945	January 16, 2023
March 16, 2023	Preferred Shares	<b>₱</b> 1.61945	April 14, 2023
May 16, 2023	Common Shares	<b>₱</b> 0.2624	July 5, 2023
June 16, 2023	Preferred Shares	<b>₱</b> 2.42125	July 14, 2023
Septembeer 15, 2023	Preferred Shares	<b>₱</b> 2.42125	October 16, 2023
December 14, 2023	Preferred Shares	<b>₱</b> 2.42125	January 15, 2024
March 12, 2024	Preferred Shares	<b>₱</b> 2.42125	April 15, 2024
June 19, 2024	Preferred Shares	<b>₱</b> 2.42125	July 15, 2024
September 18, 2024	Preferred Shares	<b>₱</b> 2.42125	October 14, 2024
September 27, 2024	Common Shares	<b>₽</b> 0.2648000	November 29, 2024

# Item 16. Matters not Required to be Submitted

There is no action to be taken with respect to any matter which is required to be submitted to a vote of the stockholders. Ratification of the acts of the Board, corporate officers and management in 2023 refers only to acts done in the ordinary course of business and operations

of the Company. Ratification is being sought for the purpose of transparency. Below is a summary of board meetings and board resolutions approved by the Board of Directors from the time of the previous Annual Shareholders' Meeting to date:

- 1. Application for Permits, Licenses, Clearances, Accreditations, and Registrations for Properties;
- 2. Opening, Updating and Maintenance of Bank Accounts and other Bank Transactions;
- 3. Property Acquisitions, Leases and Joint Ventures;
- 4. Appointment of Representatives in Various Government transactions and proceedings;
- 5. Availment and payment of Long and Short Term Loans and other Credit Facilities;
- 6. Issuance of Corporate Notes and Retail Bonds
- 7. Authorizing the Plan of Merger of a subsidiary and it listing to NAsdaq
- 8. Undertaking a guarantee/surety for the notes issued by a subsidiary
- 9. Approval of authority to enter into any contract necessary for the operation of the Company and the designation of signatories;
- 10. Declaration of Quarterly Dividends for Preferred Shares.
- 11. Declaration of Dividends for Common Shares
- 12. Entry into muti-year lease contract with tenants
- 13. Such other acts necessary for the operations of the Company

# Item 17. Amendment of Charter, By-laws or Other Documents

No action will be presented for the stockholders' approval at the Meeting which involves the amendment of Charter, Bylaws or other constitutive documents.

#### <u>Item 18. Other Proposed Action</u>

Other than those presented in the Items above, there are no other proposed actions to be presented at the Meeting for stockholder's approval.

# **Item 19. Voting Procedures**

Stockholders as of the November 22, 2024 Record Date may participate and vote in absentia. Registration of the stockholders and proxies attending the Meeting will be from 9:00 am November 21, 2024 to 6:00PM December 9, 2024.

See **Annex A** of this Information Statement for the Procedures and Requirements for Voting and Participation in the 2024 Annual Stockholder's Meeting.

# (a) *Vote required for approval.*

The approval of the minutes of the 2023 annual stockholders' meeting held s and the audited financial statements and annual report for the year ended 2023, the ratification of the actions of the Board of Directors and Officers, and the appointment of external auditors shall be decided by the majority vote of the stockholders present in person or by proxy and entitled to

vote thereat, a quorum being present. A stockholder voting electronically *in absentia* shall be deemed present for purposes of quorum.

In the election of directors, cumulative voting will be adopted. Cumulative voting is explained under Item 4 of this Information Statement. The candidates garnering the eight (8) highest number of votes shall be declared elected as directors of the Company to serve as such for the year 2024-2025.

(b) Method by which votes will be counted.

Stockholders shall be entitled to vote either in absentia or by proxy. The procedure for voting, validating and tabulating the Proxies and ballots are set forth under Item 4 of this Information Statement.

A stockholder may by vote by proxy by appointing the Company's President as proxy or electronically in absentia by registering and following the procedures annexed to this Information Statement. After validation, the stockholder will receive an email with instructions to access the ballot. The ballots submitted shall then be counted by the Corporate Secretary, with the assistance of representatives of the Company's stock transfer agent, RCBC Trust, which is an independent party. The results of the voting will be validated by our external auditors, KPMG R.G. Manabat and Co. shall be announced during the meeting.

The Company is not soliciting Proxy.

UPON THE WRITTEN REQUEST OF A STOCKHOLDER, THE COMPANY UNDERTAKES TO FURNISH SAID STOCKHOLDER A COPY OF SEC FORM 17-A (ANNUAL REPORT) FREE OF CHARGE, EXCEPT FOR EXHIBITS ATTACHED THERETO WHICH SHALL BE CHARGED AT COST. ANY WRITTEN REQUEST FOR A COPY OF SEC FORM 17-A SHALL BE ADDRESSED AS FOLLOWS:

# **DoubleDragon Corporation**

DoubleDragon Headquarters, 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Tower 1, DoubleDragon Plaza, DD Meridian Park, Corner Macapagal Avenue and EDSA Extension, Bay Area, Pasay City, Metro Manila 1302

Attention: Atty. Joselito L. Barrera, Jr

#### **PART II**

PLEASE FILL-UP AND SIGN THIS PROXY FORM AND IMMEDIATELY RETURN TO THE CORPORATE SECRETARY. A RETURN ENVELOPE IS PROVIDED FOR YOUR CONVENIENCE.

#### **PROXY FORM**

STOCKHOLDER'S NAME:	NO. OF SHARES:	
---------------------	----------------	--

The undersigned stockholder of **DoubleDragon Corporation** (the "**Company**") hereby appoints **Mr. Ferdinand J. Sia**, or in his absence, the Chairman of the Meeting, as attorney

and proxy, with full powers of substitution, to represent and vote all shares registered in the name of the undersigned stockholder at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting of the Company to be held by remote communication via Zoom on December 13, 2024 at 10:30AM, and at any of the adjournments thereof for the purpose of acting on the following matters:

(a) Approval of the minutes of the previous meeting:				
[]YES[]NO[]ABSTAIN				
(b) Approval of the 2023 Audited Financial	(c) Ratification of the actions of the Board			
Statements and the 2023 Annual Report	of Directors and Officers			
[]YES[]NO[]ABSTAIN	[] YES [] NO [] ABSTAIN			
(d) Election of Directors				
[] VOTE FOR ALL NOMINE	ES LISTED BELOW			
Edgar J. Sia	п			
Tony Tan Cakt				
Ferdinand J.				
Rizza Marie Joy S.				
William Tan Un				
Joseph Tanbun				
Gary P. Cheng - Independent				
Vicente S. Perez, Jr Indep	bendent Director			
[] WITHHOLD AUTHORITY FOR ALL [] WITHHOLD AUTHORITY TO VOTE FOR				
(a) A manifest manufact VDMC D.C. Managhat 0.C.	independent automateur diteur			
(e) Appointment of KPMG R.G. Manabat & Co. as independent external auditors				
[]YES[]NO[]A	BSTAIN			
At their discretion, the proxy named above is auth	orized to vote upon such matters as may			
properly come before the Meeting.				
(SIGNATURE OVER PRINTED NA	ME OF STOCKHOLDER/			
AUTHORIZED REPRESENTA				
AUTHORIZED REFRESENTATIVE AND DATE)				

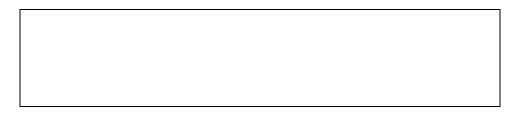
THIS PROXY FORM SHOULD BE SENT BY EMAIL TO <u>corporatesecretry@doubledragon.com.ph</u> ON OR BEFORE 6:OO PM OF DECEMBER 9, 2024.

THIS PROXY, WHEN PROPERLY EXECUTED, WILL BE VOTED IN THE MANNER AS DIRECTED HEREIN BY THE STOCKHOLDER(S). IF NO DIRECTION IS MADE, THIS PROXY WILL BE VOTED

"FOR" THE ELECTION OF ALL NOMINEES AND FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE MATTERS STATED ABOVE AND FOR SUCH OTHER MATTERS AS MAY PROPERLY COME BEFORE THE MEETING, INCLUDING MATTERS WHICH THE SOLICITOR(S) DID NOT COME TO KNOW WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME PRIOR TO THE PRESENTMENT OF THIS SOLICITATION IN THE MEETING, IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THE INFORMATION STATEMENT AND/OR AS RECOMMENDED BY MANAGEMENT OR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

A PROXY SUBMITTED BY A CORPORATION SHOULD BE ACCOMPANIED BY A CORPORATE SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE QUOTING THE BOARD RESOLUTION DESIGNATING A CORPORATE OFFICER TO EXECUTE THE PROXY. PROXIES EXECUTED BY BROKERS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A CERTIFICATION UNDER OATH STATING THAT THE BROKER HAS OBTAINED THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF THE ACCOUNT HOLDER.

A STOCKHOLDER GIVING A PROXY HAS THE POWER TO REVOKE IT AT ANY TIME BEFORE THE RIGHT GRANTED IS EXERCISED. A PROXY IS ALSO CONSIDERED REVOKED IF THE STOCKHOLDER ATTENDS THE MEETING IN PERSON AND EXPRESSES HIS INTENTION TO VOTE IN PERSON. THE PROXY SHALL BE VALID FOR FIVE (5) YEARS FROM THE DATE HEREOF UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED IN THE BOX HEREIN PROVIDED.



NO DIRECTOR OR EXECUTIVE OFFICER, NOMINEE FOR ELECTION AS DIRECTOR, OR ASSOCIATE OF SUCH DIRECTOR, EXECUTIVE OFFICER OR NOMINEE, OF THE COMPANY AT ANY TIME SINCE THE BEGINNING OF THE LAST FISCAL YEAR, HAS ANY SUBSTANTIAL INTEREST, DIRECT OR INDIRECT, BY SECURITY HOLDINGS OR OTHERWISE IN ANY OF THE MATTERS TO BE ACTED UPON IN THE MEETING, OTHER THAN ELECTION TO OFFICE.

#### PART III SIGNATURE PAGE

After reasonable inquiry and to the best of my knowledge and belief, I certify that the information set forth in this report is true, complete and correct. This report is signed in the City of Pasay on November 20, 2024.

Registrant

DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION By:

Ferdinand J. Sia

### Annex "A"

# PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS FOR PARTICIPATION AND VOTING IN THE 2024 ANNUAL STOCKHOLDER'S MEETING



#### PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS FOR PARTICIPATION AND VOTING IN THE 2024 ANNUAL STOCKHOLDER'S MEETING

DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION, *formerly* DoubleDragon Properties Corp. (the "Corporation") will conduct the 2024Annual Shareholders' Meeting ("ASM") scheduled on December 13, 2024 at 10:30 am by remote communication and will conduct voting in absentia or by proxy.

Only stockholders of record as of November 22, 2024 are entitled to participate and vote in the 2024 ASM.

The Corporation has adopted the following procedures and requirements to enable its stockholders to register, participate and vote in the 2024 ASM.

#### I. ONLINE REGISTRATION STEPS AND REQUIREMENTS

- A. Stockholders may register from 9:00 AM of November 21, 2024 until 6:00 PM of December 9, 2024 to signify his/her/its intention to participate in the 2024 ASM by remote communication. The registration steps and requirements are available in the Company's website <a href="http://www.doubledragon.com.ph/ASM2024">http://www.doubledragon.com.ph/ASM2024</a>.
- B. To register, stockholder shall submit the following requirements to the Office of the Corporate Secretary via email at <a href="mailto:corporatesecretary@doubledragon.com.ph">corporatesecretary@doubledragon.com.ph</a>.

#### B.1 For Individual Stockholders -

- (i) Scanned copy of stock certificate issued in the name of the individual stockholder or
- (ii) Valid email address and active contact number; and
- (iii) Scanned copy of valid government-issued identification card.

#### B.2 For Stockholders with Joint Accounts -

- (i) Authorization letter signed by all stockholders indicating the name of the person authorized to cast the votes;
- (ii) Scanned copy of the stock certificate issued in the name of the joint stockholders;
- (iii) Valid email address and active contact number of the authorized stockholder; and
- (iv) Scanned copy of valid government-issued identification card of the authorized stockholder.

#### B.3 For stockholders under PCD Participant/Brokers Account or holding 'Scripless Share'

- (i) Stockholders should coordinate with their broker and request for the full account name and reference number or account number they provided the Company;
- (ii) Broker's Certification on the stockholder's number of shareholdings;
- (iii) Valid email address and active contact number of the stockholder; and
- (iv) Scanned copy of valid government-issued identification card of stockholder.

#### B.4 For Corporate Stockholders -

- (i) Secretary's Certificate attesting to the authority of the representative to vote the shares on behalf of the corporate stockholders.
- (ii) Scanned copy of stock certificate issued in the name of the corporate stockholder;
- (iii) Valid email address and active contact number of authorized representative; and

(iv) Valid government-issued identification card of authorized representative.

#### II. ELECTRONIC VOTING IN ABSENTIA

- A. Duly registered stockholders have the option to vote for the matters contained in the agenda for the 2024 ASM through electronic voting in absentia. The deadline for registration is 6:00PM of December 9, 2024. Beyond this date, stockholders may no longer avail of the option to vote in absentia.
- B. After verification, the Company shall send a ballot to the registered stockholder through his/her/its email address which shall contain all the agenda items for approval as indicated in the Notice of Meeting and the registered stockholder may vote as follows:
  - (1) For items other than Election of Directors, the registered stockholder has the option to vote: In Favor of, Against or Abstain. The vote is considered cast for all the registered stockholder's share.
  - (2) For the election of Directors, the registered stockholder may vote for all nominees, not for any of the nominees, or vote for some nominees only, in such number of shares as preferred by the stockholder, provided that the total number of votes cast shall not exceed the number of shares owned, multiplied by the number of directors to be elected. The total number of votes the stockholder is allowed to cast shall be based on the number of shares he/she or it owns.
  - (3) Once voting on the agenda items is finished, the stockholder can proceed to submit the accomplished ballot via email to <a href="mailto:corporatesecretary@doubledragon.com.ph">corporatesecretary@doubledragon.com.ph</a>
  - (4) After the ballot has been submitted, the stockholder may no longer change his/her vote. The stockholder will receive a confirmation email that his/her vote has been recorded.
- C. The Office of the Corporate Secretary shall tabulate all valid and confirmed votes cast through electronic voting; together with the votes through proxies, subject to validation by representatives of the Company's external auditors.
- D. Registered stockholders shall have 6:00 PM of December 9, 2024 to cast their votes in absentia.
- E. Stockholders will not be allowed to cast votes during the proceedings of the 2024 ASM.

#### III. VOTING BY PROXY

- A. For individual stockholders holding certificated shares of the Company Download the proxy form that is available at <a href="http://www.doubledragon.com.ph/ASM2024">http://www.doubledragon.com.ph/ASM2024</a>
- B. For stockholders holding 'scripless' shares or shares held under PCD Participant/Broker Download the proxy form that is available at <a href="http://www.doubledragon.com.ph/ASM2024">http://www.doubledragon.com.ph/ASM2024</a>. Stockholders are advised to coordinate with their brokers first for the execution of this type of proxy.
- C. For corporate stockholders Download the proxy form that is available at <a href="http://www.doubledragon.com.ph/ASM2024">http://www.doubledragon.com.ph/ASM2024</a>. A copy of the duly signed and notarized Secretary's Certificate must be submitted together with the proxy form.

#### D. GENERAL INSTRUCTION ON VOTING BY PROXY:

(1) Download and fill up the appropriate proxy form. Follow the instructions on how to cumulate or allocate votes in the election of directors.

- (2) Send the scanned copy of the duly executed proxy form via email to <a href="mailto:corporatesecretary@doubledragon.com.ph">corporatesecretary@doubledragon.com.ph</a> or submit the original proxy form to the Office of the Corporate Secretary c/o Atty. Joselito L. Barrera, Jr. at DoubleDragon Headquarters 10th Floor Tower 1 DoubleDragon Plaza, Macapagal corner EDSA Ext Avenues Pasay City 1302.
- (3) Deadline for the submission of proxies is at 6:00 PM of December 9, 2024.
- (4) Validation of proxies will be at 2:00 PM, December 11, 2024.
- (5) If a stockholder avails the option to cast his/her vote in absentia and also issues proxy votes with differing instructions, the duly accomplished ballots sent through email shall replace the proxy votes issued by the stockholder.

#### IV. PARTICIPATION BY REMOTE COMMUNICATION

- A. Only duly registered stockholders will be included in determining the existence of a quorum. Duly registered stockholder/s may send their question and/or comments prior to the ASM through email at ASM2024@doubledragon.com.ph. We will endeavor to include your questions in the question-and-answer portion of the meeting.
- B. The deadline for submitting questions shall be at 6:00 pm of December 10, 2024.
- C. The proceedings during the 2024 ASM will be recorded.

For any clarifications, please contact the Office of the Corporate Secretary via email at <a href="mailto:corporatesecretary@doubledragon.com.ph">corporatesecretary@doubledragon.com.ph</a>

## Annex "B"

## Certifications of Independent Directors

#### CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

- I, Gary Emerson P. Cheng, Filipino, of legal age, with office address at 7th Floor, Unit 703, Liberty Center Building, 104 HV Dela Costa St., Makati City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare that:
  - I am a nominee for independent director of DoubleDragon Corporation formerly DoubleDragon Properties Corp., (the "Company") and have been its independent director since January 2014;
  - 2.) I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations:

Company/Organization	Position/Relationship	Period of Service
Fortman Cline Capital     Markets Limited	Co-Founder and Managing Director	February 2007 - Present
3. Institute of Corporate Directors	Fellow	July 2004 - Present
4. British Alumni Association	Member	2004 - Present
5. Peregrine Eye and Laser Institute	Board Director	May 2012 - Present
6. Double Dragon Corporation	Independent Director	2014 - Present
8. Merrymart Consumer Corporation	Independent Director	2020 - Present
9. Cheng Ban Yek & Co	Board Director	May 2024 - present

- 3.) I possess all of the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an independent director of the Company, as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code and its implementing rules and regulations;
- 4.) I am not related to any of the directors/officers/substantial shareholders of the Company, its subsidiaries and affiliates, nor by way of relationship as provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code;
- 5.) To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding;
- I am not connected with any government agency or instrumentality;
- I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code;



8.) I shall inform the Company's corporate secretary of any changes in the abovementioned information within five (5) days from its occurrence.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto affixed my signature at PASAY CID., on NOV 0.7 2024.

Gary Emerson P. Cheng

Affiant

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME, this NOV 0.7 2024, at PASAY CITY, affiant exhibiting to me his Passport No. P7178698A issued by DFA Manila and expiring on 15 May 2028.

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KRISTIN JULY TADENA.
Notary Public for Pasay City
Until December 31, 2025
Commission No. 24-20
Rolf No. 79846
PTR No. 8456029, 01-02-2024
IBP No. 386124; 01-02-2024
DoubleDragon Headquarters, 10th Floor, Tower 1,
DoubleDragon Plaza, DD Meridian Park,
Comer Micapagal Avenue & EDSA Extension,
Bay Area, Pasay City

#### CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

- I, Vicente S. Perez, Jr., Filipino, of legal age, with office address at 3B 111 Paseo de Roxas Building, Paseo de Roxas corner Legaspi, Legaspi Village, Makati City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare that:
  - 1.) I am a nominee for independent director of DoubleDragon Corporation *formerly* DoubleDragon Properties Corp., (the "Company") and have been its independent director since February 17, 2014;
  - 2.) I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations:

Company/Organization	Position/Relationship	Period of Service
Alternergy Philippine Holdings Corporation	President	August 21, 2008 - Present
2. Alternergy Philippine Investments Corporation	President	August 28, 2009 - Present
3. Alternergy Tanay Wind Corporation	President	August 25, 2011 - Present
4. Alternergy Holdings Corporation	Chairman	June 18 2009 – Present
5. Alternergy Wind Holdings Corporation (formerly Pililla AVPC Corporation)	Chairman	September 3, 2023 - Present
6. Alternergy Mini Hydro Holdings Corporation	Chairman	January 30, 2013 - Present
7. Alternergy Hydro Partners Corporation	Chairman	December 18, 2013 - Present
8. Ibulao Mini Hydro Corporation	Chairman	April 19, 2016 - Present
10. Green Energy Supply Solutions, Inc.	Chairman	November 10, 2016 - Present
11. Alternergy Holdings Ltd.	Director	December 19, 2017 - Present
12. Solar Pacific Energy Corporation	President	January 30, 2013 - Present
13. Kirahon Solar Energy Corporation	Director	November 5, 2013 - Present
14. Solar Pacific CitySun Corporation	Chairman & President	June 26, 2015 - Present
15. Solar Pacific Pristine Power, Inc. (Palau)	Vice President	May 03, 2023
16. Merritt Partners Pte. Ltd (Singapore)	Chairman	November 18, 2005 - Present
17. NCP Advisors Philippines, Inc.	Chairman	December 18, 1996 - Present

18. QBL ECO Corporation	Chairman and President	August 26, 2011 - Present
19. Kadluan Management Corporation	Chairman	May 2005 - Present
20. Kadluan Properties, Inc.	Chairman and President	April 23, 1993 - Present
21. Clean Climate Professionals, Inc.	Chairman	August 16, 2016 – Present
22. Vespers Holdings Corporation	Chairman and President	February 13, 2018 - Present
23. MAVI Beverage Distribution Corporation	Chairman and President	April 16, 2019 - Present
24. Merritt Holdings Pte Ltd	Director	February 14, 2020 - Present
25. Singapore Technologies Telemedia Pte. Ltd. (Singapore)	Non-executive Director	September 1, 2006 - Present
26. STT Communications Ltd. (Singapore)	Non-Executive Director	September 1, 2006 - Present
27. BDO Unibank, Inc.	Independent Director	April 22, 2019 - Present
28. Worldwide Fund for Nature (WWF) - China	Trustee	April 19, 2017 - Present
29. Worldwide Fund for Nature (WWF) – U.S.	Board Member	October 2017 - Present
30.Asian Conservation Foundation, Inc.	Chairman	May 22, 2008 - Present
31. Bhutan Foundation	National Council	April 2, 2014
32. Philippine Map Collectors Society	Treasurer	January 1, 2015
33. Center for Business & Environment at Yale (CBEY)	Member of the Advisory Board	March 25, 2009 - Present
34. New Zealand Trade Enterprise (Beachheads Network)	Advisor	November 1, 2016 - Present
35. Pictet Clean Energy	Member of the	APPLICATION APPLICATION CONTRACTOR
Fund	Advisory Board	October 2010 - Present
36.Liberty Solar Energy Corporation	Chairman and President	January 26, 2025 - Present
37.Alabat Wind Power Corporation	Chairman	September 4, 2023 - Present
38. Alternergy Solar Holdings Corporation	Chairman	October 11, 2024 -Present
39. Triple Play Land Corporation	Chairman	October 17, 2024 - Present

- 3.) I possess all of the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an independent director of the Company, as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code and its implementing rules and regulations;
- 4.) I am not related to any of the director/officer/substantial shareholder of the Company, its subsidiaries and affiliates, nor by way of relationship as provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code;
- 5.) To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding;
- 6.) I am not connected with any government agency or instrumentality;
- I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code;
- 8.) I shall inform the Company's corporate secretary of any changes in the above-mentioned information within five (5) days from its occurrence.

(Signature on the next page)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto affixed my signature at PASAY CITY, or NOV 0.7 2024.

Vicente S. Perez, Jr.
Affiant

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME, this NOV 0.7 2024 at PASAY CITY affiant exhibiting to me his Passport P4390051B issued by DFA Manila and expiring on 14 January 2030.

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Book 3
Series of 2024.



Notary Public for Passay City
Until December 31, 2025
Commission No. 24-20
Roll No. 79846
PTR No. 8456029, 01-02-2024
IBP No. 388124; 01-02-2024
DoubleDragon Headquarters, 10th Floor, Tower 1,
DoubleDragon Plaza, DD Maridian Park,
Comer Macapagal Avenue & EDSA Extension,
Bay Area, Passay City

## Annex "C"

## Minutes of the 2023 Annual Stockholders Meeting

#### MINUTES OF THE VIRTUAL ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF

#### DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION ("Corporation")

On 29 September 2023; 10:30 AM

No. of Outstanding and Voting Shares

Percentage 67.586% 1,659,106,262

**DIRECTORS PRESENT:** 

STOCKHOLDERS PRESENT:

EDGAR J. SIA II FERDINAND J. SIA RIZZA MARIÉ JOY J. SIA TONY TAN CAKTIONG WILLIAM TAN UNTIONG JOSEPH C. TANBUNTIONG GARY P. CHENG VICENTE S. PEREZ

#### ALSO PRESENT:

Board Consultant CHIEF JUSTICE ARTEMIO PANGANIBAN **Board Consultant ERNESTO TANMANTIONG** Chief Investment Officer MARRIANA H. YULO-LUCCINI Head, Legal Department JOSELITO L. BARRERA JR.

#### CALL TO ORDER

The Chairman, Mr. Edgar J. Sia II, called the meeting to order and presided over the same.

The Corporate Secretary, Mr. William Tan Untiong, recorded the minutes of the meeting. Marriana H. Yulo-Luccini, Chief Investment Officer, was designated the host of the virtual meeting.

The Chairman announced the precautionary measures in the event of an internet connectivity issue be encountered by him and/or other Directors in charge of this virtual meeting.

#### CERTIFICATION ON NOTICE AND DETERMINATION OF QUORUM II.

The Corporate Secretary reported that the notice of the meeting, together with copies of the Information Statement and the December 31, 2022 Audited and June 30, 2023 Interim Financial Statements of the Company, were posted on the Company's website and disclosed through PSE EDGE. The notice of meeting was published in the business sections of the Manila Bulletin and The Manila Times, on 07 - 08 September 2023 both online and in print, in accordance with the requirements of SEC Notice

The Corporate Secretary, with the assistance of the RCBC Trust, the Stock and Transfer Agent of the Company, certified that there being present at the virtual meeting, in person or by proxy, stockholders representing One Billion Six Hundred Fifty Nine Million One Hundred Six Thousand Two Hundred Sixty Two shares (1,659,106,262) or 67.856% shares, which constitute more than majority of the total issued an outstanding common shares, a quorum was present for the transaction of business.

#### III. APPROVAL OF THE MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

The Corporate Secretary certified that an electronic copy of the minutes of the previous Stockholders meeting was made available on the Company's website.

The minutes of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on September 29, 2022 were approved by at least a majority of the stockholders or total voting shares in a meeting based on the following tabulation of votes:

	For	Against	Abstain
No of shares voted	1,659,106,262	=	-
Percentage based on shares present at the meeting	100%	-	-

"RESOLVED, that the minutes of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on September 29, 2022 was unanimously adopted and approved."

#### IV. COMPANY UPDATES AND REPORT

The Chairman called the Corporations' Chief Investment Officer to present the prerecorded report on the highlights and achievements of DoubleDragon Corporation for the year 2022-2023.

Upon motion duly made and seconded, the Company's updates and report was duly noted.

#### V. <u>APPROVAL OF THE 2022 AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND 2022 ANNUAL REPORT</u>

The Chairman sought the approval of the stockholders of the Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2022 and the 2022 Annual Report. The 2022 Audited Financial Statements and the 2022 Annual Report were annexed to and made part of the Definitive Information Statement, which was posted in the Company's website and disclosed through PSE EDGE.

The 2022 Audited Financial Statements and 2022 Annual Report were approved by at least a majority of the stockholders or total voting shares in the meeting based on the following tabulation of votes:

	For	Against	Abstain
No of shares voted	1,659,053,362	-	52,900
Percentage based on shares	99.997%	-	0.003%
present at the meeting			

"RESOLVED, that the stockholders of DoubleDragon Corporation hereby approve the Annual Report for the year 2022 and the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2022."

#### VI. RATIFICATION OF THE ACTIONS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND MANAGEMENT

The Chairman then sought the ratification by the stockholders of all the actions taken by the Board of Directors and Management of the Corporation for the period from its last shareholders' meeting on September 29, 2022 up to this date.

A summary of the actions to be ratified was included in the Definitive Information Statement.

The Actions of the Board of Directors and Management were approved by at least a majority of the stockholders or total voting shares in the meeting based on the following tabulation of votes:

	For	Against	Abstain
No of shares voted	1,659,053,362	-	52,900
Percentage based on shares	99.997%	-	0.003%
present at the meeting			

"RESOLVED, that the stockholders of DoubleDragon Corporation confirm, ratify, and approve all acts done or caused to be done by the Board of Directors and Officers of the Corporation for the period

from its last shareholders' meeting on September 29, 2022 up to this date."

#### VII. <u>ELECTION OF MEMBERS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS</u>

The meeting proceeded to the election of members of the Board of Directors for the ensuing year 2023-2024. The Chairman informed the body that pursuant to the pertinent provisions of the By-Laws of the Corporation as well as the guidelines adopted by the Nomination Committee, the following eight (8) members of the Board of Directors were duly nominated for re-election:

Mr. Edgar J. Sia II

Mr. Ferdinand J. Sia

Ms. Rizza Marie Joy J. Sia

Mr. Tony Tan Caktiong

Mr. William Tan Untiong

Mr. Joseph C. Tanbuntiong

Mr. Gary P. Cheng and Mr. Vicente S. Perez, Jr. were duly nominated as independent directors.

There being no other nominations, it was declared that the eight (8) stockholders who were nominated as directors for the ensuing year be declared elected for eight (8) board seats of the Corporation.

Name	For	Against	Abstain
Name	(No. of shares voted and		(No. of shares voted and
	percentage based on shares present	(No. of shares voted and percentage based	percentage based on shares
	at the meeting)	on shares present at	present at the meeting)
	0,	the meeting)	1 0/
Mr. Edgar J. Sia II	1,659,063,192	40,370	2,700
	(99.997%)	(0.002%)	(0.000%)
Mr. Tony Tan	1,650,137,192	40,370	8,928,700
Caktiong	(99.459%)	(0.002%)	(0.538%)
Mr. Ferdinand J.	1,650,137,192	40,370	8,928,700
Sia	(99.459%)	(0.002%)	(0.538%)
Ms. Rizza Marie	1,649,994,002	40,370	9,071,890
Joy S. Javelona	(99.451%)	(0.002%)	(0.547%)
Mr. William Tan	1,649,994,002	40,370	9,071,890
Untiong	(99.451%)	(0.002%)	(0.547%)
Mr. Joseph	1,650,177,562	-	8,928,700
Tanbuntiong	(99.462%)	(0.000%)	(0.538%)
Mr. Gary P.	1,659,065,892	40,370	-
Cheng	(99.998%)	(0.002%)	(0.000%)
Mr. Vicente S.	1,659,065,892	40,370	-
Perez	(99.998%)	(0.002%)	(0.000%)

The following directors were thus elected to serve for the year 2023-2024 and until their successors have been duly elected and qualified:

#### A. DIRECTORS:

Mr. Edgar J. Sia II

Mr. Ferdinand J. Sia

Ms. Rizza Marie Joy J. Sia

Mr. Tony Tan Caktiong

Mr. William Tan Untiong

Mr. Joseph C. Tanbuntiong

#### B. INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

Mr. Gary P. Cheng

Mr. Vicente S. Perez, Jr.

The organizational meeting of the newly elected directors shall be held immediately after this meeting.

#### VIII. APPOINTMENT OF EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The next item on the agenda was the appointment of the external auditor of the Corporation. R.G. Manabat & Co., the Philippine member firm of KPMG International, was endorsed by the Audit Committee as the independent external auditor of DoubleDragon Properties Corp., to examine the books of the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2023.

The appointment of R.G. Manabat and Co., the Philippine member firm of KPMG International was approved by at least a majority of the stockholders or total voting shares in the meeting based on the following tabulation of votes:

	For	Against	Abstain
No of shares voted	1,659,106,262	-	-
Percentage based on shares	100.000%	-	-
present			

"RESOLVED, that the stockholders of DoubleDragon Corporation. approve the appointment of the firm of KPMG R.G. Manabat & Co. as independent external auditors of the Corporation, to examine the books of the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2023."

#### IX. ADJOURNMENT

As provided for in the Procedures for Participating in the 2023 Stockholders Meeting annexed to the Information Statement and posted on the Company's website, Stockholders were given the opportunity to ask questions by sending their questions through email at corporatesecretary@doubledragon.com.ph on or before 3:00 PM of September 27, 2023.

On the queries, there is currently one operating CityMall in Cavite located in Anabu Imus and another CityMAll in Cavite is set to open in a few months from now in General Trias. The planned CentralHub REIT is set to be the first industrial REIT in the Philippines, is expected to be conducted once the CAP rates starts to go back to 5 to 6% level

**Deleted:** The following questions were received: ¶ How many CityMalls did you build in Cavite? ¶ What's update on your industrial REIT with of Jollibee Corps. to conduct an Initial Public Offering? ¶

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There being no further business to transact, the meeting was thereupon adjourned.

BY:

#### WILLIAM TAN UNTIONG

Corporate Secretary

ATTESTED BY:

EDGAR J. SIA II Chairman

### Annex "D"

2023 Management Report, 2023 Audited Financial Statements and Unaudited Financial Statements ending June 30, 2024

#### **Annex D - Management Report and Financial Statements**

D.1	Business Description of the Company
	Management Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition for the year ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021
	Management Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition for the nine months ended September 30, 2024
D.2	Market Price of and Dividends on the Registrant's Common Equity
D.3	Audited Financial Statements 2023 and Supplementary Schedules
D.4	Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of September 30, 2024

#### ANNEX D.1

#### PART I BUSINESS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. BUSINESS

DoubleDragon Corporation is an investment holding company in the Philippines, principally engaged in the ownership and operation of a portfolio of leasable properties in its four principal business segments: retail leasing, office leasing, hospitality and industrial leasing. Tony Tan Caktiong and Edgar Injap Sia II, the two entrepreneurs of DoubleDragon, believe that by providing the flexibility for DoubleDragon Corporation to transform into an investment holding company, DoubleDragon will be in a in a position to capitalise on its strong balance sheet to add worthwhile investments outside of the property sector that would further drive its growth.

The Company's two principal shareholders are Injap Investments Inc., controlled by the Sia family, and Honeystar Holdings Corp. controlled by the Tan and Ang families, who also control Jollibee Foods Corporation ("JFC"), the largest fast food company in the Philippines. Edgar Injap Sia II of the Sia family and Tony Tan Caktiong of the Tan and Ang family have similar entrepreneurial background and have started and grown multiple ventures into household brands in the Philippines.

In 2021, the Company further strengthened its balance sheet with the public offering of shares and listing of DDMP REIT, Inc. (formerly DD Meridian Park Development Corp. ("DDMPDC")) ("DDMPR") and the equity infusion by JFC and its subsidiary into CentralHub Industrial Centers, Inc. ("CHICI"), DoubleDragon's industrial leasing subsidiary. As of 31 December 2023, the Company's total equity was ₱94.57 billion and its gross Debt-to-Equity was 0.67x, which is below the Company's cap of 2.33x.

Having met its target of 1.2 million sq.m. of completed gross floor area ("GFA") for its leaseable portfolio, the Company intends to pursue a strategy of revenue optimisation for its retail leasing, office leasing, hospitality and industrial leasing operations, with the goal of maximising recurring revenue. As of 31 March 2024, the Company's completed portfolio encompassed 1.298 million sq.m. of GFA, with 53% in retail, 28% in office, 8% in hospitality, and 11% in industrial leasing. Further, by 2030 the Company targets to increase its portfolio to 2.4 million sq.m. of GFA spread across its four core business segments: 30% in retail, 15% in office, 20% in hospitality, and 35% in industrial leasing.

As of 31 March 2024, through its subsidiary, CityMall Commercial Centers Inc. ("CMCCI"), the Company owns and operates 43 CityMalls, primarily located in key strategic locations in Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao. The Company also has seven CityMalls under construction, with an additional land bank for 14 CityMalls. CMCCI is 66% owned by the Company and 34% owned by SM Investments Corp. ("SMIC"), the holding company for one of the largest conglomerates in the Philippines. In addition to the 43 CityMalls that were operational as of 31 March 2024, the Company has three other operational malls, namely: Dragon8 Mall in Divisoria Manila City, DoubleDragon Plaza Retail in DD Meridian Park, Pasay City and Umbria Commercial Center in Biñan, Laguna.

The Company's office leasing segment primarily consists of two key projects, DD Meridian Park and Jollibee Tower. DD Meridian Park, a 4.8 hectare project located in the Manila Bay area of Pasay City, and which is 46.67%-owned by the Company, consists of approximately 244,240 sq.m. of leasable space that is primarily used for BPO, outsourcing and support service offices, and corporate offices. The development is expected to feature seven office towers and luxury services residences, with construction in four phases. The first phase of DD Meridian Park comprises Towers 1 to 4 of DoubleDragon Plaza and was completed in 2018. The second phase comprises DoubleDragon Center East and DoubleDragon Center West and was completed in 2019. The fourth phase comprises DoubleDragon Tower and was substantially completed in 2021, while the third phase comprises luxury serviced residences, namely Ascott-DD Meridian Park, and is currently under construction with completion expected in 2024. Jollibee Tower is a Grade A 41-storey commercial and office tower with approximately 60,394.67 sq.m. of leasable space and is situated in the heart of the Ortigas central business district in Metro Manila. The project, which was completed in 2019, is a joint venture between the Company and JFC, who also serves as the building's anchor tenant. In addition to DD Meridian Park and Jollibee Tower, the Company also owns The SkySuites Tower, comprising two towers, including an office tower that is currently being leased to tenants.

The Company's hospitality segment is operated through its subsidiary, Hotel of Asia, Inc. ("HOA"), which is 70%-owned by the Company. As of 31 March 2024, the Company's hospitality operations comprise 6 operational hotels

with 1,482 hotel rooms, including the Company's own hotel brand, "Hotel101", which currently has two operating hotels, Hotel101- Manila and Hotel101-Fort. In addition to the 1,482 hotel rooms, the Company has seven hotels under construction and expected to add another 3,463 rooms, and an additional ten hotels under planning and development stages... CSI Hotels, Inc., a 50%-owned subsidiary of HOA, is the Philippines' master franchisee of the "Jinjiang Inn" brand, with three hotels in operation in Ortigas and Makati, Metro Manila and Boracay as of 31 March 2024. Hotel101 Management Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of HOA, operates all of HOA's operational hotels including Hotel101-Manila, Jinjiang Inn-Ortigas, Jinjiang Inn-Makati, Jinjiang Inn-Station 1 Boracay and Injap Tower, a 21-storey condotel located in Iloilo City. As of 31 March 2024, the Company had seven hotels under construction and ten more hotels in the planning and development stage.

On 30 September 2022, the Company, through its subsidiaries, fully paid for the acquisition of a prime 9,000 sq.m. parcel of land in Hokkaido Prefecture, Japan. The Company expects to develop its first international Hotel101 development, named Hotel101-Niseko, on such acquired land.

On 31 October 2023, through its subsidiary, the company received all the pertinent executed land purchase documents and has made the full complete payment for the purchase of the 6,593 sq.m of prime commercial land in Madrid Spain. The development, named Hotel101-Madrid eyes the high real estate investment demand in Madrid driven by the Spanish Golden Visa.

The Company operates its industrial leasing segment through its 60.90%-owned subsidiary, CHICI. As of 31 March 2024, the Company, through CHICI, owns 10 CentralHub sites across the Philippines, with a total of 60.57 hectares of prime industrial land. Five of the Company's CentralHub sites, namely CentralHub-Tarlac, CentralHub-Capiz, CentralHub-Laguna 1, CentralHub-Laguna 2 and CentralHub-Pasig, are currently operational. CentralHub-Sta Barbara Iloilo, CentralHub-Davao, and CentralHub-Cebu are under construction while CentralHub-Surigao and CentralHub-Negros are currently in the development stages.

The Company, through CHICI, acquired a 6.2-hectare parcel of land in Luisita Industrial Park, Tarlac for its first industrial hub. CentralHub-Tarlac was built over four phases, the first of which was completed in 2018 and leased out to Zenith Foods Corporation (Red Ribbon) as a commissary. The second phase was completed in 2021 and leased out to MerryMart Consumer Corp. as its distribution hub. The third and fourth phases of CentralHub-Tarlac were completed in 2021 and January 2022, respectively. As of 31 December 2023, the third and fourth phases of CentralHub-Tarlac is ongoing tenant turnovers. The Company also acquired a 3.9-hectare parcel of land in Iloilo for its second CentralHub complex, CentralHub-Sta Barbara Iloilo, which is strategically located along a national highway approximately five kilometres from Iloilo International Airport and ten kilometres from the center of Iloilo City. The Company also acquired a 5.2-hectare parcel of land in Danao, Cebu, which will be its third CentralHub complex. The Company acquired the site of its fourth CentralHub complex in 2019, covering an 8.2-hectare parcel of land along the Daan Maharlika Highway in Davao City. In 2022, the Company acquired two other sites, a 10.06-hectare property in Silay Negros for CentralHub- Negros and a 6.40-hectare property in Surigao for CentralHub-Surigao. CentralHub-Sta Barbara Iloilo, CentralHub-Davao, and CentralHub-Cebu are under construction while CentralHub-Negros and CentralHub-Surigao are currently in the development stages.

In August 2021, JFC and its wholly owned subsidiary Zenith Foods Corporation ("**ZFC**") entered into definitive agreements to subscribe to an aggregate of 38.71% of CHICI's total outstanding shares (post-subscription) in consideration for a cash payment of ₱1.9 billion. JFC acquired common shares of CentralHub and infused its 16.4 hectares of industrial properties in Santolan, Pasig and Carmelray, Laguna, which are currently utilised as commissaries (including the largest operating commissary of JFC). As of 31 March 2024, the equity and asset swap between CentralHub and JFC was completed and the transfer of title for the two CentralHub-Laguna and CentralHub-Pasig were completed. The Company and JFC intend to prepare CHICI for the Philippines' first industrial REIT IPO.

The Company intends to acquire additional sites that are strategically located across Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao. The industrial centers will contain standardised, multi-use, and industrial quality warehouses suited for commissaries, cold storage and logistics centers to be leased to locators operating nationwide in the Philippines.

The Company reports Net Income figures for the year-ended 2023 has reached ₱15.9 billion, an increase of 23.3% compared to Net Income of ₱12.9 billion in 2022. Total Assets of the Company rose 15.6% year-on-year to ₱181.2 billion in 2023 compared to only ₱156.8 billion in 2023. Total Equity likewise increased by ₱13.0 billion or 15.9% in 2023 as compared to only ₱81.6 billion in the prior year equating to a Gross Debt-to- Equity ratio of 0.67x.

Because of the significant growth of the Company's equity, total equity has now exceeded total debt displaying solid financial strength.

DoubleDragon continues to find ways to further optimize its revenues such as tapping new rental revenue streams from leasing of roof space for solar, advertising spaces in its string of strategic properties around the country, and from roof deck space leasing for common telco towers. The Company has already started leasing out its roof spaces to Solar companies. Both CityMall community malls and CentralHub warehouses are expected to lease out a total of 100 MW of solar space which is expected to translate to ₱100 million annual rental income from solar roof lease alone, excluding the rental income from advertising and common telco towers. In 2019, solar panels were installed at the rooftop of DoubleDragon Plaza, DD Meridian Park, these solar panels are expected to displace 418 tons of CO2, equaling to over 13,565 trees planted.

DoubleDragon has acquired its basket of prime properties from 2014 to 2016, and the land values started to move up significantly starting in 2017, enabling the company to benefit both from the appreciation as well as gain strong foothold position with its portfolio of prime hard assets.

DoubleDragon's four pillars of growth continue to strengthen in provincial retail leasing, office leasing, industrial leasing and hotels which will provide the Company with a diversified source of recurring revenues backed by a string of appreciating hard assets.

#### IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON THE COMPANY'S OPERATIONS

The Company surpassed its goal of completing a portfolio comprising 1.2 million sq.m. of GFA, even in the face of construction constraints arising from the COVID-19 outbreak and the community quarantine measures implemented in the Philippines since mid-March of 2020. Apart from adjusting its project completion targets, the Company does not believe that the COVID-19 pandemic has had a material impact on its operations, and has affirmed the relevance of its portfolio:

Provincial retail leasing – The Company's CityMalls, are all located outside of the National Capital Region and continued to provide services to various communities during the imposition of community quarantine measures across the country. Majority of the leasable space within each CityMall are anchor tenants like supermarkets, pharmacies, money remittance shops, medical clinics, food and banks which provide essential goods and services that cater to the general good of the public especially during these periods. The Company believes that its focus on essential retail goods and services have resulted in resilient performance of its CityMalls compared to more destination-focussed malls. The occupancy of the Company's CityMalls as of 31 July 2024 was at 88.4%, the Company believes that the occupancy rate will continue to recover as the Philippine economy continues to open up.

The Company has successfully entered into lease renewals with several major tenants on the same terms and conditions, including escalation rates. The Company has observed that the demand for dining out has remained strong and continues to increase.

Office leasing – The Company's office towers spread out across Metro Manila continued to be operational and are covered by fixed rate lease agreements, post-dated cheques, security deposits and advance rentals for the duration of their lease terms. The Company has observed strong leasing momentum from tenants who look to expand their current occupied space to improve safe distancing measures. The Company believes that its tenant mix of corporate offices, government offices, accredited BPOs and POGOs and healthcare and insurance offices. In 2024, the Company signed leases covering 79% of leasable space in its latest office building DoubleDragon Tower. The Company's main office asset, DD Meridian Park, had a 77.6% blended overall occupancy as of 31 July 2024.

Industrial warehouse leasing – The Company's CentralHub sites nationwide are leased to companies involved in fast-moving consumer goods distribution and food production which are priority industries the Government mandated to be fully operational during the imposition of the community quarantine measures for the benefit of the nation and its people. The Company believes that its industrial warehouse leasing business has remained pivotal due to mobility issues and the need for additional and efficient logistics operations across the country throughout the COVID-19 pandemic.

Hospitality – Despite the COVID-19 pandemic significantly affecting the tourism industry since the first half of 2020, the average hotel occupancy of all the Company's hotel properties have remained stable for as of 30 June 2024 with average occupancy of 82.6% for Hotel101 Manila and Jinjiang Inn properties. The Company believes this is mainly due to the Company's hotel portfolio not being heavily reliant on foreign tourists with price points of ₱2,500-₱3,500 per room per night being a value 3-star hotel chain, and because of the continued demand from business travellers and designation of certain properties as quarantine hotels.

The Company believes that its four core segments have remained strong despite the COVID 19 pandemic and that the remaining tenants of the Company are companies that have also stood the impact of the pandemic and have demonstrated ability to continue its businesses.

The Company's operations have remained uninterrupted with stringent monitoring in place covering the production of employees with flexible working arrangements. The Company continues to remain vigilant in upholding the health and safety of its employees. The Company closely monitors updates from the Philippine Department of Health and other reliable sources publishing information regarding COVID-19 and shall continue comply with all Government-mandated measures relating to COVID-19.

#### **HISTORY**

The Company, formerly named Injap Land Corporation, was incorporated and registered with the SEC on 9 December 2009, and began commercial operations in November 2010 with the primary purpose of engaging in real estate development and real estate related ventures. The Company was originally a wholly owned subsidiary of Injap Investments Inc., the holding company of the Sia family. On 29 June 2012, the Company became a 50-50 joint venture between Injap Investments and Honeystar Holdings Corporation ("Honeystar") when Honeystar, headed by Tony Tan Caktiong, Founder and Chairman of JFC, invested in the Company. The Company eventually changed its corporate name to DoubleDragon Properties Corp. on 30 July 2012.

The Company, prior to the entry of Honeystar, was originally the Sia family's initial foray into real estate development. The Company's first venture, People's Condominium project, was the first condominium project in Iloilo City. People's Condominium was completed in November 2011 and was fully sold within a few months from commencing pre-selling activities. Other projects developed by the Company in Iloilo City include Injap Tower, a 21-storey commercial and condotel tower, The Uptown Place, a five-storey premium commercial and residential condominium, as well as horizontal developments FirstHomes and HappyHomes, both located in Mandurriao – Iloilo.

It was after the entry of Honeystar and the renaming of the Company into DoubleDragon Properties Corp. that the Company's Chairman and Co-Chairman, Edgar "Injap" Sia II and Tony Tan Caktiong, both born in the year of the dragon, established a clear vision for the Company's future. They identified a unique opportunity to capitalise on the modernisation of retail in the provinces by building a chain of community malls to become the venue for this transition. The Company targeted second and third class provincial cities for the rollout of their CityMall branded concept. CMCCI was incorporated on 27 December 2013 to serve as the vehicle for this rollout. Seeing the potential of the CityMall concept, SMIC, one of the largest conglomerates in the Philippines with a portfolio of leading retail stores, took a 34% stake in CMCCI in 2014.

To further diversify and attain the goal of operating mostly recurring revenue properties, the Company began to develop commercial office projects in Metro Manila through its flagship commercial office project, DD Meridian Park. The Company's further entry into the office space segment occurred in August 2015 when it entered into joint venture with JFC to build a 41-storey commercial and office tower in the Ortigas central business district that will serve as the corporate center for JFC, one of the country's leading fast food companies.

The Company's shares debuted on the PSE's Small, Medium, and Emerging Board ("SME Board") on 7 April 2014 under the stock symbol "DD" through an initial public offering of 26% of its outstanding common shares. On 6 July 2015, the Company's shares transferred from the SME Board to the PSE Main Board. On 30 November 2015, the Company's shares were included in the Morgan Stanley Capital International Small Cap Philippine Index. On 14 March 2016 the Company was included in the property sector index of the PSE. On 14 April 2016, the Company issued P10,000,000,000 worth of Preferred Shares, which were subsequently listed in the PSE Main Board on 26 July 2016. On 12 September 2016, the Company was included as one of five listed companies in the PSE reserve list.

On 27 July 2020, the Company, through its subsidiary DDPC Worldwide Pte. Ltd. ("**DDWPL**"), issued a US\$75.0 million 5-year and Reg S US dollar denominated guaranteed senior Notes with a coupon rate of 7.25%, and payable semi-annually.

On 14 April 2021, the Company's Board of Directors approved the amendment in the articles of incorporation changing its name from "DoubleDragon Properties Corp." to "DoubleDragon Corporation", and amending its primary and secondary purposes to transform it into an investment and holding company,

and extending the corporate life of the Company to perpetual existence.

On November 19, 2021, the Company received the Certificate of Amended Articles of Incorporation issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that amended its corporate name and primary purpose into an investment holding company. Effectively, DoubleDragon Properties Corp is now officially DoubleDragon Corporation.

#### RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

#### Issuance of 8.0080% p.a. Retail Bonds due 2029

On 9 September 2024, the Issuer launched the offer of up to ₱4 billion 8.008% p.a Fixed-Rate Bonds due 2029. The offer of the Bonds concluded on September 13, 2024 and ₱4 billion Fixed-Rate Bonds were issued and listed on the PDEx on 20 September 2024.

#### **HOTEL101 Global Received CASBEE Certification For Hotel101-Niseko**

On 9 August 2024, Hotel101 Global officially received the CASBEE certification for its hotel project in Hokkaido Japan. Hotel101-Niseko makes history as the first ever CASBEE Certified project in the whole of Niseko, Hokkaido Japan. The highly-coveted CASBEE Certification secured by Hotel101-Niseko today is set to elevate the green sustainability standard in the whole of Niseko Hokkaido, Japan. This milestone highlights the hotel's commitment to sustainable practices and eco-friendly operations, setting a new benchmark for green hospitality in the region.

CASBEE, which stands for Comprehensive Assessment System for Built Environment Efficiency, is a Japanese certification system used to evaluate and rate the environmental performance of buildings and built environments. CASBEE-certified projects are projects that have met specific standards on sustainability and efficiency.

#### Issuance of 8.008% p.a Retail Bonds due 2028

On 16 July 2024, the Company issued ₱6 billion 8.008% p.a Fixed-Rate Bond due 2028. Due to the very high volume demand of orders that came in after the offer period started, the Issuer, together with the Joint Lead Underwriters, Joint Issue Managers And Bookrunners announced that the offering of DoubleDragon was more than fully subscribed as of 5 July 2024. Accordingly, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the retail bond, the Issuer and the joint lead underwriters, joint issue managers and bookrunners agreed to shorten the offer period to end on 5 July 2024, instead of 10 July 2024.

#### The 680-Room Hotel101-Madrid, Spain in Full Swing Construction Works

As of 3 July 2024, Hotel101-Madrid, Spain was in full swing construction works as scheduled, following the ground breaking last March 2024.

Overseas Hotel101 remarkably generated robust cash payments inflows from unitbuyers, exceeding the company's expectations.

DoubleDragon hits milestone of first ever in its history to have received cash payments in foreign currency of equivalent to over \$10 Million USD in form of foreign currency cash from many retail buyers collected in barely just a few months mainly in the second quarter this year 2024.

#### Additional Subsidiaries Incorporated in 2024

In 2024, the Group has incorporated the following subsidiaries in relation to the international expansion of the Group's Hotel101 business:

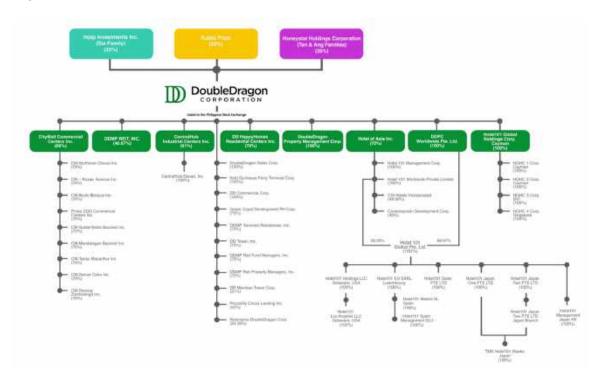
Date	Subsidiary	Jurisdiction	Ownership
18 January	Hotel101 Spain	Spain	100% owned through Hotel101
2024	Management	_	EU SARL
	S.L.U.		
26 February	Hotel101 Sales Pte.	Singapore	100% owned through Hotel101
2024	Ltd.		Global Pte Ltd
13 March 2024	Hotel101 Global	Cayman	100% owned by the Company
	Holdings Corp.	Islands	

13 March 2024	HGHC 1 Corp.	Cayman	100% owned through Hotel101
	-	Islands	Global Holdings Corp.
13 March 2024	HGHC 2 Corp.	Cayman	100% owned through Hotel101
		Islands	Global Holdings Corp.
13 March 2024	HGHC 2 Corp.	British Virgin	100% owned through Hotel101
		Islands	Global Holdings Corp.
4 April 2024	HGHC 4 Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	100% owned through Hotel101
			Global Holdings Corp.

#### MATERIAL RECLASSIFICATION, MERGER, CONSOLIDATION

#### CORPORATE STRUCTURE

The Company's corporate structure as of the date of this Preliminary Prospectus is presented in the diagram below:



See "- Subsidiaries" for more information on each of the Company's subsidiaries as of 31 March 2024. with established rules and best practices.

#### **BUSINESS STRATEGIES**

A nationwide expansion plan to grow recurring income stream across four property pillars: retail, office, industrial and hospitality

The Company is working towards building a strong base of recurring revenue through the accumulation of completed portfolio nationwide, across the retail, office, industrial and industrial property segments. The Company has established a successful track record of expansion by accumulating an investment property portfolio with a total value of \$\mathbb{P}\$150.4 Billion as of 30 June 2024. The significant pace of execution was achieved through two key success factors:

- Direct access to land bank opportunities, and a high level of familiarity with first class municipalities and second- and third-class cities resulting in the ability to transact quickly; and
- · Adaptable approach to site acquisition by entering into joint ventures or strategic alliances with

landowners, which contribute land to the joint venture while the Group provides its development expertise.

The Company intends to establish a nationwide footprint through strategically selected projects that are located in prime locations both in Metro Manila and the different provinces in the Philippines. The Company believes that the combination of macroeconomic factors and sector trends across the country is expected to support a robust outlook in the near and medium term period. This would allow the Company to diversify its recurring income source through a balance of stable growth and high growth industries. Specifically, while the Metro Manila office leasing space provides a stable base of income stream, the Company believes that the remaining portfolio is well positioned for upside given exposure to the following trends:

- Transition of traditional retail to modern retail. According to Savills, modern retail is still in its early stages in first class municipalities and second- and third-class cities, which, coupled with the significant GDP and population growth the Philippines, indicates that the Philippine retail market is geared towards significant growth.
- Strong and sustainable demand for logistics facilities underpinned by limited supply, in particular modern logistics facilities in the Philippines. According to Savills, the current supply of quality logistics facilities in the Philippines is fragmented, as there is no one major owner of logistics facilities across the country.

#### Identifying shifts and capitalizing on real estate segments where it can be a leading player

Prior to entering a segment, the Company put in significant effort to conduct in-depth marke research and analysis to help it identify markets where the Company has the resources and ability to dominate either now, or over a period of time.

One of the transitions that the Company had observed earlier was the evolution of traditional retail into modern retail in first class municipalities and second- and third-class cities – particularly notable in the supermarket segment, which is relevant to the its business model since the supermarket typically occupies one-third of the leasable space of CityMalls. To leverage on this trend, the Company conceptualized CityMalls such that it was able to utilize the growing shift of retailers from traditional to modern formats, offering select retail stores in addition to its anchor hardware, appliance and supermarket stores, among others. The Company continues to reinforce that CityMall is a replacement to traditional retail, tapping its existing demand. Given its success in this segment, one of the focus points is to entrench its market-leading position as the largest and fastest-growing retail developer, owner and operator of community malls in provincial areas of the Philippines.

- The Company's target is to achieve a strong portfolio of CityMalls across first class municipalities and secondand third-class cities. Its key strategy is to continue to develop, own and operate a nationwide retail mall
  network, funding further expansion by using recurring income from its operating malls as well as profits from
  the sale of its development properties, supported by additional debt funding if required.
- The Company will continue to innovate, to implement optimal tenant mixes best suited to the Philippine consumer, to introduce new retail experiences adapted to market dynamics, and to adapt best practices and concepts from retail leaders elsewhere in Southeast Asia; and
- The Company will continue to create barriers into the community mall segment, by targeting underserved lower tier areas. The Company chooses such sites based on the following criteria: (i) sites that give the Company a first-mover advantage in areas where there is less operational baggage from costs, but also (ii) sites where the Company are familiar with and (iii) sites with scarce presence of competitors and suitably sized lots within and in surrounding prime city center areas.

The Company continues to believe that the tourist segment will be an important economic sector for the country. As of 31 March 2024, the Company had a total of 1,482 hotel rooms, with seven hotels under construction and expected to add another 3,463 rooms, and an additional ten hotels under planning and development stages. under its Jinjiang and Hotel101 brands – essentially giving it a market dominating position over other major real estate players.

The Company has also paid attention to the increasing number of outbound tourists from the Philippines, including to popular places such as Japan. As such, the Company has recently acquired a 9,000 sq.m. parcel of land in Hokkaido Prefecture, Japan, where it expects to build its first Hotel101 venture outside the Philippines, named Hotel101-Niseko. In 2023, the Company, through its subsidiary also fully acquired a 6,593 sq.m of prime commercial land in Madrid Spain. The development, named Hotel101-Madrid eyes the high real estate investment demand in Madrid driven by

the Spanish Golden Visa.

The Company's management team has also continued to assess and adapt to shifts in the demands in the real estate industry. For example, the Company added industrial leasing as its fourth pillar as the Company believes that warehousing in the Philippines is currently fragmented, and there remains favorable local macroeconomic dynamics to translate into strong and sustainable demand for logistics facilities and underpinned by limited stock of existing logistics facilities. Given the significant overlap of tenants in its retail mall business and their corresponding needs for industrial space, the Company believes that it is in a position to not only tap into this existing demand but to also help its tenants achieve operating efficiencies. The current industrial landscape is such that majority of the current stock of logistics warehouse is old generation and fragmented properties that often provide less efficient warehousing conditions – existing warehouses are not suitable for distribution needs as one of the key specifications requires the floor-to- ceiling height to be 14 meters high, while most of the current facilities are only six meters high.

The Company's industrial business model is focused on providing modern logistics warehouses with features to drive greater accessibility and efficiency, and its ability to execute this strategy is underpinned by its shareholders who have experience in food and beverage, commissaries, cold storage logistics – a large part of each industrial center's leasable space is catered to these specific segments. The Company sees its CentralHub industrial centers as the first branded modern industrial centre chain in the Philippines, and like CityMall and Hotel101, all industrial centers will look the same and will be located in strategic locations around the country. The Company believes that through this segment, it will be able to provide an additional layer of service to its retail tenants, and increase their level of stickiness to its overall ecosystem.

The Company believes that its overall business model is highly sustainable. The Company believes it is positioned to capitalize on emerging industry trends, and more importantly, its businesses are setup to serve the low to middle income population of the Philippines. The Company intends to leverage its leading market position, economies of scale and its local market knowledge to consolidate and continue to grow its market share over time.

#### Focus on building recurring revenue based on a foundation of appreciating assets and operate a capital efficient business model

The Company is focused on developing properties that will create a steady stream of cash flows backed by a string of appreciating assets. The Company believes that cash flows sourced from recurring revenue streams are of greater quality than cash flows generated from sale of properties which are non-recurring in nature and are dependent on continued reinvestment.

The Company has met its 2022 leasable portfolio target of 1.2 million sq.m. of completed GFA, and its envisioned 2.4 million sq.m. of completed GFA by 2030 is expected to generate cash flows and project yields that will organically grow without continuous capital outlay, primarily driven by the embedded escalation rates in its lease contracts with its tenants.

The Company books its assets held for lease as investment property. As the Company has adopted the fair value method, its investment property is generally revalued on an annual basis by a third-party appraiser based on comparable market transactions relative to the location of its properties held for lease. Generally, the Company's investment property has seen substantial gains from revaluation on top of cash flows contributed from leasing operations.

The Company's business model is also geared to be highly capital efficient in deployment of capital once it achieves scale in its CityMalls expansion, coupled with the completion of other developments that are earmarked to provide recurring income. This is mostly driven by CityMall's relatively quick churn rate, with an estimated time to completion of 12 months and a further six months to stabilise, thus ensuring that raised capital is quickly converted into cash-generating hard assets.

For its Hotel101 business, the Company has adopted a "sale-and-managed" model, where individual condotel units are sold to third-party investors but the Company continues to manage the condotel units post-sale. Sale proceeds are consequentially used to fund the development cost, which reduces its equity requirements for any project. In addition, the Company plans to subfranchise its Jinjiang Inn brand, and under this model, the capital expenditure for any repairs of these subfranchised hotels is to be borne by the subfranchisee. Overall, these streams of income will reduce the equity contribution required from the Company to fund any future capital expenditure plans. The Company also aims to expand its Hotel101 business globally, and has filed a global patent application for its Hotel101 condotel concept. The Company aims to become the first Filipino hotel chain to be exported worldwide, and expand its Hotel101 business via Hotel101 Global Pte. Ltd. through partnerships and joint ventures, first targeting Asia and subsequently, Europe and the United States. The Company also developed a Hotel101 application and is already available on iOS

and Android. As of 2023, the Company through its Global Subsidiary secured its overseas Hotel101 projects in Niseko Hokkaido Japan and Madrid Spain.

Further, similar to its first REIT, DDMP REIT, Inc., focusing on office leasing properties, the Company intends to continue to develop and build its industrial warehouse leasing portfolio to prepare for potentially the Philippines' first industrial property REIT. In 2022, the Company completed its equity partnership with JFC to further grow both the recurring rental revenue portfolio and warehouse *assets of CentralHub*.

#### Maintain a strong balance sheet, prudent risk and capital management and good governance

By maintaining a strong balance sheet, the Company believes that it is in a position to withstand economic and financial cycles, while allowing it to fund its planned expansion. This will also give it the flexibility to make acquisitions or fund capital expenditures when opportunities arise. In addition, the Company believes that its strong balance sheet is reinforced by its cost-efficient business model – rollout of expansion plans for CityMall, Hotel101 and industrial centers via the same format allows for economies of scale and reduces any cost inefficiencies that could result from unnecessities.

The Company intends to take a disciplined approach to the allocation of capital across its projects, with the strict application of hurdle rates and benchmarks for each investment. Its planned capital expenditure is principally earmarked for the expansion of its mall network. The Company plans to fund its capital expenditure plan through its recurring income, pre-sales, external financing, and its access to diverse sources of funds will increase its financial flexibility. The Company has been a repeat issuer in the domestic bond market, including bonds arranged by BPI Capital Corporation, BDO Capital & Investment Corporation, Maybank ATR Kim Eng Capital Partners Inc., and RCBC Capital Corporation, demonstrating its established relationships across both domestic and international banks. Besides the domestic bond market, the Company has also tapped into diversified sources of funding which include Preferred Shares and bank funding, highlighting its diversified capital base, comprising of retail and institutional investors.

The Company also plans to manage its debt maturity profile, reduce cost of funding and diversify its sources of funding, including potentially accessing the capital markets again. To achieve these objectives, its key areas of focus are as follows:

- Company's focus on developments with a "for-sale" component, pre-sale proceeds from the sales can be used to partially fund the development costs of the project components;
- Reduce cost of funding by growing a steady stream of recurring rental income while utilizing pre-sales to reduce overall funding needs;
- Continue to diversify funding sources and lower its cost of capital by monitoring the markets for favorable
  opportunities to build up its capital resources through various financing options such as equity issuances,
  loans and public debt issuances, among others; and

#### **BUSINESS SEGMENTS**

The Group focuses on 4 business segments.





#### RETAIL LEASING

The Company operates its retail leasing segment primarily through its subsidiary, CMCCI. As of 31 March 2024, the Company owns and operates 46 malls, primarily located in the provincial areas of the Philippines. As of 31 March 2024, the Company also had 43 operational CityMalls, and seven CityMalls under construction with an additional land bank for 14 CityMalls. CMCCI is 66% owned by the Company and 34% owned by SMIC, the holding company for one of the largest conglomerates in the Philippines. The Company believes CityMall is the first branded independent community mall chain to focus on the provincial areas in the Philippines.

All CityMalls have a standard color, design, look, feel and approximate size. The Company believes that the standardization of the CityMalls makes the mall design a brand unto itself. The photos below depict the typical look of a CityMall:



CityMall provides prime and strategic locations in the heart of the community that it serves, locating the malls close to national highways in order to amplify visibility and ensure the mall is in the city center for maximum exposure. CityMall caters to top Philippine fast food brands such as Jollibee, Mang Inasal, Chowking, Greenwich, Red Ribbon and Highlands Coffee, as well as other leading retailers. The Company believes that CityMall provides the platform in which modern retail brands can expand into the provinces because it is the first modern retail format in most of the cities that it is penetrating. The Company's tenants include well-known brands such as Bank of the Philippine Islands, BDO Unibank, Watsons, Burger King, Panda Express, LBC and 7-Eleven.

In December 2016, CMCCI started to roll out cinemas in various CityMall locations. As of 31 March 2024, 12 cinemas are operational. Each cinema is expected to have a seating capacity of 100 to 120 seats. As part of its commitment to sustainable development, the Company intends to "greenergize" itsCityMalls, deploying rainwater collection systems and/or solar panels when possible.

The Company's tenancies are generally granted for a term of one to five years, with the exception of some of the larger anchor tenants, whose tenancies can last for up to 15 years, and kiosks which are on annual lease terms, with each renewable on an annual basis thereafter. Generally, six months' notice is required for termination of leases for a term of three to five years, and three months' notice is required for annual leases. Further, tenants are generally required to pay a six-month deposit at the commencement of the lease. A majority of the Company's leases are on fixed annual rates, subject to annual escalation clauses. Certain tenants of the Company, such as fast food tenants, pay rent based on a percentage of their revenues. The Company likewise has lease arrangement with tenants covering lease rates that is derived from a percentage of their revenues subject to a Minimum Guaranteed Rent (MGR) amount.

Leasable spaces are delivered bare by the Company to its tenants. The Company's tenants are responsible for the fitout of their respective leased spaces, and are required to return such spaces to the Company in bare shell at the end of the lease term.





Latest Photos of CityMall

#### Other Malls

Dragon8 Mall

Dragon8 Mall was a partially constructed project acquired by the Company on 2 May 2014. The project is located on a 5,972 sq. m. prime corner lot at C.M. Recto corner Dagupan Streets, Divisoria in Manila. In line with the area being known as a micro retail destination, Dragon8 Mall offers micro retailers a modern version of the mall stall units currently being offered within the vicinity at similar prices.

The Company sells 16-year leasehold rights on the mall stall units, which gives locators the exclusive right to lease the said units for the duration of the leasehold contract. A portion of the development is also being leased out directly to tenants and form part of the leasable portfolio of the Company. Dragon8 Mall has approximately 9,800 sq. m. of leasable space and houses approximately 300 parking spaces for the convenience of its shoppers.

#### Umbria Mall

The Company partnered with the Aryana Group, through Piccadilly Circus Landing, Inc., to develop the Umbria Commercial Center in Binan, Laguna. Umbria Commercial Center is a multi-story structure housing specialty shops, casual dining, cafes and deli shops, convenience and drug store, wellness and beauty centers, and a supermarket. A key design feature of the mall is its architecture which is inspired by the umbrella-like structure in L'Umbracle Gardens in Valencia, Spain. Umbria Commercial Center opened on December 2, 2016.

#### **OFFICE LEASING**

Office Leasing Properties:

DoubleDragon Plaza (Towers 1-4) DoubleDragon Center East	1
2	1
DoubleDragon Center West	1
Jollibee Tower	1
SkySuites Office Tower	1
DoubleDragon Tower	1
Total	9

The Company's office leasing segment primarily consists of two key projects currently under development, DD Meridian Park and Jollibee Tower.

#### DD Meridian Park

DD Meridian Park is a 4.75-hectare project in the Bay Area of Pasay City, located at the corner of Diosdado Macapagal Boulevard and EDSA Extension. The subsidiary that owns the project, DDMP REIT, Inc. formerly DD-Meridian Park Development Corp. ("DDMPDC"), is 46.67% owned by the Company.

Phase 1 consists of four 11-storey towers with a retail area on the ground floor, parking on the 2nd to 3rd levels, and BPO offices from the 5th to the 11th levels. The ground floor retail area is dedicated to established food concepts, basic services, a supermarket and a themed food hall. In addition, Phase 1 has 2,278 parking spaces (including lifts). Phase 1 office towers is fully operational.



Phase 2 of the project includes two additional office towers, DoubleDragon Center East and DoubleDragon Center West, both of which will be connected to DoubleDragon Plaza by an elevated walkway.

#### DOUBLEDRAGON CENTER EAST

#### DOUBLEDRAGON CENTER WEST





MACAPAGAL AVENUE

On March 24, 2021, DoubleDragon Plaza, DoubleDragon Center East and DoubleDragon Center West were part of the real estate properties listed under DDMPR under a real estate investment trust.

Phase 3 is expected to have over 300 luxury serviced apartment units. The serviced apartment is expected to carry the Ascott Limited brand. Ascott Limited is a leading international serviced residence owner- operator, with more than 300 properties in over 100 cities across America, Asia-Pacific, Europe and the Middle East. The Company believes the project is an ideal site for a luxury serviced apartment complex, given its close proximity to the Manila airport, Department of Foreign Affairs, Mall of Asia and Entertainment City. Construction of Ascott-branded serviced residences has commenced in 2018. In 2017, the Company, through its subsidiary DDMPR, entered into a Technical Advisory Agreement and Serviced Residence Management Agreement with Scotts Philippines Inc., in relation to the development and management of a five-star luxury serviced apartment as phase 3 of DD-Meridian Park. In 2022, Phase 3 is in full swing.

Phase 4 consists of DoubleDragon Tower, an 11-storey building with views of the Bay Area and Pasay City. The building's eight office floors will be ideal for both startups and established companies. Two floors will be dedicated to commercial establishments suitable for retails shops, restaurants and other entertainment options.





Actual Photos of DoubleDragon Tower

In line with the Company's commitment to sustainable development, the Company has been pre-certified for a silver Leadership in Energy & Environmental Design ("LEED") certification for DoubleDragon Plaza. To receive LEED certification, DoubleDragon Plaza must satisfy prerequisites and earn points to achieve different levels of certification. LEED is a green building certification program that recognizes best-in-class building strategies and practices. LEED certified buildings save money and resources and have a positive impact on the health of occupants, while promoting renewable, clean energy. As of July 31, 2024, the Company signed leases covering 80.8% of leasable space in its latest office building DoubleDragon Tower. The Company's main office asset, DD Meridian Park, had a 77.6% blended overall occupancy as of 31 July 2024.

## Jollibee Tower

Jollibee Tower is a premium grade 41-storey commercial and office tower with Jollibee Foods Corp. as the building's anchor tenant. Poised to become a prominent landmark in the Ortigas Central Business District, it is situated on a 3,002 square meter prime commercial lot located at the corner of F. Ortigas Jr. Road (formerly Emerald Avenue) and Garnet Road and will complement the thriving business community in the Ortigas Area. Jollibee Tower has a total leasable area of 59,365 square meters and will feature ground floor retail concepts of the Jollibee Group as well as an events center and the second floor. The rest of the floors will be leased as office space and will include 4 basement parking floors and 8 podium parking floors to service its tenant requirements. The tower will also feature green garden decks and a helipad.

The project is a joint venture between the Company and JFC, which serves as the building's anchor tenant. Under the terms of the Company's joint venture agreement with JFC to develop Jollibee Tower, JFC contributed the land for the project in exchange for 15% of the project's leasable floor area, while the Company as sole developer of the project received the remaining 85% of the project's leasable floor area. In addition to the floor area received under the joint venture agreement, as anchor tenant, JFC leases additional office space directly from the Company to accommodate their corporate office requirements.

The Jollibee Tower is pre-certified for a LEED Gold certification in line with the Company's desire to promote sustainable developments through "green" technology.



Actual Photo of Jollibee Tower

## **DD** Meridian Tower

DD Meridian Tower is a landmark office building located on a 3,774 sq. m. commercial property located along the main thoroughfares of Macapagal Ave and EDSA Ext., Bay Area, Pasay City. The 11-storey office building comprises eight floors dedicated to corporate offices and a commercial component in the ground and upper ground levels. Construction is expected to commence in 2020 with completion expected in 2024. DD Meridian Tower will be developed by DD Meridian Tower Corp. which is 51.00% owned by the Company.



The Company's investments in the growing industrial leasing segment are held through its wholly owned subsidiary, CentralHub Industrial Centers Inc. The Company currently has plans for development sites strategically located across Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao. The Company believes that its industrial centers are the first branded modern industrial centers in the Philippines and will contain standardised, multi-use, and industrial quality warehouses suited for commissaries, cold storage and logistics centers to be leased to locators nationwide. The Company believes that industrial leasing presents a significant growth opportunity in the Philippines due to the lack of such industrial support infrastructure in provincial areas. The Company believes that it can leverage the fast food experience of its CEO and significant shareholders, as the fast food industry leases from other parties its warehouses for commissary operations, cold storages and logistics distribution centers. The Company also believes that such industrial centers will be able to support the tenants of its CityMalls located in nearby cities.

As of 31 July 2024, the Company owns 10 CentralHub sites across the Philippines, with a total of 60.57 hectares of prime industrial land. Five of the Company's CentralHub sites, namely CentralHub-Tarlac, CentralHub-Capiz, CentralHub-Laguna 1, CentralHub-Laguna 2 and CentralHub-Pasig, are currently operational. CentralHub-Sta Barbara Iloilo, CentralHub-Davao, and CentralHub-Cebu are under construction while and CentralHub-Negros and CentralHub-Surigao are currently in the development stages. As of 31 July 2024, Phases 1 and 2 of CentralHub-Tarlac, CentralHub-Capiz, CentralHub-Laguna 1, CentralHub-Laguna 2 and CentralHub-Pasig were all fully leased out.

As of 31 July 2024, the weighted average lease expiry of the Company's operational CentralHub warehouses was 43.21 years with most of its lease contracts in a 50-year lease term. The Company has entered a lease contract on 14 November 2022 for the 44,101 sq.m. for CentralHub-Cebu, with the lease term set to start after the turnover of the leased premises.

In 2017, the Company, through CHICI, acquired a 6.2-hectare lot in the Luisita Industrial Park in Tarlac for its first industrial hub covers 32,000 sq.m. of industrial space built over four phases. Phase 1 of the project has been completed and is 100% leased out as of 31 July 2024. Phases 2 and 3 of the project each consists of one structure subdivided into four warehouses and are already completed, with phase 2 being fully leased out as of 31 July 2024. Phase 4 of the project is subdivided into three warehouses and was completed in January 2022. As of 31 July 2024, CentralHub has a blended occupancy of 91%.



### Actual CentralHub Sites Across the Philippines



Actual photo of CentralHub-Tarlac

On 14 February 2018, the Company, through CHICI, acquired a 3.9-hectare property in Iloilo, located along Iloilo R3 Road approximately five kilometers from the Iloilo International Airport and ten kilometers from the Iloilo City proper. The site is expected to be the Company's second CentralHub complex in the Philippines, following its Tarlac project which is currently under construction Once developed, CentralHub-Iloilo is expected to have a capacity of 22,134 sq.m. of leasable space. CentralHub-Iloilo commenced construction in 2022.

On 26 October 2018, CHICI acquired its third site, a 5.2-hectare parcel of land in Danao, Cebu for industrial leasing. CentralHub-Cebu will have a capacity of 27,212 sqm. of industrial warehouse space. This will be the second major hub of CentralHub in the Visayas region following the recent acquisition of CentralHub-Iloilo.

On 8 August 2018, CHICI completes its first ever CentralHub prototype which marks the beginning of a string of industrial complexes soon to rise across strategic provinces in the Philippines. On 11 March 2019, the Company has secured its fourth CentralHub industrial complex in Davao City. CentralHub-Davao has an area of 8.2 hectares with a capacity of 40,392 square meters of leasable industrial warehouse space. This will be the first CentralHub in Mindanao and DoubleDragon's fourth CentralHub nationwide.

On 11 March 2019, the Company, through CHICI, secured its fourth CentralHub industrial complex in Davao City. CentralHub-Davao has an area of 8.2 hectares with an expected capacity of 40,392 sq.m. of leasable industrial warehouse. This will be the first CentralHub in Mindanao. CentralHub-Davao is a joint venture by CHICI and Alsons Development & Investments Corp

In 2019, the Company has also developed its fifth CentralHub industrial warehouse complex located in Capiz province. The 4.2-hectare industrial warehouse complex is now completed and 100% leased to tenants such as the area distributors of Prifood and Nestlé.

In August 2021, JFC and its wholly owned subsidiary Zenith Foods Corporation ("**ZFC**") entered into definitive agreements to subscribe to an aggregate of 38.71% of CHICI's total outstanding shares (post-subscription) in consideration for a cash payment of ₱1.9 billion. On 19 August 2021, CentralHub-Laguna 1, CentralHub-Laguna 2 and CentralHub-Pasig were infused into CHICI by JFC pursuant to the definitive agreements executed between the Company and JFC, implementing the ₱4.0 billion investment of JFC in CHICI. JFC acquired common shares of CentralHub and infused its 16.4 hectares of industrial properties in Santolan, Pasig and Carmelray, Laguna which are currently utilised as commissaries (including the largest operating commissary of JFC). As of 31 March 2024, the equity and asset swap between CentralHub and JFC was completed and the transfer of title for the two CentralHub-Laguna and CentralHub-Pasig were completed. The Company and JFC are preparing for the Philippines' first industrial REIT IPO.

CentralHub-Pasig is located in F Pasco Ave, Santolan, Pasig City with area size of 14,327 sq.m., CentralHub-Laguna 1 is located in Unity Avenue and Productivity Drive, Carmelray Industrial Park 1, Canlubang, Calamba, Laguna with area size of 50,000 sq.m. and CentralHub-Laguna 2 is located in Unity and Prosperity Ave, Carmelray Industrial Park 1, Canlubang, Calamba, Laguna with area size of 100,000 sq.m. CentralHub-Pasig, CentralHub-Laguna 1 and CentralHub-Laguna 2 are fully leased out as of 31 March 2024.

In 2022, the Company acquired two other sites, a 10.06-hectare property in Silay Negros for CentralHub-Negros, and a 6.40-hectare - property in Surigao for CentralHub-Surigao. Industrial warehouse leasing is one of DoubleDragon's four pillars of growth in line with its vision to be a primarily recurring revenue-focused property company. The Company currently has plans for development for CentralHub industrial centers strategically located across Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao.



Actual photo of CentralHub-Tarlac

## LEASING POLICIES

The Company's leasing policies in relation to each of its CityMalls is to screen applicants carefully and to secure an appropriate mix of tenants, both in terms of the nature of their business and their size, which cater to the needs and demands of the community which each such CityMall serves.

The Company's office space tenancies are generally granted for a term of three to ten years. Leases may not be preterminated prior to the fifth year of the lease term, and any pre-termination requires 6 months' prior notice. The Company also requires the payment of 6 months of security deposit and advance rent at the commencement of the lease. The Company's leases are on fixed annual rates, subject to annual escalation clauses. Upon expiry of the lease, the rental rates are adjusted to reflect the prevailing market rent.

## **HOTELS**

The Company's hospitality segment is operated through its subsidiary, HOA, which is 70% owned by the Company. HOA's hospitality operations are comprised of 6 operational hotels with 1,482 hotel rooms, including the Company's own hotel brand, "Hotel101", located in the Manila Bay Area near the Mall of Asia, the Hotel101-Manila and the Hotel101-Fort in Bonifacio Global City, Taguig. CSI Hotels, Inc., a 50%-owned subsidiary of HOA, is the Philippines' master franchisee of the "Jinjiang Inn" brand, one of the largest hotel brands in Asia, with two hotels in operation in Ortigas and Makati, Metro Manila, that primarily target Chinese tourists. HOA also operates Injap Tower, a 21-storey condotel located in Iloilo City. HOA also operates Injap Tower, a 21-storey condotel located in Iloilo City. As of 31 March 2024, the Company has seven hotels under construction which is expected to add another 3,463 rooms, and an additional ten hotels under planning and development stages.

On 30 September 2022, the Company, through DDPC Worldwide Pte. Ltd. and Hotel101 Worldwide Pte. Ltd. fully paid for the acquisition of a prime 9,000 sq.m. parcel of land in Hokkaido Prefecture, Japan. The Company expects to develop its first international Hotel101 development, named Hotel101-Niseko on such acquired land.

On 31 October 2023, through its subsidiary, the company received all the pertinent executed land purchase documents and has made the full complete payment for the purchase of the 6,593 sq.m of prime commercial land in Madrid Spain. The development, named Hotel101-Madrid eyes the high real estate investment demand in Madrid driven by the Spanish Golden Visa.

As of 31 December 2023, the Company has a portfolio of 7,981 rooms which include both operational and rooms in the pipeline.

The units in Hotel101 are sold to buyers prior to construction completion and opening. The buyers receive individual condominium titles, and likewise are able to receive income share from the hotel's revenues. The Company continues to manage the hotel, and shares a portion of the gross revenue with the individual unit owners in accordance with respective management agreements. The hotel is managed by Hotel101 Management Corp, a wholly owned subsidiary of HOA, under a 25-year management contract (with an option to extend for another 25 years).

The Hotel101 concept allows the Company to generate revenue and income twice from one project, first from the pre-selling of the condotel units and second from the long term-recurring revenue from hotel operations after the project's completion.

The Company's Board of Directors approved the creation of international wholly-owned selling arm subsidiaries in Singapore, Hong Kong, Japan, London, Italy and the USA to focus on the international pre-selling of Hotel101 projects in the Philippines. The Company plans to organise several more sales teams in preparation for the pre-selling activities of the next Hotel101 projects in Cebu, Boracay, Bohol, Palawan, Libis and Niseko. On 2 April 2019, the Company incorporated its international wholly owned selling arm, Hotel101 Worldwide Private Limited, in Singapore.

On 21 June 2019, the Company inaugurated its Hotel101 sales lounge at the ground floor of DoubleDragon Plaza at DD Meridian Park, Bay Area, Pasay City. The Hotel101 sales lounge houses a training center, various meeting and conference rooms, the "Happy Room" model unit, scale models of the upcoming Hotel101 projects and other discussion areas catering to Hotel101 buyers and unit owners. HOA leases the sales lounge from DD Meridian Park Development Corp.

The Company's Hotel101 Global Application, on both Apple iOS and Android platforms, is designed to provide efficient services across countries and is already available on iOS and Android. The Hotel101 Global App provides hotel reservation services and promotional programs, including vouchers, points and loyalty perks programs. The application will be the core of the Company's global operations as it will hold the thousands of uniform Hotel101 units owned mainly by third party unit-owners enrolled exclusively in the Hotel101 Global App.

The Company believes that its foray into the hospitality sector will allow it to benefit from the significant tourism prospects globally, as well as fully optimize the use and value of its string of prime properties in strategic locations throughout the country as well as in its international locations.

## Operational Hotels:

	Number of Rooms
Hotel101-Manila	518
Hotel101- Fort	606
JinJiang Inn-Makati	59
JinJiang Inn-Ortigas	95
Injap Tower	194
JinJiang Inn-Boracay (Station 1)	10
Total	1,482

## Hotel101-Manila

HOA created the "Hotel101" brand primarily to be an alternative accommodation, with services and facilities that

address the needs of a fast-paced leisure and business environment. The first Hotel101 branded hotel opened in June 8, 2016 and is located in the Manila Bay Area, only a few blocks from the Mall of Asia, the largest mall in the Philippines and one of the largest malls in Asia. The hotel offers 518 uniformly sized rooms, a spacious lobby, where guests can relax, conduct business, or meet with friends as well as a swimming pool, kiddie pool and outdoor Jacuzzi, which opens to the famous Manila Bay sunset. Located on the ground floor is its restaurant Horizon Cafe, which serves breakfast buffet, and offers a la carte lunch and dinner, serving international cuisines.

### Hotel101-Fort



Actual Photo of Hotel101-Fort

The second Hotel101 branded hotel, located in Fort Bonifacio Global City, opened its door to public in August 2023. The Hotel101-Fort added 606 rooms to HOA's portfolio and feature a three-level podium with commercial areas on the ground and second floor levels reserved for specialty retail shops and residents. The third level of the podium will house amenities such as a gym, spa, infinity pool, conference rooms, all-day dining and lounges.

The units in Hotel101 are sold to buyers prior to construction completion and opening. The buyers receive individual condominium titles, and likewise are able to receive income share from the hotel's revenues. The Company continues to manage the hotel, and shares a portion of the gross revenue with the individual unit owners in accordance with respective management agreements. The hotel is managed by Hotel101 Management Corp, a wholly owned subsidiary of HOA, under a 25-year management contract (with an option to extend for another 25 years).



Actual photo of Hotel101-Fort lobby

CSI Hotels, Inc., a 50%-owned subsidiary of HOA, is the master franchisee of the "Jinjiang Inn" brand in the Philippines. Jinjiang is a Chinese-based hotel operator with one of the largest hotel portfolios in Asia. Through the master franchise agreement, CSI Hotels, Inc. receives the right to operate the Jinjiang Inn brand in the Philippines. The first Jinjiang Inn was opened on September 2015 and is located along San Miguel Ave. in Ortigas. The hotel offers 95 rooms including five business suites, with a dimension of 23 sq. m. to 56 sq. m., with known necessities to travelers. All rooms are complete with 46" LCD TV, mini bar, in-room safe, laundry services, and an en-suite bathroom, complete with toiletries and bath robes. Its facilities include three meeting rooms, good for six to 14 persons, and a business kiosk. Its restaurant, Five Spice Asian Bistro, serves Asian Fusion cuisines and services buffet breakfast, a la carte lunch and dinner, and can also accept banquet functions for up to 50 persons.

The second Jinjiang Inn was opened in September 2016 and is located along Pasay Road in Makati. The hotel offers 59 rooms, as well as a spacious and elegant lobby. In addition to other modern conveniences, the hotel also has a business kiosk to help guests with their online needs. All rooms are well-appointed with fixtures and amenities comparable to deluxe class hotels. Located on the ground floor is the hotel's Choi Garden Seafood Restaurant, which serves authentic Chinese cuisines and uses quality ingredients in its dishes.

The Company intends to expand its Jinjiang Inn hotels from both developments of Company-owned properties and through subfranchising thereof.

## Injap Tower

Injap Tower is a 21-storey commercial and condotel tower located along West Diversion Road in Iloilo City. Situated across from SM Iloilo, the tower is Iloilo's first high-rise building as well as the tallest building in the Western Visayas. Injap Tower features two commercial units on the ground floor, multi-level parking, and 196 fully furnished condotel units. Amenities and facilities of the tower include a swimming pool, 24-hour security, four elevators, several retail shops and the Horizon Café on the top floor.

Injap Tower Hotel is likewise a condotel concept similar to Hotel101, where rooms are sold to third party investors. The hotel is managed by Hotel101 Management Corp, a wholly owned subsidiary of HOA, under a 25-year management contract (with an option to extend for another 25 years).

Injap Tower Hotel opened in June 2014. It has 21 floors with 194 rooms available.

### **List of Hotels Under Construction**

Hotel101 - Davao (Under construction)

Hotel101 - Palawan

Hotel101 – Bohol

Hotel101 - Resort-Boracay (New Coast)

Hotel101 – Cebu (Under construction)

Hotel101 – Libis (Under construction)

Hotel101 - Cagayan De Oro

Hotel101 - Baguio

Hotel101 – Niseko (Under construction)

Hotel101 – Madrid (Under construction)

JinJiang Inn - Boracay Newcoast

JinJiang Inn – Palawan

The SkySuites Tower (Substantially completed)

Ascott-DD Meridian Park (Under construction)

### Hotel101-Davao

The third Hotel101 branded hotel, located in a prime property at Eco West Drive, Hotel101-Davao is poised to be the biggest hotel in Mindanao. Designed to accommodate diverse types of guests and travellers, Hotel101-Davao will feature back to back commercial and retail shops for a more upscale hospitality experience.

### Hotel101-Cebu

The fourth Hotel101 branded hotel, located along the Mactan-Cebu International Airport Road, Hotel101- Cebu will offer 514 hotel rooms with cosmopolitan type of accommodation with its very own convention center and refined commercial strip. Poised to be the biggest airport hotel in Visayas Region, Hotel101- Cebu is yet another landmark in the making.

### Hotel101-Libis

The 702 rooms Hotel101-Libis is set to be the largest hotel in Quezon City with its pioneering standardized signature 21sqm HappyRooms. The hotel facilities will include a gym and an outdoor infinity pool, all-day dining, business center and function rooms. Hotel101-Libis sits on a 2,547 square meter prime titled commercial lot which forms part of Bridgetowne District. The property is also across the upcoming RLC's Opus Mall shopping center within the Bridgetowne District.



Hotel 101-Libis



Hotel 101-Davao



Hotel 101-Cebu

# Hotel101- Niseko

On 30 September 2022, the Company, through DDPC Worldwide Pte. Ltd. and Hotel101 Worldwide Pte. Ltd., fully paid for the acquisition of a prime 9,000 sq.m. parcel of land in Hokkaido Prefecture, Japan. The Company expects to develop its first international Hotel101 development, named Hotel101-Niseko, on such acquired land. In February 2023, the Company has signed construction agreement with its contractors in Japan and is in the process of obtaining new building permit for the new development layout to maximise space usage. Hotel101-Niseko is expected to have approximately 482 rooms, and is expected to generate pre-selling sales revenue as a hybrid condotel project. The project is located in Hokkaido Prefecture, Japan, and targets domestic travelers in Japan, foreign tourists from other countries, including, in particular, Filipino travelers who visit Hokkaido. The Company believes it will generate

hybrid condotel pre-sale revenue as well as long term recurring revenue from the hotel operation.



Artist's Perspective, Hotel101-Niseko





Acutal photo of Hotel101-Niseko's ground breaking

# Hotel101- Madrid

On 31 October 2023, DoubleDragon's subsidiary Hotel101 Global has received all the pertinent executed land purchase documents and has made the full complete payment for the purchase of the 6,593 square meters of prime commercial land in Madrid Spain. Located in Avenida Fuerzas Armadas, Valdebebas, Madrid which is surrounded by major landmark buildings and is about 3 minutes walk to the Valdebebas Train Station, 4 minutes walk to IFEMA convention complex, 5 minutes walk to Real Madrid Sports Complex, and around 7 minutes to the new Madrid Barajas International Airport.



Artist's Perspective: Hotel101-Madrid

### Other Hotel Developments

On 1 February 2018, the Company announced that HOA entered into a joint venture with Newcoast South Beach, Inc., for the development of Hotel101 Resort-Boracay which will have 1,001 rooms and is expected to become the biggest hotel in the Philippines in terms of room count. The project will support environment- friendly operations, consistent with the sustainability efforts and green initiatives of Boracay Newcoast which include of electric jeepneys, solar-powered streetlamps, flood-free drainage systems, implementation of its own waste segregation program, having its own material recovery facility ("MRF") for waste recycling and having its own sewage treatment plant that converts used water to water for irrigation purposes and fire reserves.

The sites for Hotel101 Bohol and Hotel101 Resort-Boracay are subject of two Memorandum of Agreement executed by HOA in 2017. Ownership over the Hotel101 Bohol site will be transferred upon delivery by HOA of the agreed consideration to the landowner. The land where Hotel101 Resort-Boracay will be built will be transferred to Newcoast South Beach Inc. ("NSI") pursuant to its Contract to Sell with Global-Estate Resorts, Inc. and Oceanfront Properties Inc., and which will eventually be the joint development vehicle that will develop a condominium building in Boracay Newcoast, Boracay Island, Malay, Aklan. Under the agreement with HOA, the shareholders of NSI will contribute the land for the Hotel101 Resort-Boracay project while HOA shall infuse capital that will allow it to acquire 61.9% interest in the NSI, with current NSI shareholders retaining 38.1%. NSI is in the process of completing the payment for the site which must be completed within six months from the execution of the agreement, or not later than April 10, 2018. In the event that NSI fails to complete the payment with the said period, HOA shall have the option to pay the balance needed for the full payment of the lots and the amount thus paid shall be considered in the computation of its proportionate equity share in the company.

The sites for Jinjiang Inn-Boracay Station 1 and Hotel101-Cagayan de Oro are covered by Contracts of Lease. HOA leases a 548.75 square meter space located at Balabag, Boracay Island, Malay, Aklan for Jinjiang Boracay. For Hotel101 Cagayan De Oro, HOA leases a space from CMCCI located at Brgy. Bulua, Cagayan De Oro City. The contract is for a period of 25 years commencing on January 1, 2021 or opening date, whichever is earlier, and shall terminate on January 1, 2046.

### **INTERIM PROJECTS**

The Company's long term strategy is to earn a significant majority of its revenues through recurring income from its leasing portfolio and hospitality operations. However, the Company has strategically acquired existing projects that have been pre-sold and partially completed by other developers in order to enhance the Company's profitability in the near-term and provide capital to develop its leasing portfolio of properties. While the Company may continue to strategically acquire such additional interim projects in the future on a case by case basis, the Company will continue

to shift its primary focus to acquiring, developing and operating leasable properties in the future. The discussion below includes certain details on interim projects undertaken by the Company.

### The SkySuites Tower

The Company acquired The SkySuites Tower on September 1, 2014 from Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation, the financial institution that foreclosed on the property from its original developer four years prior to the Company's acquisition. The SkySuites Tower was planned as a 38-storey commercial, office and residential tower sitting on a 2,812 sq. m. prime corner lot at the corner of EDSA and Quezon Avenue, a few meters away from the Mass Rail Transit station.

The SkySuites Tower is divided into two structures with lobbies: the lower structure is dedicated to corporate offices while the residential tower consists of lofts catering to the mid to high-end market. The Company has continued both the construction and sale of the remaining inventory of the residential units and parking, but intends to retain the unsold commercial and office spaces as part of the Company's leasable portfolio.

### W.H. Taft Residences

The Company's first project in Metro Manila was the 31-storey W.H. Taft Residences, a condominium development situated beside De La Salle University on Taft Ave. in Manila. W.H. Taft Residences offers 533 low-density studios and one bedroom residential units in a prime location to serve as a base for students from De La Salle University, College of St. Benilde and St. Scholastica's College, all of which are within walking distance from the project. Residents of the project also enjoy a full range of student-inspired features and amenities such as wireless internet connection, a multi-purpose hall convertible into seminar, study, or focus group discussion areas, a swimming pool, multi-level flood free podium parking, and commercial establishments on the ground and second floors to cater to the day-to-day needs of its residents.

## The Uptown Place

The Uptown Place is a five-storey premium commercial and residential condominium located along General Luna Street in Iloilo City. The building is across the street from the University of the Philippines Iloilo and consists of 236 residential units, ranging from 21 sq. m. studios to 73 sq. m. three bedroom units. The ground floor consists of commercial units held for lease. The project construction was completed in March 2014.

## **FirstHomes**

FirstHomes subdivision is the Company's first horizontal housing project. Located in Navais, Mandurriao, Iloilo City. FirstHomes is a gated townhouse project consisting of 112 units within a 1.3-hectare property. FirstHomes offers semi-furnished two, three and four bedroom units equipped with modern utilities and features modern minimalist design and a wide range of amenities including swimming pools, community parks, clubhouse and CCTV security systems. The project was completed in October 2012.

## **HappyHomes**

HappyHomes-Mandurriao is a project of DD HappyHomes Residential Centers, Inc., a subsidiary of the Company. HappyHomes is an affordable community space offering 613 lots for development in the fast growing Mandurriao district of Iloilo City. HappyHomes offers four variations of units with varying house and lot packages ranging from ₱1.2 million to ₱3.1 million. Each unit is built upon receipt of a 10% down payment and can be turned over four to six months from start of construction. In 2018, the land development is 100% complete. Construction is on a perblock basis and commences when at least 50% of the block has been sold. The construction period is approximately seven to eight months.

Happy Homes-Tanauan is a new project of DDHH, Inc. that was acquired in 2015. Located in Tanauan, Leyte, the project consists of 1,494 lots available for development. Four variations of units with varying house and lot packages are available, ranging from ₱0.450 million to ₱1.2 million. Land development works for phase 1 began on April 21, 2016. Similar to Happy Homes-Mandurriao, construction is on a per-block basis and commences when at least 50% of the block has been sold and the construction period is approximately seven to eight months.

Buyers of units in Happy Homes-Mandurriao and Happy Homes-Tanauan may avail of financing schemes offered by the Home Development Mutual Fund as well as accredited banks.

## **OTHER INITIATIVES**

The Company also continues to access new rental revenue streams from leasing of roof space for solar, advertising spaces in its string of strategic properties around the country, and from roof deck space leasing for common telecommunications towers. The Company has commenced leasing out its roof spaces to solar companies. Both CityMalls and CentralHub warehouses are expected to lease out a total of 100 MW of solar panel space which is expected to translate to P100 million in annual rent income, excluding the rent income from advertising and common telco towers. In 2019, solar panels were installed at the rooftop of DoubleDragon Plaza, DD Meridian Park. These solar panels are expected to displace 418 tons of CO2, equalling to over 13,565 trees planted.

## **International Expansion**

Hotel101 Global's international Hotel101 hotels will be managed by wholly-owned subsidiaries of Hotel101 Global. For example, Hotel101-Niseko will be managed by Hotel101 Japan Management KK, a Japanese corporation, while Hotel101-Madrid will be managed by Hotel101 Spain Management, S.L.U., a Spanish limited liability company. Both companies are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Hotel101 Global.

Hotel101 App – Available on iOS and Android, the Hotel101 App currently facilitates hotel reservations and guest services and offers promotions such as vouchers and loyalty programs, allowing Hotel101 to streamline hotel operations and enhance guest experience across its portfolio. Going forward, the Company intends to develop the Hotel101 App to serve as its operational backbone, linking Unit Owners, hotel guests and operations teams at each hotel in a seamless ecosystem that supports both daily management and strategic initiatives.

### **COMPETITION**

DoubleDragon's top competitors are investment holding companies with a strong real estate portfolio such as SM Investments Cop. (SM), Ayala Corporation (AC) and JG Summit Holdings Corp. (JGS).

SM is the holding company of the SM Group with interests in property, retail and banking with total assets as at 31 December 2023, and 30 June 2024 were \$\psi\$1.586 trillion and \$\psi\$1.603 trillion, respectively. AC principal business interests include real estate and hotels; financial services and insurance; telecommunications; water; industrial technologies; power; and automotive, outsourcing, and others with total assets as at 31 December 2023, and 30 June 2024 were \$\psi\$1.609 trillion and \$\psi\$1.679 trillion, respectively. JGS has substantial business interests in real estate and hotels; foods; agro-industrial and commodities; air transportation; banking; and petrochemicals with total assets as at 31 December 2023, and 30 June 2024 were \$\psi\$1.112 trillion and \$\psi\$1.003 trillion, respectively.

Since CityMall was conceptualized to be the modern alternative to traditional retailers in the provinces, the Company believes that traditional retailers would primarily be considered as the current competitors of CityMall. However, traditional retailers are often less organized and do not have the branding strength or critical mass that the Company can achieve through the nationwide roll out of its CityMalls. The existing traditional retailers are also more often than not locally owned and specific only to that city or region. Currently, only a fraction of the pricing advantage previously enjoyed by local retailers exists. The Company believes this pricing advantage will continue to be reduced or eliminated in the near term as branded retailers continue to penetrate the provinces. Other community mall developers could potentially be considered competitors to CityMall, although the Company believes that it has the advantage of familiarity, focus and actual business experience in these provincial areas of the Philippines.

For the office segment, the Company will compete with a majority of property players that are also invested in the office segment. The office segment is dependent on the continuous growth of the BPO industry in the Philippines, which make up majority of the end users in this market. Economic downturns could potentially affect this sector, thus, in order to minimize risk, the Company has only developed office projects within the top five prime locations for these types of developments.

For the industrial leasing, the Company competes with other small to large property players with warehouses and logistic hubs around the country. Due to the COVID 19 pandemic, there is a positive demand for logistics space in the country given that companies involved in fast-moving consumer goods distribution and food production are priority industries the Government mandated to be fully operational during the imposition of the community quarantine measures. The Company believes that it can compete in the market given the locations of its industrial properties and the synergies with its related parties.

The Company's hotels cater to the mid-end market and compete with other three-star hotels and alternative sources of accommodation, such as short-term lets of private property, within the areas where HBNB has current and planned operations, such as the Manila Bay Area, Makati City, Bonifacio Global City, Taguig and Ortigas Center in the Philippines and Hokkaido Prefecture, Japan, Madrid, Spain, Westlake North District of Los Angeles, California, United States, and other international Hotel101 sites.

The Hotel101 concept is also positioned as an alternative real estate investment to titled apartment condo real estate units that people buy with the intention to lease out or enroll the asset in short term rental application platforms for passive income while preserving the long-term asset value of the titled apartment unit that could eventually be passed on as inheritance. The Hotel101 concept, while similar to existing short-term apartment rental websites and application platforms in the sense that its inventory is owned by third-party Unit Owners, is distinct in the sense that Hotel101 offers predictability of offering and consistency of quality.

The Company competes with the top 5 real estate companies in the Philippines, with properties and products focused on retail leasing, office leasing, industrial leasing and hotels.

### MARKETING

The Company employs an in-house leasing, marketing and project department to find tenants for the Company's leasing spaces. The Company also relies on professional, multinational commercial real estate leasing agents such as Leechiu & Associates, Colliers, KMC Savills and Santos Knight Frank to find tenants for its office spaces.

## **SUPPLIERS**

The Company has a broad base of suppliers for materials and services and is not dependent on any one supplier for its construction and development activities. The Company believes there is no scarcity for the Company's raw materials and they may be easily sourced in the market, and therefore the Company is not, nor is it expected to be, dependent upon one or a limited number of suppliers for its essential raw materials or any other items. The Company's principal raw materials are steel and cement, which are readily available in the market from a number of sources. Contracts between the Company and its contractors or suppliers contain warranties for quality and requirements for timely completion. In the event of delay or poor quality of work, the contractor or supplier may be liable to pay the Company a penalty. The Company has not had any material disputes with any of its contractors or suppliers. The Company uses a standard form fixed- price turnkey contract for both its general and specialty construction contractors. The contracts typically include the following key terms: a down payment of 10%-15% is required from the contractor and is usually obtained in the form of a performance bond; progressive billing occurs on a monthly basis; and a 10% retention and warranty provision for workmanship is included and is typically covered by a guarantee bond.

The Company also outsources certain services for its CityMalls, office buildings and hotels, such as housekeeping, janitorial, maintenance, and security services, to reputable third-party service provides on an annual contractual basis. These contracts can usually be terminated at any time, such as if the contractor fails to perform at an acceptable level.

## **CUSTOMERS**

The Company does not have a customer that will account for twenty percent (20%) or more of its revenues.

## RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

While the Company engages in research and development activities, the expenses incurred in connection with these activities are not material.

## **EMPLOYEES**

As of 31 July 2024, the Company and its Subsidiaries have a total of 616 organic employees, with 350 organic employees in operations. The Parent Company had 222 organic employees as of the same period. The Company and its Subsidiaries expect to increase to 675 organic employees in the next 12 months.

Type of Employee	Number
Managerial	50
Rank and File	625
TOTAL	675

The Company has no collective bargaining agreements with its employees due to the absence of organized labor organizations in the Company. Aside from complying with the minimum compensation standards mandated by law, the Company makes available to qualified personnel supplemental benefits such as health insurance, car plans and bonuses. The Company has not experienced any disruptive labor disputes, strikes or threats of strikes, and management believes that the Company's relationship with its employee in general is satisfactory.

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

The operations of the Company are not dependent on any copyright, patent, trademark, license, franchise, concession or royalty agreement. The Company and its Subsidiaries have registered the following trademarks with the Intellectual Property Office:

	NAME	TRADEMARK	APPLICATION DATE	REGISTRATION DATE
1	DD DOUBLE DRAGON PROPERTIES CORP.	DOUBLE DRAGON	05-03-2016	11-17-2017
2	DD DOUBLE DRAGON PROPERTIES CORP. MAKING GREAT THINGS HAPPEN FOR YOU	DOUBLE DRAGON PROPERTIES CORP MAKING GREAT THINGS HAPPEN FOR YOU.	05-03-2016	11-17-2017
3	DOUBLE DRAGON	DoubleDragon	10-29-2012	05-30-2013
4	DD GREEN		02-21-2018	10-28-2018
5	DD WHITE		10-29-2012	05-30-2013
6	DOUBLEDRAGON PROPERRTY MANAGEMENT CORP.	Property Management Corp.	07-26-2019	12-26-19

7	DOUBLEDDRAGON PLAZA	DOUBLEDRAGON PLAZA	07-28-2017	04-12-2018
8	DOUBLEDDRAGON PLAZA DD MERIDIAN PARK	DOUBLEDRAGON PLAZA DID MEREUTAN PARK	03-16-2018	10-07-2018
9	DD MERIDIAN PARK	DD MERIDIAN PARK	02-12-2018	09-02-2018
10	CITYMALL	CÍTYMall	10-30-2013	08-21-2014
11	CITYMALL PHILIPPINES	CITYMAIL	02-12-2018	02-24-2019
12	CITYMALL SEE YOU EVERYDAY	CITYMall See you Everyslay!	10-30-2013	08-21-2014
13	CITYMALL YOUR EVERYDAY MALL	CITYMall Your Steamyday Mality	05-03-2016	03-24-2017
14	CITYMALL CINEMA	CÍTYMAII GINEMA	02-19-2019	06-27-2019
15	CENTRALHUB	CentralHub	10-06-2017	05-17-2018
16	CENTRALHUB PHILIPPINES	CentralHub	02-21-2018	10-06-2019
17	CENTRALHUB INDUSTRIAL CENTERS INC	Central Hub	09-28-2017	05-31-2018
18	D8 MALL	D8 MALL	02-15-2017	07-14-2017
19	DRAGON8 MALL THE NEWEST MALL IN DIVISORIA	Dragon8 MALL The Newcast Mall in Dirimeta	07-26-2019	12-12-2019

20	DRAGN8 MALL (NEW LOGO)	Dragon8	02-04-2020	03-19-2021
21	WH TAFT	WH TAFT	10-30-2015	01-21-2016
22	THE SKY SUITES	SKY SUITES	05-22-2015	04-29-2016
23	ISLAS PINAS	Islas Pinas	05-03-2018	01-10-2019
24	HOTEL101 WHITE	HOTEL	05-08-2012	02-06-2014
25	HOTEL101 GREEN	HOTEL	02-21-2018	11-15-2018
26	INJAP TOWER HOTEL	INJAP TOWER	09-23-2020	03-19-2021
27	DDMP REIT, INC.	DDMP REIT, INC.	12-16-2020.	05-23-2021
28	DD ICON		06-09-2021	12-13-2021
29	DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION (TEXT ONLY)	DoubleDragon Corporation	06-09-2021	10-13-2021

30	DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION (LOGO AND TEXT)	DoubleDragon Corporation	06-09-2021	10-31-2021
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These trademarks are important in the aggregate because name recognition and exclusivity of use are contributing factors to the success of the Company's developments. In the Philippines, certificates of registration of a trademark filed with the Philippine Intellectual Property Office are generally effective for a period of 10 years, unless terminated earlier.

Also, the company has listed its trademark internationally:

	Owner	Trademark	Jurisdiction
1	Hotel of Asia, Inc.	HOTEL	Issued by WIPO Madrid protecting the H101 trademark in the following countries:     Afghanistan (AF), African Intellectual Property Organization (OA), Albania (AL), Algeria (DZ), Armenia (AM), Australia (AU), Austria (AT), Azerbaijan (AZ), Bahrain (BH), Belarus (BY), Bhutan(BT), Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba (BQ), Bosnia and Herzegovina(BA), Botswana(BW), Brunei Darussalam (BN), Bulgaria (BG), Cambodia (KH), Croatia (HR), Cuba(CU), Curacao (CW), Cyprus (CY), Czech Republic (CZ), Democratic People's Republic of Korea (KP), Denmark (DK), Egypt (EG), Estonia (EE), Eswatini (SZ), European Union Intellectual Property Office (EM), Finland (FI), France (FR), Gambia (GM), Germany (DE), Ghana (GH), Greece (GR), Hungary (HU), India (IN), Indonesia (ID), Israel (IL), Italy (IT), Japan(JP), Kazakhstan (KZ), Kenya (KE), Kyrgyzstan (KG), Lao People's Democratic Republic (LA), Latvia (LV), Lesotho (LS), Liberia (LR), Liechtenstein (LI), Lithuania (LT), Madagascar (MG), Malawi (MW), Monaco (MC), Mongolia (MN), Montenegro (ME), Morocco (MA), Mozambique (MZ), Namibia (NA), New Zealand (NZ), North Macedonia (MK), Norway (NO), Pakistan (PK), Poland (PL) Portugal (PT), Republic of Korea (KR), Republic of Moldova (MD), Romania (RO), Rwanda (RW), Samoa (WS), San Marino (SM), Sao Tome and Principe (ST), Serbia (RS), Sierra Leone (SL), Singapore (SG), Sint Maarten (Dutch part) (SX), Slovakia (SK), Slovenia (SI), Spain (ES), Sudan (SD), Sweden (S,E), Switzerland (CH), Syrian Arab Republic (SY), Tajikistan (TJ), Trinidad and Tobago (TT), Tunisia (TN), Türkiye (TR), Turkmenistan (TM), United Kingdom (GB), Uzbekistan (UZ), Viet Nam (VN), Zambia (ZM), Zimbabwe (ZW)

## HEALTH, SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENT

The Company regards occupational health and safety as one of its most important corporate and social responsibilities and it is the Company's corporate policy to comply with existing environmental laws and regulations. The Company maintains various environmental protection systems and conducts regular trainings on environment, health and safety. As discussed above, the Company spends significant time and resources on being a leader in sustainable development.

On 14 January 2019, CMCCI formally committed to support the World Wide Fund for Nature ("WWF") Philippines' renewable energy efforts in the country as the two parties entered into a memorandum of agreement memorializing a partnership that will help boost projects that promote and demonstrate renewable energy use, low carbon development in cities, and sustainable consumption and production under the "Climate Change and Energy Program" of WWF-Philippines. Anchored primarily on public awareness and consumer education campaigns on the importance of caring for the environment and the benefits of solar power and renewable energy by way of exposure in all CityMalls nationwide, promotion of WWF-Philippines' existing campaigns such as "Seize Your Power" and "Earth Hour", and other climate mitigation and adaptation initiatives, will also be pursued under the terms of the memorandum of agreement.

On 21 June 2019, DoubleDragon Plaza at DD Meridian Park received its LEED Gold Certification. LEED, which stands for Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design, is a green building certification program developed by the U.S. Green Building Council which evaluates environmental performance to provide a definitive standard for green buildings. LEED recognizes best-in-class building strategies and practices. By designing and building to LEED standards, the Company benefits from a number of value-added incentives such as reduced construction waste, increased recycled content, lower long-term operating costs, efficient water usage, and improved indoor air quality.

In 2019, solar panels were installed at the rooftop of DoubleDragon Plaza, which are expected to displace 418 tons of CO2, equivalent to over 13,000 trees planted.

The Jollibee Tower is also pre-certified for a gold LEED certification in line with the Company's desire to promote sustainable developments through "green" technology. To receive LEED certification, Jollibee Tower must satisfy prerequisites and earn points to achieve different levels of certification. The exterior of the building is expected to be made of double-glazed glass curtain wall for increased energy efficiency. The Company believes the structure is poised to become one of the prominent landmarks in the Ortigas skyline.

### **INSURANCE**

The Company obtains and maintains appropriate insurance coverage on its properties, assets and operations in such amounts and covering such risks as the Company believes are usually carried by companies engaged in similar businesses and using similar properties in the same geographical areas as those in which the Company operates. The Company maintains insurance policies, including policies with Malayan Insurance Company, Incorporated and PGA Sompo Insurance Corp. through the Company's insurance broker, Marsh Philippines, Inc., covering the following risks: Businesss interruption, comprehensive general liability, personal accident insurance for directors and officers, fire and lightning, bush fire and spontaneous combustion; windstorm, storm, typhoon, flood, tidal wave and tsunami; water damage caused by overflowing or bursting of water tanks, pipes or other apparatus, sprinkler and related firefighting apparatus leakage; explosion, falling aircraft and article therefrom, impact by road vehicles and smoke; earthquake shock and earthquake fire; volcanic eruption; subsidence, collapse and landslide; riot and strike, civil commotion and malicious acts; electrical injury; sparkler and related firefighting apparatus leakage; robbery and burglary; mechanical or electrical derangement failure or breakdown or boiler explosion; extra expense / standard charges; and third-party bodily injury and property damage.

## SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

## **Subsidiaries**

The following is a brief description of each of the Company's eighteen direct subsidiaries:

- (1) **DoubleDragon Sales Corp.** ("**DDSC**"), incorporated on 12 November 2012, is engaged in the business of selling or marketing real estate products, including, but not limited to land, buildings, condominium units, townhouses, apartments, house and lot packages and all other forms of real estate products.
- (2) **DoubleDragon Property Management Corp.** ("**DDPMC**"), incorporated on 17 January 2012, is engaged in the business of maintaining, preserving, preparing and cleaning buildings, condominiums, townhouses, hotels, amusement or recreational places or counters, office premises, factories, shops, equipment and facilities, as well as to render janitorial services, window cleaning, to undertake additional carpentry works, plumbing, electrical, painting, landscaping, gardening, ground maintenance services of any and all kinds of buildings.
- (3) CityMall Commercial Centers Inc. ("CMCCI"), incorporated on 27 December 2013, is engaged in

- the business of commercial shopping centers or malls focused on provincial retail leasing.
- (4) **Piccadilly Circus Landing Inc.** ("PCLI") was incorporated on 10 October 2012. Its primary purpose is to engage, operate, hold or manage real estate business.
- (5) **DD HappyHomes Residential Centers Inc.** ("**DDHH**") was incorporated on 15 September 2011. Its primary purpose is to engage, operate, hold or manage real estate business.
- (6) **DDMP REIT, Inc.** (formerly DD Meridian Park Development Corp. ("**DDMPDC**")) ("**DDMPR**") was incorporated on 27 October 2014. Following its compliance with the requirements of Republic Act No. 9856, The Real Estate Investment Trust Act of 2009 and its Implementing Rules and Regulations (the "**REIT Law**") in March 2021, DDMPR started operating as a real estate investment trust ("**REIT**").
- (7) **Hotel of Asia, Inc.** ("HOA") was incorporated on 8 June 2011. Its primary purpose is to engage in and carry on the business of operating hotel/s and resort/s and to operate and maintain all services and facilities incident thereto.
- (8) **Iloilo-Guimaras Ferry Terminal Corp.** ("**IGFTC**") was incorporated on 10 June 2016. Its primary purpose is to finance, design, construct, develop, operate and maintain the Iloilo-City Guimaras Ferry Terminal and its surrounding areas within the Parola Port.
- (9) CentralHub Industrial Centers, Inc. ("CHICI") was incorporated on 31 August 2017. Its primary purpose is to engage in and carry on a business of receiving, accepting, unloading, storing and/or deposit of goods, chattels, fungibles, parcels, boxes, documents, mail, products, money, vehicles, animals, articles, cargoes, and effects of all kinds and provide facilities, amenities, conveniences, features, services and/or accommodations in relation and necessary to said business. CHICI is the Company's Subsidiary focused on industrial warehouse leasing.
- (10) **DD Meridian Tower Corp.** ("**DDMTC**") was incorporated on 2 October 2018. Its primary purpose is to engage in the business of real estate development including but not limited to residential and commercial subdivisions, buildings and condominium projects in accordance with Republic Act No. 4726 (otherwise known as The Condominium Act) as amended ("**The Condominium Act**").
- (11) **Green Coast Development PH Corp.** ("GCDPC") was incorporated and registered with the Philippine SEC on 10 May 2013 primarily to acquire by purchase, lease, donation or to own, use, improve, subdivide, sell, mortgage, exchange, lease, develop and hold for investment or otherwise, real estate of all kinds, whether improve manage or otherwise dispose of buildings, houses, apartments, and other structures of whatever kind, together with their appurtenances. GCDPC has not yet started its commercial operations as at 31 December 2022.
- (12) **DDPC Worldwide Pte. Ltd.** ("**DDWPL**") Incorporated on 26 June 2020 as a company with limited liability under the laws of Singapore. DDWPL is the holding company of the Company's investments outside the Philippines.
- (13) **DDMP REIT Fund Managers, Inc.** ("**DDMP REIT Fund Managers**") was incorporated on 19 November 2020, a corporation organised and existing under the law of the Philippines primarily to engage in the business of providing fund management services to REIT companies, as provided under the REIT Law.
- (14) DDMP REIT Property Managers, Inc. ("DDMP REIT Property Managers") was incorporated on 19 November 2020, a corporation organised and existing under the laws of the Philippines primarily to engage in the business of property management, providing functions like formulate and implement leasing strategies; enforce tenancy conditions; ensure compliance with government regulations in respect to the real estate under management; perform tenancy administration work, such as managing tenant occupancy and ancillary amenities; conduct rental assessment, formulating tenancy terms, preparing tenancy agreement, rent collection and accounting; secure and administer routine management services; maintain and manage the physical structures/real properties; and formulate and implement policies and programmes in respect of building management, maintenance and improvement; and initiate refurbishments and monitoring of such activities.
- (15) DDMP Serviced Residences, Inc. was incorporated and registered with the Philippine SEC on

19 November 2020 primarily to engage in the business of real estate development including but not limited to residential and commercial buildings, spaces, subdivisions, and condominium projects, to buy and acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, lands, and interest in land and to own, hold, impose, promote, develop, subdivide and manage any land owned, held or occupied by the company, to construct, erect and manage or administer building such as condominiums, apartments, hotels, restaurants, stores, offices, spaces, or other structures now or hereafter erected on any land owned, held or occupied and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of lands or interest in lands and buildings or other structures at any time. It is a joint venture company with 70% owned by the Company.

- (16) **DD Tower, Inc.** was incorporated and registered with the Philippine SEC on 19 November 2020 primarily to engage in the business of real estate development including but not limited to residential and commercial buildings, spaces, subdivisions, and condominium projects, to buy and acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, lands and interest in lands and to own, hold, impose, promote, develop, subdivide and manage any land owned, held or occupied by the company, to construct, erect and manage or administer building such as condominiums, apartments, hotels, restaurants, stores, offices, spaces, or other structures now or hereafter erected on any land owned, held or occupied and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of lands or interests in lands and buildings or other structures at any time. It is a joint venture company with 70% owned by the Company.
- (17) **DD Commercial Corp.** ("**DDCC**") was incorporated and registered with the Philippine SEC on 28 March 2022 primarily to engage in the business of commercial real estate development including but not limited to residential and commercial subdivisions, buildings, condominium projects; to buy and acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, lands and interest in lands and to own, hold, impose, promote, develop, subdivide and manage any land owned, held or occupied by the company, to construct, erect and manage or administer building such as condominiums, apartments, hotels, restaurants, stores, offices, spaces, or other structures now or hereafter erected on any land owned, held or occupied and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of lands or interests in lands and buildings or other structures at any time. DDCC is 100% owned by the Company.
- (18) **Hotel101 Global Pte. Ltd.** ("**Hotel101 Global**") was incorporated and registered in Singapore on 28 July 2022. Hotel101 Global primarily holds all international investments of Hotel101 outside the Philippines. Hotel101 Global is intended to be the future overseas IPO vehicle for the Group's international expansion of Hotel101.
- (19) **Hotel101 Global Holdings Corp ("Hotel101 Global Holdings")** was incorporated and registered in Caymaan Islaands in 2024 in preparation for the listing of Hotel101 Global in NASDAQ. Hotel101 Holdings will hold all Hotel101 assets internationally and is 100% owned by the Company.

The following table presents the primary business activities the Company and the Company's subsidiaries are engaged in:

Industrial leasing	CHICI
Hospitality business	
•	Hotel101Global, Hotel101 Global Holdings
Retail Leasing	
Office Leasing	
Real Estate Residential	DD, DDHH
Others	DDSC, IGFTC, DDPMC, GCDPC, DDWPL,
	DDMP REIT Fund Manager, DDMP REIT
	Property Manager

### Associates

Robinsons DoubleDragon Corp

On 26 December 2019, the Company invested \$\mathbb{P}\$335.1 million for a 34.3% ownership stake in Robinsons DoubleDragon Corp., a real estate development corporation, and joint venture between Robinsons Land Corp. ("Robinsons Land" or "RLC") and the Company. The joint venture will develop 10,032.10 sq.m. prime commercial lot located along E. Rodriguez Jr. Avenue in Libis, Quezon City adjacent to Robinsons Land's first township

development, Bridgetowne.

## MATERIAL PERMITS AND LICENSES

The Company has the material permits and licenses necessary for the business of the Company, the pertinent details of which are provided in Annex C of the Prospectus. While the Company does not expect that any permits which are in the process of renewal or application will be withheld or delayed, there can be no assurance that third parties and the government will act on these promptly.

Failure to secure the necessary permits may result in cessation of the construction or delay the start of commercial operations of projects under development, which in turn may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. Please see discussions under the sections on "Regulation and Environmental Matters" on [●] of this Preliminary Prospectus.

### **PROPERTIES**

The Company and its subsidiaries' investment properties are stated at fair value, which has been determined based on valuations performed by an accredited independent appraiser. The fair values of the investment properties were arrived at using the market data approach for land and cost or income approach for buildings.

## Land Banking

The following table sets forth the Company and its subsidiaries land bank as of 31 July 2024:

Location	
Land Area	
(in hectares.)	
Luzon	53.74
Metro Manila	9.84
Mindanao	37.68
Visayas	201.96
International	1.77
Grand Total	304.99

# **Description of Principal Properties**

The principal properties of the Company as of December 31, 2023 consist of condominium and residentials projects and projects under its four business segments – retail leasing, office leasing, industrial leasing and hotels

- A. Condominium and Residential
  - The SkySuites Tower
  - WH Taft Residences
  - The Uptown Place Iloilo City
  - Peoples Condominium
  - First Homes Subdivision
  - DD HappyHomes Mandurriao
  - DD HappyHomes Tanauan
  - DD HappyHomes Zarraga
  - Green Coast Property

## B. Leasing Properties

- 1) Retail Leasing
  - Dragon8 Mall
    - Umbria
    - DoubleDragon Plaza Retail
  - CM-Arnaldo, Roxas
  - CM-Consolacion
  - CM-Anabu, Imus Cavite
  - CM-Tetuan, Zamboanga
  - CM-Tagbak, Jaro
  - CM-Kalibo
  - CM-Tiaong, Quezon
  - CM-Parola, Iloilo
  - CM-Cotabato City
  - CM-Mandalagan, Bacolod
  - CM-Kabankalan City
  - CM-Victorias City
  - CM-San Carlos
  - CM-Boracay
  - CM-Tagum
  - CM-SCTEX
  - CM-Tarlac
  - CM-Dumaguete
  - CM-Goldenfields
  - CM-Dau
  - CM-Passi
  - CM-Santa Rosa
  - CM-Danao
  - CM-Calamba
  - CM-Koronadal

- CM-San Carlos, Pangasinan
- CM-Roxas Avenue
- CM-Bulua, CDO
- CM-Isulan
- CM-Cadiz
- CM-Ozamiz City
- CM-Bacalso
- CM-Tuguegarao
- CM-Aparri
- CM-Los Baños- Bay
- CM-General Trias
- CM-Surigao
- CM-Antique
- CM-Palo
- CM-Ormoc
- CM-Guiwan
- CM-Guimaras
- CM-Bocaue
- CM-BasilanCM-Arayat
- CM-Pagadian
- O 1 T 1 11
- CM-Tagbilaran
- CM-Northtown Davao
- CM-Dinalupihan
- CM-Bais
- CM-Baler, Aurora
- CM-Lam-an, Ozamiz
- CM-San Enrique

- CM-Pavia
- CM-Mayombo
- CM-Dipolog City
- CM-Iponan, CDO
- CM-Sorsogon
- CM-Calapan City
- 2) Office Leasing
  - DoubleDragon Plaza (Tower 1 to 4)
  - DoubleDragon Center East
  - DoubleDragon Center West
  - DoubleDragon Tower
  - Jollibee Tower
  - DoubleDragon Meridian Tower
- 3) Industrial Leasing
  - CentralHub-Tarlac
  - CentralHub-Capiz
  - CentralHub-Sta. Barbara, Iloilo
  - CentralHub-Danao
  - CentralHub-Davao
  - CenralHub-Santolan
  - CentralHub-Carmelray 01
  - CentralHub-Carmelray 02
  - CentralHub-Negros
  - CentralHub-Surigao
- 4) Hotels
  - Injap Tower
  - JinJiang Inn Ortigas
  - JinJiang Inn Makati
  - JinJiang Inn- Boracay Station 1
  - Hotel101-Manila
  - Hotel101-Fort
  - Hotel101-Davao
  - Hotel101-Cebu Mactan Airport
  - Ascott-DD Meridian Park Manila
  - The SkySuites Tower
  - Hotel101-Cagayan De Oro
  - Hotel101-Bohol
  - Hotel101-Resort-Boracay
  - JinJiang Inn-Boracay Newcoast
  - Hotel101-Palawan
  - JinJiang Inn-Palawan
  - Hotel101-Libis
  - Hotel101-Baguio
  - Hotel101-Niseko
  - Hotel101-Madrid

- CM-Bongabon
- CM-Lucena
- CM-La Carlota
- CM-Balibago, Sta. Rosa
- CM-San Francsisco

## Contracts of Lease for Office Space

The Company leases its corporate office space at DoubleDragon Plaza, DD Meridian Park in the Manila Bay area. The office is leased by DD from DDMP REIT, Inc.

The Company leases office and parking spaces and showrooms. The terms of the lease are for periods ranging from one to five years, renewable for the same period under the same terms and conditions. Generally, the rent under such leases shall escalate by an average of 5% to 10% each year.

## ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are involved in, or the subject of, any legal proceedings which, if determined adversely to the Company or the relevant subsidiary's interests, would have a material effect on the business or financial position of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

The Company is not involved in any bankruptcy, receivership or similar proceedings. Neither is it aware of any bankruptcy, receivership or similar proceedings involving any of its Subsidiaries.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

## DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended December 31, 2023 & 2022

For the year ended 31 December 2023 compared to the year ended 31 December 2022

	DECEMBER 2023	DECEMBER 2022	Horizontal Analysis		Vertical Analysis	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	Increase (Decr	ease)	2023	2022
INCOME				Revenue	es	
INCOME Rent income	3,069,901,899	3,237,808,132	(167,906,233)	-5.2%	12.4%	22.9%
Real estate sales	1,353,923,660	1,536,286,229	(182,362,569)		5.5%	10.9%
Hotel revenues	671,672,070	478,865,495	192,806,575	40.3%	2.7%	3.4%
	671,672,070	476,600,490	192,800,575	40.3%	2.1%	3.4%
Unrealized gains from changes in fair values of investment property	16,482,580,156	7,484,825,891	8,997,754,265	120.2%	66.6%	53.0%
Interest income	195,515,998	63,101,706	132,414,292	209.8%	0.8%	0.4%
Income from forfeitures	60,784,006	4,572,248	56,211,758	1229.4%	0.2%	0.0%
Others	2,907,502,128	1,324,847,077	1,582,655,051	119.5%	11.8%	9.4%
	24,741,879,917	14,130,306,778	10,611,573,139	75.1%	100.0%	100.0%
COST AND EXPENSES						
Cost of real estate sales	644,771,282	860,600,043	(215,828,761)	-25.1%	2.6%	6.1%
Cost of hotel operations	493,929,215	335,339,091	158,590,124	47.3%	2.0%	2.4%
General and administrative expenses	3,066,755,839	2,613,855,837	452,900,002	17.3%	12.4%	18.5%
Selling and marketing expenses	116,339,563	164,529,147	(48,189,584)	-29.3%	0.5%	1.2%
Interest expense	2,265,309,234	1,944,141,097	321,168,137	16.5%	9.2%	13.8%
	6,587,105,133	5,918,465,215	668,639,918	11.3%	26.6%	41.9%
Income Before Income Tax	18,154,774,784	8,211,841,563	9,942,933,221	121.1%	73.4%	58.1%
Income Tax Expense						
Current	74,442,187	205,502,967	(131,060,780)	-63.8%	0.3%	1.5%
Deferred	2,152,973,094	(4,916,386,677)	7,069,359,771	-143.8%	8.7%	-34.8%
	2,227,415,281	(4,710,883,710)	6,938,298,991	-147.3%	9.0%	-33.3%
NET INCOME	15,927,359,503	12,922,725,273	3,004,634,230	23.3%	64.4%	91.5%
Attributable to:						
Equity holders of the Parent Company	9,251,261,972	5,551,522,068	3,699,739,904	66.6%	37.4%	39.3%
Non-controlling interest	6,676,097,531	7,371,203,205	(695,105,674)	-9.4%	27.0%	52.2%
	15,927,359,503	12,922,725,273	3,004,634,230	23.3%	64.4%	91.5%

Consolidated revenues increased by ₱10.6 billion, or 75.1%, to ₱24.7 billion for the year ended 31 December 2023 compared to ₱14.1 billion for the year ended 31 December 2022. The increase is due to the increase in total revenues generated from various segments of the Company and increase in fair value of investment properties.

The Company's rental income decreased by ₱167.9 million, or -5.2%, to ₱3.1 billion for the year ended 31 December 2023compared to ₱3.2 billion for the year ended 31 December 2023 due to rental concessions and rental discounts granted.

The Company's real estate sales decreased by ₱182.4 million, or -11.9%, to ₱1.4 billion for the year ended 31 December 2023 compared to ₱1.5 billion for the year ended 31 December 2023due to slower pace of revenue recognition from percentage of completion of projects under construction as most projects are near construction completion.

The Company's hotel revenues increased by ₱192.8 million or 40.3% to ₱671.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2023, compared to ₱478.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 due to higher hotel occupancy and opening of new hotel, Hotel101-Fort.

Unrealized gain from change in fair value of investment property is reported at ₱16.5 billion for the year ended 31 December 2023, an increase of ₱16.5 billion or 120.2% compared to ₱7.5 billion for the year ended 31 December 2022 due to the increase in fair value of investment properties.

The Company's interest income for the year ended 31 December 2023 increased by ₱132.4 million or, 209.8%, to ₱195.5 million, compared to ₱63.1 million in 2022, as a result of the increase in the Company's deposit placements with financial institutions.

Income from forfeitures for the year ended 31 December 2023 increased to ₱60.8 million, a ₱56.2 or 1,229.4% increase as compared to ₱4.6 million in the same period of 2022 due to forfeited deposits and advance payments.

Other income increased by ₱1.6 billion, or 119.5%, to ₱2.9 billion for the year ended 31 December 2023 compared to ₱1.3 billion in 2022 due to increase in interest charges and other charges to tenants.

### Costs and Expenses

The Company's consolidated costs and expenses increased by ₱668.6 million, or 11.3%, to ₱6.6 billion for the year ended 31 December 2023, compared to ₱5.9 billion in 2022.

The Company booked cost of real estate sales of \$\mathbb{P}644.8\$ million for the year ended 31 December 2023, a decrease of \$\mathbb{P}215.8\$ million or -25.1% compared to \$\mathbb{P}860.6\$ million for the year ended December 2022. The decrease is due to lower percentage of completion of projects under construction as most projects are near construction completion.

The Company booked cost of hotel operations of ₱493.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2023, an increase of ₱158.6 million or 47.3% compared to ₱335.3 million for the year ended December 2022. The increase is due to increase in costs of pre-operating expenses for additional new hotel opened in 2023 (Hotel101-Fort) and increase in cost of operations such as utilities and outsourced services.

The Company's general and administrative expenses increased by ₱452.9 million, or 17.3%, to ₱3.1 billion for the year ended 31 December 2023 compared to ₱2.6 billion in 2022. The increase is due to higher mall operating costs mainly from utilities, outsourced services and hotel operation expenses due to higher hotel occupancy.

The Company's selling and marketing expenses decreased by ₱48.2 million, or -29.3%, to ₱116.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 compared to ₱164.5 million in 2022, due to lower marketing expense and representation expenses during the year.

Interest expense is reported at ₱2.3 billion for the year ended 31 December 2023, a 16.5% or ₱321.2 million increase compared to ₱1.9 billion in 31 December 2022 due to lower capitalization rate for borrowing cost and generally higher interest rates.

### Income Tax Expense

The Company's income tax expense for the year ended 31 December 2023 is at ₱2.2 billion, the increase is due to a one-time deferred tax benefit adjustment in 2022.

## Net Income

As a result of the foregoing, the Company's consolidated net income for the year ended 31 December 2023 is at ₱15.9 billion, an increase of ₱3.0 billion, or 23.3%, from its consolidated net income of ₱12.9 billion recorded for the year ended 31 December 2022.

# DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

# AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

For the year ended December 31, 2023 & 2022

	DECEMBER 2023	DECEMBER 2022	Horizontal Analysis		Vertical	Analysis
	(Audited)	(Audited)	Increase (Decre	ease)	2023	2022
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,918,467,996	5,547,000,190	(2,628,532,194)	-47.4%	1.6%	3.5%
Receivables - net	14,295,415,072	11,802,956,253	2,492,458,819	21.1%	7.9%	7.5%
Inventories	4,522,224,068	2,857,589,016	1,664,635,052	58.3%	2.5%	1.8%
Due from related parties	49,356,220	52,146,970	(2,790,750)	-5.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Prepaid expenses and other current assets-net	6,248,446,537	5,721,899,025	526,547,512	9.2%	3.4%	3.6%
Total Current Assets	28,033,909,893	25,981,591,454	2,052,318,439	7.9%	15.5%	16.6%
Non Current Assets						
Receivables - net of current portion	298,601,611	156,587,874	142,013,737	90.7%	0.2%	0.1%
Property and equimpment - net	1,201,682,700	709,212,832	492,469,868	69.4%	0.7%	0.5%
Goodwill and intangible assets	1,091,535,467	1,110,495,457	(18,959,990)	-1.7%	0.6%	0.7%
Investment property	147,937,015,015	126,150,988,095	21,786,026,920	17.3%	81.6%	80.5%
Right-of-use Assets - net	15,331,566	-	15,331,566	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deferred tax assets	145,948,730	161,343,987	(15,395,257)	-9.5%	0.1%	0.1%
Other noncurrent assets	2,515,921,893	2,530,300,751	(14,378,858)	-0.6%	1.4%	1.6%
Total Noncurrent Assets	153,206,036,982	130,818,928,996	22,387,107,986	17.1%	84.5%	83.4%
Total Assets	181,239,946,875	156,800,520,450	24,439,426,425	15.6%	100.0%	100.0%

## **LIABILITIES AND EQUITY**

Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable and other current liabilities	8,420,812,394	6,648,971,202	1,771,841,192	26.6%	4.6%	4.2%
Short term loans payable and						
current maturities of long-term notes payable,						
net of debt issue costs	15,283,212,952	12,533,818,782	2,749,394,170	21.9%	8.4%	8.0%
Due to related parties	560,812,383	567,878,460	(7,066,077)	-1.2%	0.3%	0.4%
Customer's deposits	685,020,347	153,723,291	531,297,056	345.6%	0.4%	0.1%
Dividends payable	486,308,726	456,645,828	29,662,898	6.5%	0.3%	0.3%
Income Tax Payable	18,038,820	31,146,770	(13,107,950)	-42.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Current Liabilities	25,454,205,622	20,392,184,333	5,062,021,289	24.8%	14.0%	13.0%
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Long term notes payable - net of current maturities and debt issue costs	29,425,257,668	28,588,393,178	836,864,490	2.9%	16.2%	18.2%
Bonds payable - net of bond issue cost	18,553,351,918	14,925,384,467	3,627,967,451	24.3%	10.2%	9.5%
Lease Liabilities	1,219,162,429	1,043,542,515	175,619,914	16.8%	0.7%	0.7%
Deferred tax liabilities	10,695,557,305	8,560,424,714	2,135,132,591	24.9%	5.9%	5.5%
Retirement benefits liabilty	45,795,658	30,036,573	15,759,085	52.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Customers' deposits - net of current portion	-	104,403,289	(104,403,289)		0.0%	0.1%
Other non current liabilities	1,278,244,992	1,550,576,852	(272,331,860)	-17.6%	0.7%	1.0%
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	61,217,369,970	54,802,761,588	6,414,608,382	11.7%	33.8%	35.0%
Total Liabilities	86,671,575,592	75,194,945,921	11,476,629,671	15.3%	47.8%	48.0%
Equity						
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the I	Parent Company					
Capital stock	237,310,060	237,310,060	-	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%
Preferred shares	10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000	-	0.0%	5.5%	6.4%
Additional paid-in capital	5,540,589,852	5,540,589,852	-	0.0%	3.1%	3.5%
Retained earnings	37,357,785,252	29,610,178,785	7,747,606,467	26.2%	20.6%	18.9%
Retirement benefits liability	(510,591,641)	(79,957,722)	(430,633,919)	538.6%	-0.3%	-0.1%
Less: Treasury stock	(391,673,305)	(391,673,305)	-	0.0%	-0.2%	-0.2%
	52,233,420,218	44,916,447,670	7,316,972,548	16.3%	28.8%	28.6%
Non-controlling interests	42,334,951,065	36,689,126,859	5,645,824,206	15.4%	23.4%	23.4%
Total Equity	94,568,371,283	81,605,574,529	12,962,796,754	15.9%	52.2%	52.0%
Total Liabilities and Equity	181,239,946,875	156,800,520,450	24,439,426,425	15.6%	100.0%	100.0%

### Assets

Consolidated assets as of 31 December 2023 is at ₱181.2 billion, an increase of ₱24.4 billion, or 15.6%, from its consolidated assets of ₱156.8 billion recorded as of 31 December 2022.

## Cash and cash equivalents

The Company's consolidated cash and cash equivalents is at ₱2.9 billion as of 31 December 2023, a decrease of ₱2.6 billion, or -47.4%, from consolidated cash and cash equivalents of ₱5.5 billion as of 31 December 2022, due to the capital expenditures of the Group and payment of dividends.

## Receivables - net

The Company's consolidated net receivables were ₱14.3 billion as of 31 December 2023, a ₱2.5 billion, or 21.1% increase from consolidated net receivables of ₱11.8 billion as of 31 December 2022, due to the increase rent receivable.

### Real estate inventories

The Company's consolidated real estate inventories were ₱4.5 billion as of 31 December 2023, a ₱1.7 billion or 58.3% increase from consolidated real estate inventories of ₱2.9 billion as of 31 December 2022 due to additional capital expenditures for Hotel101 projects and residential projects.

## Due from related parties

The Company's consolidated due from related parties decreased by -5.4% or ₱3.0 million at ₱49.4 million as of 31 December 2023 as compared to ₱52.1 million in 31 December 2022 due to collection of advances.

## Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net

The Company's consolidated prepaid expenses and other current assets (net) were ₱6.2 billion as of 31 December 2023, a ₱526.5 million, or 9.2% increase from consolidated prepaid expenses and other current assets (net) of ₱5.7 billion as of 31 December 2022. The increase is due to increase in advances to contractors and suppliers, prepaid taxes and creditable withholding taxes.

## Receivables - net of current portion

The Company's consolidated noncurrent receivables were ₱298.6 million as of 31 December 2023, a ₱142.0 million increase from consolidated noncurrent receivables of 31 December 2022 at ₱156.6 million, the increase is due to turnover receivable from buyers due upon completion of the project.

## Property and equipment - net

The Company's consolidated property and equipment were ₱1.2 billion as of 31 December 2023, an increase of ₱492.5 million or 69.4% from ₱709.2 million as of 31 December 2022, due to additions during the year, net of depreciation recorded in 2023.

# Goodwill and intangible assets

The Company's consolidated computer software licenses and goodwill (net) were ₱1.1 billion as of 31 December 2023, a ₱19.0 million, or -1.7% decrease from consolidated computer software licenses and goodwill (net) of ₱1.1 billion as of 31 December 2022, due to amortizations in intangible assets made in 2023.

### Investment properties

The Company's consolidated investment properties were ₱147.9 billion as of 31 December 2023, a ₱21.8 billion, or 17.3% increase from consolidated investment properties of ₱126.1 billion as of 31 December 2022, the increase is due to the appreciation of investment properties owned by the Company and additions during the year.

## Right-of-use assets

The Company's right-of-use assets were ₱15.3 million as of 31 December 2023. This pertains to the lease of Hotel101 Global's showroom in Singapore starting 2023.

## Deferred tax assets

The Company's consolidated deferred tax assets were ₱145.9 million as of 31 December 2023, a ₱15.4 million, or 9.5% decrease, from consolidated deferred tax assets of ₱161.3 million as of 31 December 2022. This decrease was mainly due to decrease in deferred tax component for unearned interest income on installment contracts receivable and accrued expenses.

#### Other noncurrent assets

The Company's consolidated other noncurrent assets were ₱2.5 billion as of 31 December 2023, a ₱14.4 million, or -0.6% decrease from consolidated other noncurrent assets of ₱2.5 billion as of 31 December 2022, due to reclassification to current portion of advances to contractors and suppliers.

### LIABILITIES

### Accounts payable and other current liabilities

The Company's consolidated accounts payable and other current liabilities was ₱8.4 billion as of 31 December 2023, a ₱1.8 billion, or 26.6% increase from consolidated accounts payable and other current liabilities of ₱6.6 billion as of 31 December 2022. The increase is primarily due to the increase in trade payable and accrued project costs of the Group.

## Short-term notes payable

The Company's consolidated short-term notes payable was ₱15.3 billion as of 31 December 2023, a ₱2.7 billion, or 21.9% increase from consolidated short-term notes payable of ₱12.5 billion as of 31 December 2022, due to availment of short-term loans during the year.

### Due to related parties

The Company's consolidated due to related parties was at ₱560.8 million as of 31 December 2023, a decrease of ₱7.1 million, or -1.2% decrease from consolidated due to related parties of ₱567.9 million as of 31 December 2022.

### Customer's deposits

The Company's consolidated deposits from customers were \$\mathbb{P}685.0\$ million as of 31 December 2023, a \$\mathbb{P}531.3\$ million, or 345.6% increase from consolidated deposits from customers of \$\mathbb{P}153.7\$ million as of 31 December 2022, due to higher collection from real estate and Hotel101 buyers compared to revenue recognized based on percentage of completion.

### Dividends payable

The Company's dividends payable increased to ₱486.3 million as of 31 December 2023, a ₱29.7 million, or 6.5% increase from ₱456.6 million as of 31 December 2022 due to dividends payable from third quarter earnings of DDMPR.

## Income tax payable

The Company's income tax payable was ₱18.0 million as of 31 December 2023, a ₱13.1 million decrease, or -42.1% increase compared to ₱31.1 million as of 31 December 2022.

### Long-term notes payable – net of debt issue costs

The Company's consolidated long-term notes payable was ₱29.4 billion as of 31 December 2023, a ₱836.9 million, or 2.9% increase from consolidated long-term notes payable of ₱28.6 billion as of 31 December 2022. The increase is due to the availment of addition long term notes.

## Bonds payable - net of bond issuance cost

The Company's consolidated bonds payable is at ₱18.6 billion as of 31 December 2023, an increase of ₱3.6 billion or 24.3% increase compared to ₱14.9 billion for the period ended 31 December 2022. The increase is due to the availment of additional bonds in 2023.

## Lease Liability - net of current portion

The Company's consolidated lease liability was ₱1.2 billion as of 31 December 2023, a ₱175.6 million increase, or 16.8% from consolidated lease liability of ₱1.0 billion as of 31 December 2022 due to new leases during the year.

### Deferred tax liability

The Company's consolidated deferred tax liability was ₱10.7 billion as of 31 December 2023, a ₱2.1 billion, 24.9% increase from consolidated deferred tax liability of ₱8.6 billion as of 31 December 2022. This increase was mainly due to the deferred tax component of Unrealized gains on fair value changes of investment properties.

## Retirement benefits liability

The Company's retirement benefits liability was ₱45.8 million as of 31 December 2023, a ₱15.8 million increase, or 52.5% decrease from retirement benefits liability of ₱30.0 million as of 31 December 2022.

## Customers' deposits - net of current portion

The Company's customers' deposit noncurrent portion is nil as of 31 December 2023 mainly due to reclassification to current portion.

### Other noncurrent liabilities

The Company's consolidated other noncurrent liabilities were ₱1.3 billion as of 31 December 2023, a ₱272.3 million decrease, or -17.6% decrease from consolidated other noncurrent liabilities of ₱1.6 billion as of 31 December 2022. This decrease was due to the decrease in deferred output VAT.

## **EQUITY**

Consolidated equity for the year ended 31 December 2023 is at ₱94.6 billion, an increase of ₱13.0 billion, or 15.9%, from its consolidated equity of ₱81.6 billion recorded for the year ended 31 December 2022.

## Equity Attributable to Holders of the Parent Company

Equity attributable to the holders of the Parent Company increased by ₱7.3 billion (16.3%) from ₱44.9 billion on 31 December 2022 to ₱52.2 billion as of 31 December 2023. The increase is due to the net income attributable to parent for the period.

## Equity of Non-controlling Interest

Non-controlling interest ("NCI") increased by ₱5.6 billion (15.4%) to ₱42.3 billion from ₱36.7 billion on 31 December 2022. The increase was due to NCI's share in the earnings recognized during the year.

## KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The following are the major financial ratios of the Company for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022:

	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Current Ratio	1.10	1.27
Asset to Equity	1.92	1.92
Debt to Equity Ratios		
On gross basis	0.67x	0.69x
On net basis	0.64x	0.62x
Return on Equity	19.05%	12.93%
Net Income to Revenue	37.39%	39.29%

Revenue Growth	75.10%	-11.27%
Net Income Growth	23.25%	14.56%
EBITDA	₱20.60 Billion	₱10.39 Billion
Acid Test Ratio	0.68	0.85
Solvency Ratio	0.19	0.17
Interest Coverage Ratio	4.71	3.32

The formulae by which the Company calculates the foregoing performance indicators are as follows:

1. Current Ratio	Current Assets Current Liabilities
2. Asset to Equity Ratio	Total Assets Total Stockholders' Equity
3. Debt to Equity Ratio (Gross Basis)	Total Interest Bearing Short-Term and Long-Term Debt  Total Equity
4. Debt to Equity Ratio (Net Basis)	Total Interest Bearing Short-Term and Long-Term Debt less Cash and Cash  Equivalent  Total Equity
5. Return on Equity	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent Average Equity Attributable to the Owners of the Parent
6. Net Income to Revenue (Net Profit Margin)	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent Total Revenue
7. Revenue Growth	Total Revenue (Current Period) - Total Revenue (Prior Period)  Total Revenue (Prior Period)
8. EBITDA	Income from Operations + Depreciation and Amortization + Interest Expense
9. Solvency Ratio	Net Income + Depreciation Total Liabilities
10. Net Income Growth	Net Income (Current Period) - Net Income (Prior Period) Net Income (Prior Period)
11. Acid Test Ratio	Cash + Accounts Receivable + Marketable Securities Current Liabilities
12. Interest Coverage Ratio	Earnings before interest and taxes Interest Paid

### DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended December 31, 2022 & 2021

	December, 2022	December, 2022 December, 2021		Horizontal Analysis		Vertical Analysis	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	Increase (Decrease)		2022	2021	
REVENUES							
Rental income	3,237,808,132	3,420,413,009	(182,604,877)	-5.3%	22.9%	21.5%	
Real estate sales	1,536,286,229	778,084,021	758,202,208	97.4%	10.9%	4.9%	
Hotel revenues	478,865,495	577,925,107	(99,059,612)	-17.1%	3.4%	3.6%	
Unrealized gain from change in fair values	7,484,825,891	9,667,665,180	(2,182,839,289)	-22.6%	53.0%	60.7%	
Interest income	63,101,706	94,473,724	(31,372,018)	-33.2%	0.4%	0.6%	
Others - net	1,329,419,325	1,387,275,067	(57,855,742)	-4.2%	9.4%	8.7%	
	14,130,306,778	15,925,836,108	(1,795,529,330)	-11.3%	100.0%	100.0%	
COST AND EXPENSES							
Cost of real estate sales	860,600,043	434,024,370	426,575,673	98.3%	6.1%	2.7%	
Cost of hotel operations	335,339,091	326,289,350	9,049,741	2.8%	2.4%	2.0%	
Selling expenses	164,529,147	127,401,011	37,128,136	29.1%	1.2%	0.8%	
General and administrative expenses	2,613,855,837	2,281,984,861	331,870,976	14.5%	18.5%	14.3%	
Interest expense	1,944,141,097	1,720,301,746	223,839,351	13.0%	13.8%	10.8%	
	5,918,465,215	4,890,001,338	1,028,463,877	21.0%	41.9%	30.7%	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	8,211,841,563	11,035,834,770	(2,823,993,207)	-25.6%	58.1%	69.3%	
INCOME TAX BENEFIT (EXPENSE)	4,710,883,710	244,638,859	4,466,244,851	1825.6%	33.3%	1.5%	
NET INCOME	12,922,725,273	11,280,473,629	1,642,251,644	14.6%	91.5%	70.8%	
Attributable to:							
Equity holders of the Parent Company	5,551,522,068	7,404,361,935	(1,852,839,867)	-25.0%	39.3%	46.5%	
Non-controlling interest	7,371,203,205	3,876,111,694	3,495,091,511	90.2%	52.2%	24.3%	
	12,922,725,273	11,280,473,629	1,642,251,644	14.6%	91.5%	70.8%	
Core Net Income*	7,683,347,149	1,811,598,449	5,871,748,700	324.1%	54.4%	11.4%	
Core EBITDA	7,255,116,878	3,201,514,425	4,053,602,453	126.6%	51.3%	20.1%	
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### Revenues

Consolidated revenues decreased by ₱1.8 billion, or -11.3%, to ₱14.1 billion for the year ended 31 December 2022 compared to ₱15.9 billion for the year ended 31 December 2021. The decrease in total revenues is due to lower rental income, hotel revenues, unrealized gains from changes in fair values of investment property for 2022, interest income and other income compared to 2021.

The Company's rental income decreased by ₱182.6 million, or -5.3%, to ₱3.2illion for the year ended 31 December 2022 compared to ₱3.4 billion for the year ended 31 December 2021 due to rental concessions to select tenants.

The Company's real estate sales increased by ₱758.2 million, or 97.4%, to ₱1.5 billion for the year ended 31 December 2022 compared to ₱778 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 due to higher sales booked based on percentage of completion due to the resumption of construction activities after the lifting of the community quarantine and additional sales in 2022.

The Company's hotel revenues decreased by ₱99.1 million or -17.1% to ₱478.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2022, compared to ₱577.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 due to lower occupancy as a result of the transition out of quarantine requirements with tourism still starting to pick up..

Unrealized gain from change in fair value of investment property is reported at ₱7.5 billion for the year ended 31 December 2022, a decrease of ₱2.2 billion or -22.6% compared to ₱9.7 billion for the year ended 31 December 2021 due to higher changes in fair value of investment property in 2021 from the completion of major projects.

The Company's interest income for the year ended 31 December 2022 decreased by ₱31.4 million or, - 33.2%, to ₱63.1 million, compared to ₱94.5 million in 2021, as a result of the decrease in the Company's deposit placements with financial institutions.

Other income decreased by ₱57.9 million, or -4.2%, to ₱1.3 billion for the year ended 31 December 2022 compared to ₱1.4 billion in 2021 due to decrease in interest charges and other charges to tenants.

### COST AND EXPENSES

The Company's consolidated costs and expenses increased by ₱1.0 billion, or 21.0%, to ₱5.9 billion for the year ended 31 December 2022, compared to ₱4.9 billion in 2021.

The Company booked cost of real estate sales of \$\mathbb{P}860.6\$ million for the year ended 31 December 2022, an increase of \$\mathbb{P}426.6\$ million or 98.3% compared to \$\mathbb{P}434.0\$ million for the year ended December 2021. The increase is due to higher booked percentage of completion due to resumption of construction activities and additional sales in 2022.

The Company booked cost of hotel operations of ₱335.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2022, an increase of ₱9.0 million or 2.8% compared to ₱326.3 million for the year ended December 2021. The increase is due to an increase in rental, utilities and outsourced services.

The Company's general and administrative expenses increased by ₱331.9 million, or 14.5%, to ₱2.6 billion for the year ended 31 December 2022 compared to ₱2.3 billion in 2021. The increase is due to higher mall operating costs mainly from utilities and outsourced services.

The Company's selling and marketing expenses also increased by ₱37.1 million, or 29.1%, to ₱164.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 compared to ₱127.4 million in 2021, due to higher commissions, advertising and marketing expense during the year.

Interest expense is reported at ₱1.9 billion for the year ended 31 December 2022, a 13.0% or ₱223.8 million increase compared to ₱1.7 billion on 31 December 2021 lower capitalization rate for borrowing cost and higher interest paid.

### INCOME TAX BENEFIT

The Company's income tax benefit for the year ended 31 December 2022 is at ₱4.7 billion, an increase of ₱4.5 billion, or 1,825.6%, from its income tax benefit of ₱244.6 million recorded for the year ended 31 December 2021. The increase is mainly due to the reversal of the deferred tax liability of DDMPR.

### **NET INCOME**

As a result of the foregoing, the Company's consolidated net income for the year ended 31 December 2022 is at ₱12.9 billion, an increase of ₱1.6 billion, or 14.6%, from its consolidated net income of ₱11.3 billion recorded for the year ended 31 December 2021.

# DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

For the year ended December 31, 2022 & 2021

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		Horizontal Analysis		Vertical Analysis	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	Increase (Deci	rease)	2022	2021	
ASSETS							
Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	5,547,000,190	7,763,034,480	(2,216,034,290)	-28.5%	3.5%	5.5%	
Receivables - net	11,802,956,253	8,215,798,308	3,587,157,945	43.7%	7.5%	5.8%	
Inventories	2,857,589,016	2,391,400,824	466,188,192	19.5%	1.8%	1.7%	
Due from related parties	52,146,970	55,150,000	(3,003,030)	-5.4%	0.0%	0.0%	
Prepaid expenses and other							
current assets - net	5,721,899,025	4,878,316,568	843,582,457	17.3%	3.6%	3.4%	
Total Current Assets	25,981,591,454	23,303,700,180	2,677,891,274	11.5%	16.6%	16.5%	
Noncurrent Assets							
Receivables - net of current							
portion	156,587,874	318,545,851	(161,957,977)	-50.8%	0.1%	0.2%	
Property and equipment - net	709,212,832	845,853,666	(136,640,834)	-16.2%	0.5%	0.6%	
Goodwill and intangible assets	1,110,495,457	1,147,931,606	(37,436,149)	-3.3%	0.7%	0.8%	
Investment property	126,150,988,095	112,391,162,203	13,759,825,892	12.2%	80.5%	79.3%	
Deferred tax assets	161,343,987	298,778,364	(137,434,377)	-46.0%	0.1%	0.2%	
Other noncurrent assets	2,530,300,751	3,350,232,010	(819,931,259)	-24.5%	1.6%	2.4%	
Total Noncurrent Assets	130,818,928,996	118,352,503,700	12,466,425,296	10.5%	83.4%	83.5%	
Total Assets	156,800,520,450	141,656,203,880	15,144,316,570	10.7%	100.0%	100.0%	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable and other							
current liabilities	6,648,971,202	3,867,205,235	2,781,765,967	71.9%	4.2%	2.7%	
Short-term notes payable and	CARCA AROUND ROBANA						
current maturities	12,533,818,782	14,618,971,659	(2,085,152,877)	-14.3%	8.0%	10.3%	
Customers' deposits	153,723,291	119,867,995	33,855,296	28.2%	0.1%	0.1%	
Due to related parties	567,878,460	727,613,383	(159,734,923)	-22.0%	0.4%	0.5%	
Dividends payable	456,645,828	147,771,638	308,874,190	209.0%	0.3%	0.1%	
Income tax payable	31,146,770	14,470,655	16,676,115	115.2%	0.0%	0.0%	
Total Current Liabilities	20,392,184,333	19,495,900,565	896,283,768	4.6%	13.0%	13.8%	
Total Current Liabilities	20,392,184,333	19,495,900,565	896,283,768	4.6%	13.0%	1	

Noncurrent Liabilities						
Long-term notes payable - net						
of current maturities and debt						
issue costs	28,588,393,178	21,525,798,815	7,062,594,363	32.8%	18.2%	15.2%
Bonds payable - net of bond	2012001232110	24,525,730,013	1,000,000,1000	22.070		
issue costs	14,925,384,467	14,897,619,137	27,765,330	0.2%	9.5%	10.5%
Lease liabilities - net of current		500000000000000000000000000000000000000		HISTORIA	1000000	7.707117.7
portion	1,043,542,515	1,282,638,534	(239,096,019)	-18.6%	0.7%	0.9%
Deferred tax liabilities	8,560,424,714	13,612,338,447	(5,051,913,733)	-37.1%	5.5%	9.6%
Customers' deposits - net of	7.40.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.			S-SELECTION IN	ASVENION:	
current portion	104,403,289	367,412,148	(263,008,859)	-71.6%	0.1%	0.3%
Retirement benefits liability	30,036,573	30,547,752	(511,179)	-1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Other noncurrent liabilities	1,550,576,852	1,135,495,249	415,081,603	36.6%	1.0%	0.8%
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	54,802,761,588	52,851,850,082	1,950,911,506	3.7%	35.0%	37.3%
Total Liabilities	75,194,945,921	72,347,750,647	2,847,195,274	3.9%	48.0%	51.1%
44458200						
Equity						
Equity Attributable to Equity						
Holders of the Parent						
Company	227 210 040	227 210 060		0.007	0.2%	0.2%
Capital stock Preferred shares	237,310,060	237,310,060	3	0.0%	6.4%	A 2007 CO
	10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000	- 1	0.0%	0.7700.0000	7.1%
Additional paid-in capital	5,540,589,852	5,540,589,852		2707070	3.5%	10707557
Retained earnings	29,610,178,785	25,251,421,362	4,358,757,423	17.3%	18.9%	17.8%
Treasury stock	(391,673,305)	(167,160,000)	(224,513,305)	134.3%	-0.2%	-0.1%
Retirement benefits liability	(79,957,722)	117,125,176	(197,082,898)	-168.3%	-0.1%	0.1%
	44,916,447,670	40,979,286,450	3,937,161,220	9.6%	28.6%	28.9%
Non-controlling interest	36,689,126,859	28,329,166,783	8,359,960,076	29.5%	23.4%	20.0%
Total Equity	81,605,574,529	69,308,453,233	12,297,121,296	17.7%	52.0%	48.9%
Total Liabilities and Equity	156,800,520,450	141,656,203,880	15,144,316,570	10.7%	100.0%	100.0%

#### **ASSETS**

Consolidated assets as of 31 December 2022 is at ₱156.8 billion, an increase of ₱15.1 billion, or 10.7%, from its consolidated assets of ₱141.7 billion recorded as of 31 December 2021.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The Company's consolidated cash and cash equivalents is at ₱5.5 billion as of 31 December 2022, an decrease of ₱2.2 billion, or -28.5%, from consolidated cash and cash equivalents of ₱7.8 billion as of 31 December 2021, due to the capital expenditures of the Group and payment of dividends.

#### Receivables – net

The Company's consolidated net receivables were \$\mathbb{P}11.8\$ billion as of 31 December 2022, a \$\mathbb{P}3.6\$ billion, or 43.7% increase from consolidated net receivables of \$\mathbb{P}8.2\$ billion as of 31 December 2021, due to the increase in accrued rent receivables arising from the excess of rent income over rental collections made by lessees in accordance with straight-line rental recognition as mandated by PFRS 16, and increase in installment contract and rent receivable.

#### Real estate inventories

The Company's consolidated real estate inventories were ₱2.9 billion as of 31 December 2022, a ₱466.2 million or 19.5% increase from consolidated real estate inventories of ₱2.4 billion as of 31 December 2021 due to higher booked project completion caused by resumption of construction activities in 2022.

#### Due from related parties

The Company's consolidated due from related parties decreased by -5.4% or ₱3.0 million at ₱52.1 million as of 31 December 2022 as compared to ₱55.2 million in 31 December 2021 due to collection of advances.

#### Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net

The Company's consolidated prepaid expenses and other current assets (net) were ₱5.7 billion as of 31 December 2022,

a ₱843.6 million, or 17.3% increase from consolidated prepaid expenses and other current assets (net) of ₱4.9 billion as of 31 December 2021. The increase is due to increase in Input VAT and advances to contractors and suppliers.

#### Receivables - net of current portion

The Company's consolidated noncurrent receivables were ₱156.6 million as of 31 December 2022, a ₱162.0 million decrease from consolidated noncurrent receivables of 31 December 2021 at ₱318.5 million, the decrease is due to the reclassification of receivable from noncurrent to current portion as a result of the restructuring of some receivables.

#### Property and equipment - net

The Company's consolidated property and equipment were ₱709.2 million as of 31 December 2022, a decrease of ₱136.6 million or -16.2% from ₱845.9 million as of 31 December 2021, due to additions during the year, net of depreciation recorded in 2022.

#### Goodwill and intangible assets

The Company's consolidated computer software licenses and goodwill (net) were ₱1.1 billion as of 31 December 2022, a ₱37.1 million, or -3.3% decrease from consolidated computer software licenses and goodwill (net) of ₱1.1 billion as of 31 December 2021, due to amortizations in intangible assets made in 2022.

#### Investment properties

The Company's consolidated investment properties were ₱126.2 billion as of 31 December 2022, a ₱13.8 billion, or 12.2% increase from consolidated investment properties of ₱112.4 billion as of 31 December 2021, the increase is due to the appreciation of investment properties owned by the Company and additions during the year.

#### Deferred tax assets

The Company's consolidated deferred tax assets were \$\mathbb{P}161.3\$ million as of 31 December 2022, a \$\mathbb{P}137.4\$ million, or -46.0% decrease, from consolidated deferred tax assets of \$\mathbb{P}298.8\$ million as of 31 December 2021. This decrease was mainly due to decrease in the unearned rental income deferred tax component.

#### Other noncurrent assets

The Company's consolidated other noncurrent assets were ₱2.5 billion as of 31 December 2022, a ₱819.9 million, or -24.5% decrease from consolidated other noncurrent assets of ₱3.4 billion as of 31 December 2021, due to decrease in the noncurrent portion of advances to contractors and suppliers.

#### LIABILITIES

#### Accounts payable and other current liabilities

The Company's consolidated accounts payable and other current liabilities was ₱6.6 billion as of 31 December 2022, a ₱2.8 billion, or 71.9% increase from consolidated accounts payable and other current liabilities of ₱3.9 billion as of 31 December 2021. The increase is primarily due to the increase in trade payable and accrued expenses of the Group.

#### Short-term notes payable

The Company's consolidated short-term notes payable was ₱12.5 billion as of 31 December 2022, a ₱2.1 billion, or -14.3% decrease from consolidated short-term notes payable of ₱14.6 billion as of 31 December 2021, due to repayments of short-term loans during the year.

#### Due to related parties

The Company's consolidated due to related parties was at \$\mathbb{P}567.9\$ million as of 31 December 2022, a decrease of \$\mathbb{P}159.7\$ million, or -22.0% decrease from consolidated due to related parties of \$\mathbb{P}727.6\$ million as of 31 December 2021.

#### Customer's deposits

The Company's consolidated deposits from customers were ₱153.7 million as of 31 December 2022, a ₱33.9 million, or 28.2% increase from consolidated deposits from customers of ₱119.9 million as of 31 December 2021, due to higher collection from real estate buyers compared to revenue recognized based on percentage of completion.

#### Dividends payable

The Company's dividends payable increased to ₱456.6 million as of 31 December 2022, a ₱308.9 million, or 209.0% increase from ₱147.8 million as of 31 December 2021 due to DDMPR dividends.

#### Income tax payable

The Company's income tax payable was ₱31.1 million as of 31 December 2022, a ₱16.7 million increase, or 115.2% increase compared to ₱14.5 million as of 31 December 2021.

#### Long-term notes payable - net of debt issue costs

The Company's consolidated long-term notes payable was ₱28.6 billion as of 31 December 2022, a ₱7.1 billion, or 32.8% increase from consolidated long-term notes payable of ₱21.5 billion as of 31 December 2021. The increase is due to availment of addition long term notes.

#### Bonds payable - net of bond issuance cost

The Company's consolidated bonds payable remains at ₱14.9 billion as of 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

#### Lease Liability - net of current portion

The Company's consolidated lease liability was ₱1.0 billion as of 31 December 2022, an ₱239.1 million decrease, or 18.6% from consolidated lease liability of ₱1.3 billion as of 31 December 2021 due to lease payments and reclassification to current.

#### Deferred tax liability

The Company's consolidated deferred tax liability was ₱8.6 billion as of 31 December 2022, a ₱5.1 billion decrease from consolidated deferred tax liability of ₱13.6 billion as of 31 December 2021. This decrease was primarily due to the reversal of DDMPR deferred tax liability.

#### Customers' deposits - net of current portion

The Company's customers' deposit were ₱104.4 million as of 31 December 2022, a ₱263.0 million decrease from ₱367.4 million as of 31 December 2021. This decrease was mainly due to reclassification to current portion.

#### Retirement benefits liability

The Company's retirement benefits liability was ₱30.0 million as of 31 December 2022, a ₱0.5 million decrease, or -1.7% decrease from retirement benefits liability of ₱30.5 million as of 31 December 2021.

#### Other noncurrent liabilities

The Company's consolidated other noncurrent liabilities were ₱1.6 billion as of 31 December 2022, a ₱415.1 million increase, or 36.6% increase from consolidated other noncurrent liabilities of ₱1.1 billion as of 31 December 2021. This increase was due to the increase in deferred output VAT.

#### **EQUITY**

Consolidated equity for the year ended 31 December 2022 is at ₱81.6billion, an increase of ₱12.3 billion, or 17.7%, from its consolidated equity of ₱69.3 billion recorded for the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### Equity Attributable to Holders of the Parent Company

Equity attributable to the holders of the Parent Company increased by \$\mathbb{P}3.9\$ billion (21.0%) from \$\mathbb{P}41.0\$ billion on 31 December 2021 to \$\mathbb{P}44.9\$ billion as of 31 December 2022. The increase is due to the net income attributable to parent for the period.

#### **Equity of Non-controlling Interest**

Non-controlling interest (NCI) increased by ₱8.4 billion (29.5%) to ₱36.7 billion from ₱28.3 billion on 31 December 2021. The increase was due to NCI's share in the earnings recognized during the year.

#### KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The following are the major financial ratios of the Company for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Current Ratio	1.27	1.20
Asset to Equity	1.92	2.04
Debt to Equity Ratios		
On gross basis	0.69x	0.74x
On net basis	0.62x	0.62x
Return on Equity	12.93%	19.79%
Net Income to Revenue	39.29%	46.49%
Revenue Growth	-11.27%	11.66%
Net Income Growth	14.56%	87.22%
EBITDA	₱10.39 Billion	₱12.92 Billion
Acid Test Ratio	0.85	0.82
Solvency Ratio	0.17	0.16
Interest Coverage Ratio	3.32	3.92

The formulae by which the Company calculates the foregoing performance indicators are as follows:

1. Current Ratio	Current Assets Current Liabilities
2. Asset to Equity Ratio	Total Assets Total Stockholders' Equity
3. Debt to Equity Ratio (Gross Basis)	Total Interest Bearing Short-Term and Long-Term Debt Total Equity
4. Debt to Equity Ratio (Net Basis)	Total Interest Bearing Short-Term and Long-Term Debt less Cash and Cash Equivalent  Total Equity
5. Return on Equity	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent Average Equity Attributable to the Owners of the Parent
6. Net Income to Revenue (Net Profit Margin)	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent Total Revenue
7. Revenue Growth	Total Revenue (Current Period) - Total Revenue (Prior Period)  Total Revenue (Prior Period)
8. EBITDA	Income from Operations + Depreciation and Amortization + Interest Expense
9. Solvency Ratio	Net Income + Depreciation Total Liabilities
10. Net Income Growth	Net Income (Current Period) - Net Income (Prior Period)  Net Income (Prior Period)
11. Acid Test Ratio	Cash + Accounts Receivable + Marketable Securities Current Liabilities
12. Interest Coverage Ratio	Earnings before interest and taxes Interest Paid

The Company mainly relies on its cash flow from operations, bank borrowings, debt and bond issuance and equity issuance.

The Company expects to meet its operating assets and liabilities, capital expenditure and investment requirements for the next 12 months primarily from its operating cash flows and borrowings and proceeds of the bond offering. It may also from time to time seek other sources of funding, which may include debt or equity financings, depending on its financing needs and market conditions.

The Company has no material capex commitments that it has to fund as majority of the leasing business of the company at this point has already been completed and built.

#### OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

As of the date of this Preliminary Prospectus, the Company has no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, or obligations that were likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity or capital expenditures that is material to investors of the Company also has no unconsolidated subsidiaries.

#### QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE OF MARKET RISK

The Company has significant exposure to the following risks in the ordinary course of business:

Interest Rate Risk

Fluctuations in interest rates could make it more difficult for the DD Group to procure new debt on attractive terms, or at all. The Company monitors prevailing market-based interest rates and aim to ensure that the interest rates charged on future borrowings are optimal and benchmarked against the interest rates charged by other banks.

Liquidity Risk

The Company faces the risk that it will not have sufficient cash flows to meet its operating requirements and its financing obligations when they come due. The Company manages liquidity risks by forecasting projected cash flows and maintaining balance between continuity of funding and flexibility in operations.

#### FINANCIAL RISK DISCLOSURE

The Company is not aware of any known trends, demands, commitments, events, or uncertainties that will have a material impact on the Company's liquidity.

The Company is not aware of any event that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to Company, including default or acceleration of any obligation.

The Company is not aware of any trends, events, or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on revenues or income from continuing operations.

The Company does not have any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from its continuing operations.

The Company does not have any seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial conditions or results of operations.

#### Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended December 31, 2021 & 2020

			Horizontal Analysi	is	Vertical Analysis	
	2021	2020	Increase (Decrease	)	2021	2020
REVENUES						
Rental income	3,420,413,009	3,608,515,371	(188, 102, 362)	-5.2%	21.5%	25.3%
Real estate sales	778,084,021	557,364,504	220,719,517	39.6%	4.9%	3.9%
Hotel revenues	577,925,107	491,873,210	86,051,897	17.5%	3.6%	3.4%
Unrealized gains from changes in fair values of investment property	9,667,665,180	8,361,315,377	1,306,349,803	15.6%	60.7%	58.6%
Interest income	94,473,724	109,657,294	(15,183,570)	-13.8%	0.6%	0.8%
Others - net	1,387,275,067	1,133,745,842	253,529,225	22.4%	8.7%	7.9%
	15,925,836,108	14,262,471,598	1,663,364,510	11.7%	100.0%	100.0%
COST AND EXPENSES						
Cost of real estate sales	434,024,370	309,210,941	124,813,429	40.4%	2.7%	2.2%
Cost of hotel operations	326,289,350	304,551,283	21,738,067	7.1%	2.0%	2.1%
Selling expenses	127,401,011	113,348,231	14,052,780	12.4%	0.8%	0.8%
General and administrative expenses	2,281,984,861	2,391,074,372	(109,089,511)	-4.6%	14.3%	16.8%
Interest expense	1,720,301,746	959,802,222	760,499,524	79.2%	10.8%	6.7%
	4,890,001,338	4,077,987,049	812,014,289	19.9%	30.7%	28.6%
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	11,035,834,770	10,184,484,549	851,350,221	8.4%	69.3%	71.4%
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	(244,638,859)	4,159,261,356	(4,403,900,215)	-105.9%	-1.5%	29.2%
NET INCOME	11,280,473,629	6,025,223,193	5,255,250,436	87.2%	70.8%	42.2%
Net income attributable to:						
Equity holders of the Parent Company	7,404,361,935	4,183,697,779	3,220,664,156	77.0%	46.5%	29.3%
Non-controlling interest	3,876,111,694	1,841,525,414	2,034,586,280	110.5%	24.3%	12.9%
	11,280,473,629	6,025,223,193	5,255,250,436	87.2%	70.8%	42.2%

#### REVENUES

Consolidated revenues increased by ₱1.7 billion, or 11.7%, to ₱15.9 billion for the year ended December 31, 2021 compared to ₱14.3 billion for the year ended December 31, 2020. The increase in total revenues is due to higher real estate sales, hotel revenues, unrealized gains from changes in fair values of investment property for 2021 and other income compared to 2020.

The Company's hotel revenues increase by ₱86.1 million or 17.5% to ₱577.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2021, compared to ₱491.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2020 due to higher occupancy.

The Company's real estate sales increased by ₱220.7 million, or 39.6%, to ₱778.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 compared to ₱557.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2020 due to higher sales booked based on percentage of completion due to the resumption of construction activities after the lifting of the community quarantine and additional sales in 2021.

The Company's interest income for the year ended December 31, 2021 decreased by ₱15.2 million or, -13.8%, to ₱94.5 million, compared to ₱109.7 million in 2020, as a result of the decrease in the Company's deposit placements with financial institutions.

Other income increased by ₱253.5 million, or 22.4%, to ₱1.4 billion for the year ended December 31, 2021 compared to ₱1.1 billion in 2020 due to increase in interest charges.

#### **COST AND EXPENSES**

The Company's consolidated costs and expenses increased by ₱812.0 million, or 19.9%, to ₱4.9 billion for the year ended December 31, 2021, compared to ₱4.1 billion in 2020, mainly driven by the increase in the interest expense by ₱760.5 million or 79.2% to ₱1.7 billion as of December 31, 2021 from ₱959.8 million in the previous year.

The Company booked cost of hotel operations of ₱326.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2021, an increase of ₱21.7 million or 7.1% compared to ₱304.6 million for the year ended December 2020. The increase is due to increase in rental, utilities and outsourced services.

The Company's general and administrative expenses decreased by ₱109.1 million, or -4.6%, to ₱2.3 billion for the year ended December 31, 2021 compared to ₱2.4 billion in 2020. The decrease is due to lower taxes and licenses, employee cost and depreciation.

The Company's selling and marketing expenses also increased by ₱14.1 million, or 12.4%, to ₱127.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 compared to ₱113.3 million in 2020, due to higher advertising and marketing expense during the year.

The Company's cost of real estate sales increased by ₱124.8 million, or 40.4%, to ₱434.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 compared to ₱309.2 million in 2020, due to the increase in real estate sales recognized during the year.

#### **INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

The Company's income tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2021 is at -₱244.6 million, a decrease of ₱4.4 billion, or -105.9%, from its income tax expense of ₱4.2 billion recorded for the year ended December 31, 2020. The decrease is mainly due to the lower income tax rate in 2021 and a one-time recognition of a net tax benefit as a result of the downward adjustment in the deferred tax assets and liabilities balance as of December 31, 2020 to reflect the decrease in the corporate income tax rate from 30% to 25%.

#### **NET INCOME**

As a result of the foregoing, the Company's consolidated net income for the year ended December 31, 2021 is at \$\mathbb{P}11.3\$ billion, an increase of \$\mathbb{P}5.3\$ billion, or 87.2%, from its consolidated net income of \$\mathbb{P}6.0\$ billion recorded for the year ended December 31, 2020. The increase is due mainly to higher fair value gains booked.

#### DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

For the year ended December 31, 2021 & 2020

Audited	Audited	Horizontal An	alysis	Vertical Ana	llysis
December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	Increase (Deci	rease)	2021	2020
	- / / - / - /				3.3%
					5.5%
		79,589,030			1.9%
		-			0.0%
					3.7%
23,303,700,180	17,443,677,494	5,860,022,686	33.6%	16.5%	14.4%
318,545,851	1,613,038	316,932,813	19648.2%		0.0%
845,853,666	836,946,310	8,907,356	1.1%	0.6%	0.7%
1,147,931,606	1,182,844,798	(34,913,192)	-3.0%	0.8%	1.0%
112,391,162,203	98,489,954,717	13,901,207,486	14.1%	79.3%	81.5%
-	317,655	(317,655)	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
298,778,364	526,829,392	(228,051,028)	-43.3%	0.2%	0.4%
3,350,232,010	2,423,552,002	926,680,008	38.2%	2.4%	2.0%
118,352,503,700	103,462,057,912	14,890,445,788	14.4%	83.5%	85.6%
141,656,203,880	120,905,735,406	20,750,468,474	17.2%	100.0%	100.0%
3.867.205.235	5.612.396.934	(1.745.191.699)	-31.1%	2.7%	4.6%
.,,		( ) , . , ,			15.7%
					0.1%
					0.8%
					0.1%
					0.1%
19,495,900,565	25,940,555,638	(6,444,655,073)	-24.8%	13.8%	21.5%
21 525 500 015	12 705 061 004	7.010.027.011	57.10/	15.00/	11.20/
					11.3% 12.3%
					1.1%
					11.7%
					0.3%
					0.5%
					1.2%
					38.0%
		502,253,336	0.7%	51.1%	59.4%
	7.30.003.003.00	,.,,			
227 210 070	227 210 040		0.00/	0.20/	0.20/
. ,,		-			0.2% 8.3%
		-			0.0
		7 001 702 211			4.6% 15.1%
		/,001,/03,311			
117,125,176	(4,926,420)	122,051,596	-2477.5%	-0.1% 0.1%	-0.1% 0.0%
	(4,920,420)				
	22 055 521 542	7 122 754 007	21.00/	29.09/	
40,979,286,450	33,855,531,543	7,123,754,907	21.0%	28.9%	28.0%
	33,855,531,543 15,204,706,552 49,060,238,095	7,123,754,907 13,124,460,231 20,248,215,138	21.0% 86.3% 41.3%	28.9% 20.0% 48.9%	28.0% 12.6% 40.6%
	7,763,034,480 8,215,798,308 8,215,798,308 2,391,400,824 55,150,000 4,878,316,568 23,303,700,180  318,545,851 845,853,666 112,391,162,203 298,778,364 3,350,232,010 118,352,503,700 141,656,203,880  3,867,205,235 14,618,871,6595 119,867,995 727,613,833 147,771,638 14,470,655	T.763,034,480   3,976,350,272   8,215,798,308   6,592,765,182   2,391,400,824   2,311,811,794   55,150,000   55,150,000   4,878,316,568   4,507,600,246   23,303,700,180   17,443,677,494	Trease (Dec   December 31, 2021   December 31, 2020   Increase (Dec   T,763,034,480   3,976,350,272   3,786,684,208   8,215,798,308   6,592,765,182   1,623,033,126   2,391,400,824   2,311,811,794   79,589,030   55,150,000   55,150,000   55,150,000   55,150,000   55,150,000   55,150,000   55,150,000   55,150,000   55,150,000   55,150,000   17,443,677,494   5,860,022,686   38,45,853,666   836,946,310   8,907,356   1,1479,316,06   1,182,844,798   (34,913,192)   112,391,162,203   98,489,954,717   13,901,207,486   -377,655   (317,655)   (317,655)   (298,778,364   526,829,392   (228,051,028)   3,350,232,010   2,423,552,002   926,680,008   118,352,503,700   103,462,057,912   14,890,445,788   141,656,203,880   120,905,735,406   20,750,468,474   1477,1638   151,713,756   (3,447,56,200)   14,618,971,639   156,343,410   (36,475,415)   727,613,83   991,532,102   (263,918,719)   14,770,138   391,532,102   (263,918,719)   14,770,138   151,713,756   (3,942,118)   14,770,635   564,841,577   (50,370,922)   19,495,900,565   25,940,555,638   (6,444,655,073)   12,825,385,34   1,365,205,845   (82,567,311)   13,612,338,447   14,120,458,800   (508,120,353)   367,412,148   362,487,632   49,24,516   30,547,752   29,237,486   1,310,266   30,547,752   29,237,486   1,310,266   30,547,752   29,237,486   1,310,266   30,547,752   29,237,486   1,310,266   1,3249,5249   1,451,319,117   (315,823,868)   52,851,850,082   45,904,941,673   6,946,908,409   72,347,750,647   71,845,497,311   502,253,336   23,7310,060   2,347,750,647   71,845,497,311   502,253,336   22,521,421,362   18,249,718,051   7,001,703,311	T.763,034,480   3,976,350,272   3,786,684,208   95,2%	Technology

#### **ASSETS**

Consolidated assets as of December 31, 2021 is at ₱141.7 billion, an increase of ₱20.8 billion, or 17.2%, from its consolidated assets of ₱120.9 billion recorded as of December 31, 2020.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The Company's consolidated cash and cash equivalents is at ₱7.8 billion as of December 31, 2021, an increase of ₱3.8 billion, or 95.2%, from consolidated cash and cash equivalents of ₱4.0 billion as of December 31, 2020, due to the proceeds from DDMP REIT, Inc. IPO.

#### Receivables - net

The Company's consolidated net receivables were ₱8.2 billion as of December 31, 2021, a ₱1.6 billion, or 24.6% increase from consolidated net receivables of ₱6.6 billion as of December 31, 2020, due to the increase in accrued rent receivables arising from the excess of rent income over rental collections made by lessees in accordance with straight-line rental recognition as mandated by PFRS 16, and increase in installment contract receivable.

#### Real estate inventories

The Company's consolidated real estate inventories were ₱2.4 billion as of December 31, 2021, a ₱79.6 million or 3.4% increase from consolidated real estate inventories of ₱2.3 billion as of December 31, 2020.

#### Due from related parties

The Company's consolidated due from related parties remains unchanged at ₱55.2 million as of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

#### Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net

The Company's consolidated prepaid expenses and other current assets (net) were ₹4.9 billion as of December 31, 2021, a ₹370.7 million, or 8.2% increase from consolidated prepaid expenses and other current assets (net) of ₹4.5 billion as of December 31, 2020.

#### Receivables - net of current portion

The Company's consolidated noncurrent receivables were ₱318.5 million as of December 31, 2021, a ₱1.6 million increase from consolidated noncurrent receivables of December 31, 2020 at ₱316.9 million, the increase is due to the reclassification of receivable from noncurrent to current portion as a result of the restructuring of some receivables.

#### Property and equipment - net

The Company's consolidated property and equipment were ₱845.9 million as of December 31, 2021, an ₱8.9 million increase from ₱836.9 million as of December 31, 2020, due to additions during the year, net of depreciation recorded in 2021.

#### Goodwill and intangible assets

The Company's consolidated computer software licenses and goodwill (net) were ₱1.1 billion as of December 31, 2021, a ₱34.9 million, or -3.0% decrease from consolidated computer software licenses and goodwill (net) of ₱1.2 billion as of December 31, 2020, due to amortizations in intangible assets made in 2021.

#### Investment properties

The Company's consolidated investment properties were ₱112.4 billion as of December 31, 2021, a ₱13.9 billion, or 14.1% increase from consolidated investment properties of ₱98.5 billion as of December 31, 2020, the increase is due to the appreciation of investment properties owned by the Company and additions during the year.

#### Deferred tax assets

The Company's consolidated deferred tax assets were ₱298.8 million as of December 31, 2021, a ₱228.1 million, or -43.3% decrease, from consolidated deferred tax assets of ₱526.8 million as of December 31, 2020. This decrease was mainly due to the downward adjustment in the deferred tax asset balance as of December 31, 2020 to reflect the decrease in the corporate income tax rate from 30% to 25%.

#### Other noncurrent assets

The Company's consolidated other noncurrent assets were ₱3.4 billion as of December 31, 2021, a ₱926.7 million, or 38.2% increase from consolidated other noncurrent assets of ₱2.4 billion as of December 31, 2020, due to increase in refundable deposits.

#### **LIABILITIES**

#### Accounts payable and other current liabilities

The Company's consolidated accounts payable and other current liabilities was ₱3.9 billion as of December 31, 2021, a ₱1.7 billion, or -31.1% decrease from consolidated accounts payable and other current liabilities of ₱5.6 billion as of December 31, 2020. The decrease is primarily due to the decrease in accrued project cost of the Group.

#### Short-term notes payable

The Company's consolidated short-term notes payable was ₱14.6 billion as of December 31, 2021, a ₱4.3 billion, or -22.9% decrease from consolidated short-term notes payable of ₱19.0 billion as of December 31, 2020, due to repayments of short-term loans during the year.

#### Due to related parties

The Company's consolidated due to related parties was at ₱727.6 million as of December 31, 2021, a decrease of ₱263.9 million, or -26.6% decrease from consolidated due to related parties of ₱991.5 million as of December 31, 2020.

#### Customer's deposits

The Company's consolidated deposits from customers were ₱119.9 million as of December 31, 2021, a ₱36.5 million, or -23.3% decrease from consolidated deposits from customers of ₱156.3 million as of December 31, 2020, due to higher collection from real estate buyers compared to revenue recognized based on percentage of completion.

#### Dividends payable

The Company's dividends payable decreased to ₱147.8 million as of December 31, 2021, a ₱3.9 million, or -2.6% decrease from ₱151.7 million as of December 31, 2020.

#### Income tax payable

The Company's income tax payable was ₱14.5 million as of December 31, 2021, a ₱50.4 million decrease compared to ₱64.8 million as of December 31, 2020.

#### Long-term notes payable – net of debt issue costs

The Company's consolidated long-term notes payable was ₱21.5 billion as of December 31, 2021, a ₱7.8 billion, or 57.1% increase from consolidated long-term notes payable of ₱13.7 billion as of December 31, 2020. The increase is due availment of addition long term notes.

#### Bonds payable - net of bond issuance cost

The Company's consolidated bonds payable remains at ₱14.9 billion as of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

#### Lease Liability

The Company's consolidated lease liability was ₱1.3 billion as of December 31, 2021, an ₱82.6 million decrease from consolidated lease liability of ₱1.4 billion as of December 31, 2020.

#### Deferred tax liability

The Company's consolidated deferred tax liability was ₱13.6 billion as of December 31, 2021, a ₱508.1 million decrease from consolidated deferred tax liability of ₱14.1 billion as of December 31, 2020. This decrease was primarily due to downward adjustment in the deferred tax liability balance to reflect the decrease in the corporate income tax rate from 30% to 25%.

#### Retirement benefits liability

The Company's retirement benefits liability was ₱30.5 million as of December 31, 2021, a ₱1.3 million increase from retirement benefits liability of ₱29.2 million as of December 31, 2020 due to additional retirement cost recognized in 2021.

#### Other noncurrent liabilities

The Company's consolidated other noncurrent liabilities were ₱1.1 billion as of December 31, 2021, a ₱315.8 million decrease from consolidated other noncurrent liabilities of ₱1.5 billion as of December 31, 2020. This decrease was due to the decrease in unearned rent income and deferred output VAT.

#### **EQUITY**

Consolidated equity for the year ended December 31, 2021 is at ₱69.3 billion, an increase of ₱20.2 billion, or 41.3%, from its consolidated equity of ₱49.1 billion recorded for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### Equity Attributable to Holders of the Parent Company

Equity attributable to the holders of the Parent Company increased by ₱7.1 billion (21.0%) from ₱33.9 billion on December 31, 2020 to P41.0 billion as of December 31, 2021. The increase is due to the cumulative earnings recognized by the Company.

#### Equity of Non-controlling Interest

Non-controlling interest (NCI) increased by ₱13.1 billion (86.3%) to ₱28.3 billion from ₱15.2 billion on December 31, 2020. The increase was due to NCI's share in the earnings recognized during the year.

#### KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The following are the major financial ratios of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	<b>December 31, 2021</b>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>
Current Ratio	1.20	0.67
Asset to Equity	2.04	2.46
Debt to Equity Ratios		
On Gross Basis	0.74x	0.97x
On Net Basis	0.62x	0.89x
Return on Equity	19.79%	13.04%
Net Income to Revenue	46.49%	29.33%
Revenue Growth	11.66%	-29.41%
Net Income Growth	76.98%	-52.63%
EBITDA	Php 12,918,694,377	Php 11,346,449,510
Acid Test Ratio	0.82	0.41
Solvency Ratio	0.16	0.09
Interest Coverage Ratio	3.92	3.54

Interest Coverage Ratio 3.92 3.54

The formulas by which the Company calculates the foregoing performance indicators are as follows:

1. Current Ratio	pany calculates the foregoing performance indicators are as follows:  Current Assets
	Current Liabilities
2. Asset to Equity Ratio	Total Assets
	Total Stockholders' Equity
3. Debt to Equity Ratio (Gross Basis)	Total Interest Bearing Short-Term and Long-Term Debt
	Total Equity
4. Debt to Equity Ratio (Net Basis)	Total Interest Bearing Short-Term and Long-Term Debt less Cash and Cash Equivalent
	Total Equity
5. Return on Equity	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent
	Average Equity Attributable to the Owners of the Parent
6. Net Income to Revenue	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent
(Net Profit Margin)	
(control of the state of the st	Total Revenue
7. Revenue Growth	Total Revenue (Current Period) - Total Revenue (Prior Period)
	Total Revenue (Prior Period)
8. EBITDA	Income from Operations + Depreciation and Amortization + Interest Expense
9. Solvency Ratio	Net Income + Depreciation
	Total Liabilities
10. Net Income Growth	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent (Current Period) -
	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent (Prior Period)
	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent (Prior Period)
11. Acid Test Ratio	Cash + Accounts Receivable + Marketable Securities
	Current Liabilities
12. Interest Coverage Ratio	Earnings before interest and taxes
	Interest Paid

## DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

	September 30, 2024 September 30, 2023		Horizontal Analysis		Vertical Analysis	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	Increase (Dec	rease)	2024	2023
REVENUES						
Rental income	2,984,570,471	2,799,988,388	184,582,083	6.6%	46.5%	45.6%
Real estate sales	838,618,516	1,210,391,583	(371,773,067)	-30.7%	13.1%	19.7%
Hotel revenues	618,143,255	457,086,661	161,056,594	35.2%	9.6%	7.4%
Interest income	58,653,299	87,751,963	(29,098,664)	-33.2%	0.9%	1.4%
Others - net	1,920,376,313	1,590,804,338	329,571,975	20.7%	29.9%	25.9%
	6,420,361,854	6,146,022,933	274,338,921	4.5%	100.0%	100.0%
COST AND EXPENSES						
Cost of real estate sales	429,901,247	617,300,337	(187,399,090)	-30.4%	6.7%	10.0%
Cost of hotel operations	432,749,223	320,493,927	112,255,296	35.0%	6.7%	5.2%
Selling expenses	117,803,109	92,486,575	25,316,534	27.4%	1.8%	1.5%
General and administrative expenses	1,532,031,683	1,350,934,607	181,097,076	13.4%	23.9%	22.0%
Interest expense	1,179,968,287	1,142,375,426	37,592,861	3.3%	18.4%	18.6%
	3,692,453,549	3,523,590,872	168,862,677	4.8%	57.5%	57.3%
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	2,727,908,305	2,622,432,061	105,476,244	4.0%	42.5%	42.7%
INCOME TAX BENEFIT (EXPENSE)	(195,349,186)	(149,517,511)	(45,831,675)	30.7%	-3.0%	-2.4%
NET INCOME	2,532,559,119	2,472,914,550	59,644,569	2.4%	39.4%	40.2%
Attributable to:						
Equity holders of the Parent Company	1,505,580,627	1,431,670,638	73,909,989	5.2%	23.5%	23.3%
Non-controlling interest	1,026,978,492	1,041,243,912	(14,265,420)	-1.4%	16.0%	16.9%
	2,532,559,119	2,472,914,550	59,644,569	2.4%	39.4%	40.2%

#### Revenues

DoubleDragon Corporation ("DoubleDragon" or "The Company") reports Consolidated Revenue figures for nine months ended September 30, 2024 at ₱6,420.36 million.

DoubleDragon's rental revenues increased by ₱184.58 million to ₱2,984.57 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to ₱2,799.99 million during the same period last year, increase is due to the combination of rental escalation and new tenants onboarded.

Real estate sales amounting to \$\mathbb{P}838.62\$ million, a decrease of \$\mathbb{P}371.77\$ million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same period in 2023, decrease is due to the limited remaining units of inventory left for sale for its Hotel101 Philippine-based projects, and also due to timing of recognition based on construction completion. The Company expects to only begin sales recognition for its first batch of overseas projects, namely Hotel101 Niseko and Hotel101 Madrid in fourth quarter of 2024 upon significant construction completion despite already selling out a significant part of the overseas projects inventory.

Hotel Revenues increased by 35.2% to ₱618.14 for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, from ₱457.09 million posted in the same period in 2023, due to increase in occupancy rate for hotel properties and additional hotel revenue from recently-opened Hotel101-Fort.

The Company's interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 decreased by ₱29.10 million or, to ₱58.65 million, compared to ₱87.75 million in 2023, as a result of the decrease in interest income from short term placements.

The Company's Others - net for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 amounting to ₱1.92 billion increased by ₱329.57 million or, 20.7%, compared to ₱1.59 billion in 2023 due to the increase cinema revenues, management income, interests and other charges to tenants.

#### **Cost and Expenses**

Cost of real estate sales amounting to ₱429.90 million, a decrease by ₱187.40 million, -30.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same period in 2023, the decrease in line with the real estate sales for the period.

Cost of hotel operations amounting to ₱432.75 million increased by ₱112.26 million, 35.0%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. The increase is due to higher hotel occupancy resulting to higher operating costs.

Selling expenses of ₱117.80 million increased by ₱25.32 million, or 27.4%, from ₱92.49 million from the same period last year due to the increase in expenses related to events and sales roadshows and other marketing expenses.

General and administrative expenses of ₱1,532.03 million increased by ₱181.10 million, or 13.4% due to increase in utilities, employees salaries, depreciation and professional fees.

Interest expense amounting to ₱1,179.97 million was recognized for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 – an increase from ₱1,142.38 million or 3.3% in the same period last year.

#### **Income before income tax**

The Company's consolidated income before income tax for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 is at ₱2,727.91 million, an increase of ₱105.48 million or 4.0%, from its consolidated income before income tax of ₱2,622.43 million recorded for the same period in 2023.

#### **Income tax expense**

The Company's income tax expense for the first nine months is at ₱195.35 million, an increase of ₱45.83 million, or 30.7%, from its income tax expense of ₱149.52 million recorded for the same period in 2023. Increase in income tax expense is due to higher taxable income for the period.

#### **Net Income**

The Company's consolidated net income of ₱2,532.56 million increased by ₱59.64 million, for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 from ₱2,472.91 million posted for the same period in the previous year.

#### September 30, 2024 versus December 31, 2023 Interim Statements of Financial Position

## DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 & DECEMBER 31, 2023

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	Horizontal An	alvsis	Vertical A	nalysis
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	Increase (Decr		2024	2023
ASSETS	(Chaudica)	(riudited)	Increase (Beer	cusej	2021	2020
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	5,370,154,075	2,918,467,996	2,451,686,079	84.0%	2.8%	1.6%
Receivables - net	16,927,677,016	14,295,415,072	2,632,261,944	18.4%	8.8%	7.9%
Inventories	5,635,831,110	4,522,224,068	1,113,607,042	24.6%	2.9%	2.5%
Due from related parties	49,356,220	49,356,220	-	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prepaid expenses and other	.,,	, ,				
current assets - net	6,785,833,275	6,248,446,537	537,386,738	8.6%	3.5%	3.4%
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	34,768,851,696	28,033,909,893	6,734,941,803	24.0%	18.1%	15.5%
Noncurrent Assets						
Receivables - net of current						
portion	298,601,611	298,601,611	-	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%
Property and equipment - net	1,236,797,469	1,201,682,700	35,114,769	2.9%	0.6%	0.7%
Goodwill and intangible assets	1,080,156,441	1,091,535,467	(11,379,026)	-1.0%	0.6%	0.6%
Investment property	152,198,116,822	147,937,015,015	4,261,101,807	2.9%	79.1%	81.6%
Right-of-use assets - net of	, , ,	, , ,	, , ,			
current portion	4,815,777	15,331,566	(10,515,789)	-68.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Deferred tax assets	233,819,399	145,948,729	87,870,670	60.2%	0.1%	0.1%
Other noncurrent assets	2,607,833,074	2,515,921,894	91,911,180	3.7%	1.4%	1.4%
<b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>	157,660,140,593	153,206,036,982	4,454,103,611	2.9%	81.9%	84.5%
Total Assets	192,428,992,289	181,239,946,875	11,189,045,414	6.2%	100.0%	100.0%
Current Liabilities Accounts payable and other		0.400.010.004	(1.402.505.024)	15.50/	2.604	4.607
current liabilities	6,927,016,470	8,420,812,394	(1,493,795,924)	-17.7%	3.6%	4.6%
Short-term notes payable and				0.504	0.504	0.407
current maturities	16,594,647,560	15,283,212,952	1,311,434,608	8.6%	8.6%	8.4%
Customers' deposits	1,435,056,277	685,020,347	750,035,930	109.5%	0.7%	0.4%
Due to related parties	560,811,433	560,812,383	(950)	0.0%	0.3%	0.3%
Dividends payable	1,087,105,890	486,308,726	600,797,164	123.5%	0.6%	0.3%
Income tax payable	29,110,004	18,038,820	11,071,184	61.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Current Liabilities	26,633,747,634	25,454,205,622	1,179,542,012	4.6%	13.8%	14.0%
NT						
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Long-term notes payable - net						
of current maturities and debt	25.045.245.045	20 425 257 669	7 (22 0(0 240	25.00/	10.20/	1.6.20/
issue costs	37,047,317,917	29,425,257,668	7,622,060,249	25.9%	19.3%	16.2%
Bonds payable - net of bond	10 702 057 770	10 552 251 010	1 140 705 071	C 20/	10.2%	10.20/
Issue costs	19,702,057,779	18,553,351,918	1,148,705,861	6.2%	10.2%	10.2%
Lease liabilities - net of current		1 210 162 420	04 206 140	7 70/	0.70/	0.7%
portion Deferred tax liabilities	1,313,468,577	1,219,162,429	94,306,148	7.7%	0.7%	0.7% 5.9%
Retirement benefits liability	11,532,222,068	10,695,557,305	836,664,763	7.8% 0.0%	6.0%	0.0%
Other noncurrent liabilities	45,795,658	45,795,658 1,278,244,992	(21 206 250)	-1.7%	0.0% 0.7%	0.0%
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,257,038,736 70,897,900,735	61,217,369,970	(21,206,256) 9,680,530,765	15.8%	36.8%	33.8%
Total Liabilities	97,531,648,369	86,671,575,592	10,860,072,777	12.5%	50.7%	47.8%
TOTAL MADILITIES	71,331,040,309	00,071,373,392	10,000,072,777	12.370	JU. / 70	4/.0%

Equity						
<b>Equity Attributable to Equity</b>						
Holders of the Parent						
Company						
Capital stock	237,310,060	237,310,060	-	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%
Preferred shares	10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000	-	0.0%	5.2%	5.5%
Additional paid-in capital	5,540,589,852	5,540,589,852	-	0.0%	2.9%	3.1%
Retained earnings	37,516,027,305	37,357,785,252	158,242,053	0.4%	19.5%	20.6%
Treasury stock	(391,673,305)	(391,673,305)	-	0.0%	-0.2%	-0.2%
Retirement benefits liability	(679,646,928)	(510,591,641)	(169,055,287)	33.1%	-0.4%	-0.3%
	52,222,606,984	52,233,420,218	(10,813,234)	0.0%	27.1%	28.8%
Non-controlling interest	42,674,736,936	42,334,951,065	339,785,871	0.8%	22.2%	23.4%
Total Equity	94,897,343,920	94,568,371,283	328,972,637	0.3%	49.3%	52.2%
<b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b>	192,428,992,289	181,239,946,875	11,189,045,414	6.2%	100.0%	100.0%

As of the end of September 30, 2024, Consolidated Total Assets stood at ₱192.43 billion while Total Equity reached ₱94.90 billion.

#### **Current Assets**

Cash amounting to ₱5.37 billion as of September 30, 2024, an increase of ₱2.45 billion or 84.0% from ₱2.92 billion as of December 31, 2023. Increase in cash was mainly due to the strengthening of the Company's cash position from collections and availments.

Receivables amounting to ₱16.93 billion as of September 30, 2024, an increase of ₱2.63 billion (18.4%) from ₱14.30 billion as of December 31, 2023 due to increase in installment contracts receivable and rent receivable. Impairment loss on receivables amounted to ₱39.86 million for the period.

Real estate inventories amounting to ₱5.64 billion as of September 30, 2024 increased by ₱ 1.11 billion (24.6%) from ₱4.52 billion on December 31, 2023. Increase was due to the capital expenditures related to Hotel101 projects with the ongoing construction of different Hotel101 projects offset by the cost of real estate sales during the period.

Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net amounting to ₱6.79 billion as of September 30, 2024, an increase of ₱537.39 million (8.6%) from ₱6.25 billion as of December 31, 2023 due to increase in advances to contractors and suppliers, and prepaid expenses.

#### **Noncurrent Assets**

Receivables – net of current portion remains at ₱298.60 million as of September 30, 2024.

Property and equipment – net amounting to ₱1.24 billion as of September 30, 2024 increased by ₱35.11 million (2.9%) from ₱1.20 billion as of December 31, 2023 due to the additions recognized for the period less depreciation.

Investment property amounting to ₱152.20 billion as of September 30, 2024 increased by ₱4.26 billion (2.9%) from ₱147.94 billion as of December 31, 2023.

Right-of-use assets - net of current portion amounting to ₱4.82 million as of September 30, 2024, decreased by ₱10.52 million (-68.6%) from ₱15.33 million as of December 31, 2023 decrease is due to depreciation for the period.

Deferred tax assets amounting to ₱233.82 million as of September 30, 2024 increased by ₱87.87 million, or 60.2% from ₱145.95 million as of December 31, 2023 due to additional deffered tax component from NOLCO and unearned revenues.

Other noncurrent assets amounting to ₱2.61 billion increased by ₱91.91 million, or 3.7% from ₱2.52 billion as of December 31, 2023 due to increase in deposits and increase in derivative asset.

#### **Current Liabilities**

Accounts payable and other liabilities amounting to ₱6.93 billion as of September 30, 2024, a decrease of ₱1.49 billion, or -17.7%, from ₱8.42 billion as of December 31, 2023 due to decrease in trade payable, retention payable and withholding tax payable.

Short-term notes payable amounting to ₱16.59 billion as of September 30, 2024, an increase of ₱ 1.31 billion, or 8.6%, from ₱15.28 billion as of December 31, 2023.

Customers' deposits amounting to ₱1.44 billion as of September 30, 2024 increased by ₱750.04 million or 109.5% from ₱685.02 million as of December 31, 2023 due to the increase in deposits from unit buyers of Hotel101 projects.

Due to related parties remains at ₱560.81 million as of September 30, 2024.

Dividends payable amounted to ₱1,087.11 million as of September 30, 2024, an increase of ₱600.80 million, or 123.5%, from ₱486.31 million as of December 31, 2023, increase is due to the dividends declared by the Company during the quarter.

Income tax payable amounting to ₱29.11 million as of September 30, 2024 increased by ₱11.07 million, or 61.4%, from ₱18.04 million as of December 31, 2023 due to higher taxable income.

#### **Noncurrent Liabilities**

Long-term notes payable is at ₱37.05 billion as of September 30, 2024 an increase of 25.9% due to loan availments of the Company during the period.

Bonds payable amounted to ₱19.70 billion as of September 30,2024, an increase of ₱1.15 billion, or 6.2%, from ₱18.55 billion as of December 31, 2023 due to new bond issuance for the period offset by payments.

Lease liabilities- net of current portion amounted to ₱1.31 billion as of September 30, 2024, an increase of ₱94.31 million, or 7.7%, from ₱1.22 billion as of December 31, 2023 due to additional lease liabilities.

Deferred tax liabilities increased by ₱836.66 million (7.8%) to ₱11.53 billion from ₱10.70 billion as of December 31, 2023 mainly due to deferred tax component of borrowing cost.

Other noncurrent liabilities amounting to ₱1.26 billion as of September 30, 2024, a decrease of ₱21.21 million, or -1.7% from ₱1.28 billion as of December 31, 2023 due to decrease in security deposits and deferred output VAT.

#### **Equity**

Equity amounting to ₱94.90 billion as of September 30, 2024, an increase of ₱328.97 million from ₱94.57 billion as of December 31, 2023, due to net income during the period.

#### **Key Performance Indicators of the Company**

	Unaudited September 30, 2024	Audited December 31, 2023
Current Ratio	1.31	1.10
Asset to Equity	2.03	1.92
Debt to Equity Ratios		
On Gross Basis	0.77x	0.67x
On Net Basis	0.72x	0.64x
Acid Test Ratio	0.84	0.68

	Unaudited Nine months ending September 30, 2024	Unaudited Nine months ending September 30, 2023
Return on Equity	2.88%	3.18%
Net Income to Revenue	23.45%	23.29%
Revenue Growth	4.46%	3.01%
Income Growth	5.16%	9.34%
EBITDA	PhP 3,994.39 Million	PhP 3,807.20 Million
Solvency Ratio	0.027x	0.031x

The following are the formula by which the Company calculates the foregoing performance indicators are as follows:

1. Current Ratio	Current Assets Current Liabilities		
2. Asset to Equity Ratio	Total Assets Total Stockholders' Equity		
3. Debt to Equity Ratio (Gross Basis)	Total Interest Bearing Short-Term and Long-Term Debt Total Equity		
4. Debt to Equity Ratio (Net Basis)	Total Interest Bearing Short-Term and Long-Term Debt less Cash and Cash Equivalent  Total Equity		
5. Acid Test Ratio	Cash + Accounts Receivable + Marketable Securities Current Liabilities		
6. Return on Equity	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent  Average Equity Attributable to the Owners of the  Parent		
7. Net Income to Revenue	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent Total Revenue		
8. Revenue Growth	Total Revenue (Current Period) - Total Revenue (Prior Period)  Total Revenue (Prior Period)		
9. Income Growth	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent (Current Period) -1		

Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent (Prior Period)

10. EBITDA Income from Operations + Depreciation and Amortization + Interest Expense

Net Income + Depreciation and

Amortization

Total Liabilities

#### **Other Disclosures**

DD Group is not aware of any known trends, demands, commitments, events, or uncertainties that will have a material impact on DD Group's liquidity.

DD Group is not aware of any event that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to DD Group, including default or acceleration of any obligation.

DD Group has no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, or obligations that were likely to have a current or future material effect on our financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity or capital expenditures.

DD Group has no material commitments for capital expenditures other than those performed in the ordinary course of trade of business and DD Group's store expansion plan.

DD Group also has no unconsolidated subsidiaries.

DD Group does not have any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from its continuing operations.

#### ANNEX D2

### MARKET PRICE OF AND DIVIDENDS ON THE REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY

#### 1. Market Information

The Company's Common Shares and Preferred Share are traded on the Philippine Stock Exchange and were listed on April 7, 2014 and July 26, 2016, respectively. On July 13, 2018, the Company issued additional Common Shares through its Follow On Offering.

The tables below set forth the market prices of the Common Shares and Preferred Shares in 2021, 2022 2023 and 2024.

#### **Common Shares**

0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000								
Period	2021		2022		2023		2024	
	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
1st Quarter	₱16.18	₱12.50	<b>₱</b> 11.46	₱6.80	<b>₱</b> 7.45	₱6.56	<b>₱</b> 9.19	₱7.50
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	₱13.58	₱11.62	₱9.05	₱7.50	₱8.19	₱6.60	₱13.10	₱7.38
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	₱12.60	₱9.81	₱8.39	₱6.15	₱8.10	₱6.69	₱12.60	₱8.70
4th Quarter	₱10.60	₱6.85	<b>₱</b> 7.45	<b>₱</b> 5.50	₱8.39	₱6.79		

#### **Preferred Shares**

Period	2021		2022		2023		2024	
	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
1st Quarter	₱103.50	₱100.00	₱101.90	₱99.60	₱99.00	₱85.05	₱98.00	₱92.80
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	₱103.00	₱100.00	₱101.50	₱95.00	₱97.45	₱90.85	₱97.00	₱93.05
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	₱102.80	₱100.00	₱101.40	₱90.00	₱97.00	₱92.00	₱97.00	₱94.20
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	₱102.30	₱100.20	₱98.50	₱90.00	₱94.65	₱88.50		

As of September 30, 2024, the closing price of the Company's common shares was ₱9.62 per share with a total market capitalization of ₱22,559,175,132 while the closing price of the Company's preferred shares was ₱96.00 per share.

As of November 5, 2023, the closing price of the Company's common shares was ₱10.24 per share with a total market capitalization of ₱24,013,092,864 while the closing price of the Company's preferred shares was ₱94.45 per share.

#### 2. Holders

#### **Common Shares**

There are 135 registered holders of common shares as of September 30, 2024.

The following table sets forth the 20 largest shareholders of the Company's Common Shares as of September 30, 2024:

Rank	Name	No. of Shares	Percentage
1	INJAP INVESTMENTS INC.	824,996,999	35.1807%
2	HONEYSTAR HOLDINGS CORP.	824,996,999	35.1807%
3	PCD NOMINEE CORP - FILIPINO	473,457,625	20.1898%
4	PCD NOMINEE CORP - NON FILIPINO	216,247,916	9.2215%
5	JAVELOSA, JOHN MICHAEL ALERTA	1,000,000	0.0426%
6	HARLEY T. SY	811,000	0.0346%
7	HIROSHI TAKETSU	532,500	0.0227%
8	TIOPE, CONSUELO A.	500,000	0.0213%
9	ANG, MICHELLE MARIE C.	251,100	0.0107%
10	ANG, MICHELLE MARIE C.	200,000	0.0085%
11	TIUTAN, RICARDO G.	150,000	0.0064%
12	SA-ONOY, MARIA EPHIE ANGELA GICARO	100,000	0.0043%
13	TAN, ALBERT S.	100,000	0.0043%
14	EVELYN S. TAN	100,000	0.0043%
15	JURIDICO, PERRY ARTHUR B.	100,000	0.0043%
16	DULACA, JERMAINE M.	100,000	0.0043%
17	PRESNEDI, JEREMIAH R.	87,000	0.0037%
18	PRESNEDI, JEDIDIAH R.	87,000	0.0037%
19	JARUDA, ELPIDIO H.	75,000	0.0032%
20	JARUDA, VERONICA P.	75,000	0.0032%
TOTAL		2,343,968,139	99.9529%

#### **Preferred Shares**

There are 86 registered holders of preferred shares as of September 30, 2024.

The following table sets forth the 20 largest shareholders of the Company's Preferred Shares as of September 30, 2024:

Rank	Name	No. of Shares	Percentage
1	PCD NOMINEE CORP - FILIPINO	97,093,010	97.0930%
2	PCD NOMINEE CORP - NON FILIPINO	1,067,970	1.0680%
3	NG, ANDREW JONATHAN L.	550,000	0.5500%
4	KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS FRATERNAL ASSOCIATION OF THE PHILS., INC.	426,900	0.4269%
5	JESSICA L. MALTO	105,000	0.1050%
6	KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS FRATERNAL ASSOCIATION OF THE PHILS INC	68,700	0.0687%
7	TAN, JUDY O.	55,500	0.0555%
8	JOSEFINA GUTIERREZ CASTILLO OR CYNTHIA GUTIERREZ CASTILLO	,	
9	BEN TIUK SY OR JUDY YU SY	55,000	0.0550%
10	BARCELONA, JOHN P.	50,000	0.0500%
11	FOUNDATION FOR RESOURCE LINKAGE AND DEVELOPMENT INC.	37,500	0.0375%
12	PARDINAS, ERNESTO LIM	35,000	0.0350%
13	SOTA PHILIPPINES, INC.	32,700	0.0327% 0.0250%
14	WILLIAM O. DIZON OR SUSAN A. DIZON	25,000	0.0250%
15	CHIONG PING G. CHING AND/OR MARIA GRACIA J. TAN	25,000	
16	AGUINALDO A. ANDRADA OR MIRA GRACE Q. ANDRADA	25,000 21,600	0.0250% 0.0216%
17	LEOPOLDO FRANCISCO SULPICO JR	20,500	0.0216%
18	ALEJANDRO, REYNALDO G.	20,000	0.0203%
19	ONE POINT CONTACT, INC.	20,000	0.0200%
20	JARDIOLIN, JUSTINA MARIA G.	12,500	0.1250%
TOTAL	,	99,746,880	99.7469%

#### 3. Dividends

On July 30, 2021 the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividend to all common stockholders in the amount of \$\mathbb{P}\$474.0 million, equivalent to \$P0.2002 per share in favor of all common stockholders of record as of August 23, 2021, the payment date was September 16, 2021.

On September 29, 2022 the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividend to all common stockholders in the amount of \$\mathbb{P}\$544.98 million, equivalent to \$P0.2324\$ per share in favor of all common stockholders of record as of October 14, 2022, the payment date was October 31, 2022.

On May 15, 2023 the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividend to all common stockholders in the amount of ₱615.34 million, equivalent to P0.2624 per share in favor of all common stockholders of record as of June 8, 2023, the payment date was July 5, 2023.

On September 27, 2024 the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividend to all common stockholders in the amount of \$\mathbb{P}620.96\$ million, equivalent to \$P0.2648\$ per share in favor of all common stockholders of record as of November 6, 2024, the payment date was November 29, 2024.

The Company has declared the following regular dividends for holders of Preferred Shares in the past three years:

Date of Approval of Board of Directors	Amount of Dividends Approved Per Preferred Share	Date of Payment
December 18, 2020	<b>₽</b> 1.61945	January 14, 2021
March 19, 2021	<b>₽</b> 1.61945	April 14, 2021
June 15, 2021	<b>₽</b> 1.61945	July 14, 2021
September 20, 2021	<b>₽</b> 1.61945	October 14, 2021
December 15, 2021	<b>₽</b> 1.61945	January 6, 2022
March 22, 2022	<b>₽</b> 1.61945	April 18, 2022
June 17, 2022	<b>₽</b> 1.61945	July 14, 2022
September 16, 2022	<b>₽</b> 1.61945	October 14, 2022
December 14, 2022	<b>₽</b> 1.61945	January 16, 2023
March 16, 2023	<b>₽</b> 1.61945	April 14, 2023
June 16, 2023	<b>₽</b> 2.42125	July 14, 2023
September 15, 2023	₱2.42125	October 16, 2023
December 14, 2023	₱2.42125	January 15, 2024
March 12, 2024	₱2.42125	April 15, 2024
June 19, 2024	₱2.42125	July 15, 2024
September 18, 2024	₱2.42125	October 14, 2024

#### **Dividend Policy**

The Company's current dividend policy provides that at least 30% of the preceding fiscal year's net income after tax will be declared as dividends, subject to (i) the availability of Unrestricted Retained Earnings, (ii) implementation of business plans, (iii) contractual obligations, and (iv) working capital requirements. There can be no guarantee that the Company will pay any dividends in the future. The declaration and payment of dividends is subject to compliance annually or as often as the Board of Directors may deem appropriate, in cash or in kind and/or in additional shares from its surplus profits. The ability of the Company to pay dividends will depend on its retained earnings level and financial condition. There is no assurance that the Company will pay dividends in the future.

Each of the Subsidiaries intend to approve a dividend policy that would entitle its stockholders to receive dividends equivalent to 30% to 100% of the prior year's net income after tax subject to (i) the availability of Unrestricted Retained Earnings, (ii) implementation of business plans, (iii) contractual obligations, and (iv) working capital requirements. None of the Subsidiaries have declared dividends in the past.

## 4. Recent Sale of Unregistered or Exempt Securities including Recent Issuance of Securities Constituting an Exempt Transaction.

On September 8, 2023, the Company issued and enrolled Series 1A Notes due 2025 and Series 1C Notes Due 2028 on the PDEx with fixed interest rate of 9.5307% and 9.5354%, respectively. The securities have not been registered with the SEC as the issuance is an exempt Transaction under section 10.1 (l) of the SRC. Philippine Commercial Capital, Inc. ("PCCI") acted as sole arranger and bookrunner for the issue.

On May 23, 2024, the Company issued and enrolled Series 2 Notes Due 2028 on the PDEX with fixed interest rate of 9.5354%, respectively. The security has not been registered with the SEC as the issuance is an exempt Transaction under section 10.1 (l) of the SRC. PCCI acted as sole arranger and bookrunner for the issue.

On March 28, 2023, DD Group, through its wholly-owned subsidiary DDPC Worldwide Pte. Ltd (DDWPL), issued a USD20.00 million tap offering of its outstanding 5-year and Reg S US dollar denominated guaranteed Notes with a coupon rate of 7.25%, and payable semi-annually. This issuance will be consolidated with and form a single series with the Issuer's existing USD160.0 million 7.25%

Senior Guaranteed Notes due 2025, listed in the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading. UBS acted as sole global coordinator and bookrunner for the issue.

### ANNEX D.3

# 2023 Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Schedules

# DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

(Formerly DoubleDragon Properties Corp.)

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021

With Independent Auditors' Report

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The Board of Directors and Stockholders **DoubleDragon Corporation**DD Meridian Park Bay Area

Corner Macapagal Avenue and EDSA Extension Boulevard

Brgy 76 Zone 10, San Rafael, Pasay City, Metro Manila

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of DoubleDragon Corporation, formerly DoubleDragon Properties Corp., and its Subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and notes, comprising material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, are prepared in all material respects, in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS), as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), as described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audits of the consolidated financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Firm Regulatory Registration & Accreditation:
PRC-BOA Registration No. 0003, valid until September 20, 2026
IC Accreditation No. 0003-IC, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by IC Circular Letter (CL) No. 2019-39, Transition clause)
BSP Accreditation No. 0003-BSP, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by BSP Monetary Board Resolution No. 2161, Transition clause)



#### Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with PFRS, as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the SEC in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The impact of the application of the financial reporting reliefs on the consolidated financial statements are discussed in detail in Note 3. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of Investment Property (P147.94 billion)
Refer to Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### The risk

The valuation of investment property requires significant judgments and estimates by management and the independent valuation expert engaged by the Group. Any input inaccuracies or unreasonable bases used in these judgments and estimates could result in a material misstatement of the net income and investment property.

#### Our response

We performed the following audit procedures around the valuation of investment property:

- We evaluated the Group's controls over the data and assumptions used in the valuation of the investment property portfolio and management's review of the valuations;
- We evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the independent valuation expert;
- We discussed with the valuation expert to obtain understanding of the methodology and assumptions used in the valuation;
- We conducted comparison of assumptions and/or detailed analytical procedures by reference to external market data to evaluate the appropriateness of the valuation and investigated further the valuation of those properties which were not in line with our expectations; and
- We evaluated the adequacy of the financial statements disclosures.



Determination of Percentage of Completion used for Recognition of Real Estate Sales (P1.35 billion)

Refer to Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### The risk

Real estate sales were recognized based on a percentage of completion which is determined by the project managers. The percentage of completion involves high estimation uncertainty in which an error in assumptions and judgments used would result to an error in the accuracy of real estate sales and related cost of sales.

#### Our response

We performed the following audit procedures around the determination of percentage of completion:

- We discussed with project managers for major properties under development and assessed project costs, progress of development and verified the forecasted costs to complete as well as identified contingencies, exposures and remaining risks. We corroborated the information provided by the project managers through review and cost analysis;
- We evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the project managers; and
- We evaluated the adequacy of the financial statements disclosures.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS, as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the SEC, as described in Note 2 to the financial statements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in accordance with PFRS, as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the SEC, as described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.



Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the
entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the
consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision
and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit
opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Karlo Eleazar V. Baral.

R.G. MANABAT & CO.

KARLO ELEAZAR V. BARAL

Fartner |

CPA License No. 0122340

Tax Identification No. 305-527-004

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001987-148-2022

Issued January 27, 2022; valid until January 26, 2025

PTR No. MKT 10075170

Issued January 2, 2024 at Makati City

April 15, 2024 Makati City, Metro Manila



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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The Board of Directors and Stockholders **DoubleDragon Corporation**DD Meridian Park Bay Area

Corner Macapagal Avenue and EDSA Extension Boulevard

Brgy 76 Zone 10, San Rafael, Pasay City, Metro Manila

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of DoubleDragon Corporation, formerly DoubleDragon Properties Corp., and its Subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and notes, comprising material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, are prepared in all material respects, in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS), as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), as described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audits of the consolidated financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Firm Regulatory Registration & Accreditation:
PRC-BOA Registration No. 0003, valid until September 20, 2026
IC Accreditation No. 0003-IC, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by IC Circular Letter (CL) No. 2019-39, Transition clause)
BSP Accreditation No. 0003-BSP, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by BSP Monetary Board Resolution No. 2161, Transition clause)



#### Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with PFRS, as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the SEC in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The impact of the application of the financial reporting reliefs on the consolidated financial statements are discussed in detail in Note 3. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of Investment Property (P147.94 billion)
Refer to Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### The risk

The valuation of investment property requires significant judgments and estimates by management and the independent valuation expert engaged by the Group. Any input inaccuracies or unreasonable bases used in these judgments and estimates could result in a material misstatement of the net income and investment property.

#### Our response

We performed the following audit procedures around the valuation of investment property:

- We evaluated the Group's controls over the data and assumptions used in the valuation of the investment property portfolio and management's review of the valuations;
- We evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the independent valuation expert;
- We discussed with the valuation expert to obtain understanding of the methodology and assumptions used in the valuation;
- We conducted comparison of assumptions and/or detailed analytical procedures by reference to external market data to evaluate the appropriateness of the valuation and investigated further the valuation of those properties which were not in line with our expectations; and
- We evaluated the adequacy of the financial statements disclosures.



Determination of Percentage of Completion used for Recognition of Real Estate Sales (P1.35 billion)

Refer to Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### The risk

Real estate sales were recognized based on a percentage of completion which is determined by the project managers. The percentage of completion involves high estimation uncertainty in which an error in assumptions and judgments used would result to an error in the accuracy of real estate sales and related cost of sales.

#### Our response

We performed the following audit procedures around the determination of percentage of completion:

- We discussed with project managers for major properties under development and assessed project costs, progress of development and verified the forecasted costs to complete as well as identified contingencies, exposures and remaining risks. We corroborated the information provided by the project managers through review and cost analysis;
- We evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the project managers; and
- We evaluated the adequacy of the financial statements disclosures.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS, as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the SEC, as described in Note 2 to the financial statements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in accordance with PFRS, as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the SEC, as described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.



Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Karlo Eleazar V. Baral.

**R.G. MANABAT & CO.** 

KARLO ELEAZAR V. BARAL

Fartner |

CPA License No. 0122340

Tax Identification No. 305-527-004

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001987-148-2022

Issued January 27, 2022; valid until January 26, 2025

PTR No. MKT 10075170

Issued January 2, 2024 at Makati City

April 15, 2024 Makati City, Metro Manila

## **DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES** (Formerly DoubleDragon Properties Corp.) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

		December 31			
	Note	2023	2022		
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	7	P2,918,467,996	P5,547,000,190		
Receivables - net	8	14,295,415,072	11,802,956,253		
Inventories	9	4,522,224,068	2,857,589,016		
Due from related parties	23	49,356,220	52,146,970		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net	10	6,248,446,537	5,721,899,025		
Total Current Assets		28,033,909,893	25,981,591,454		
Noncurrent Assets					
Receivables - net of current portion	8	298,601,611	156,587,874		
Property and equipment - net	11	1,201,682,700	709,212,832		
Goodwill and other intangible assets	12	1,091,535,467	1,110,495,457		
Investment property	13	147,937,015,015	126,150,988,095		
Right-of-use assets	14	15,331,566	=		
Deferred tax assets	26	145,948,729	161,343,987		
Other noncurrent assets	15	2,515,921,894	2,530,300,751		
Total Noncurrent Assets		153,206,036,982	130,818,928,996		
		P181,239,946,875	P156,800,520,450		
Current Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Short-term loans payable and current maturities of long-term notes payable, net of debt issue costs Customers' deposits Due to related parties Dividends payable	16 17 18 23	P8,420,812,394 15,283,212,952 685,020,347 560,812,383 486,308,726	P6,648,971,202 12,533,818,782 153,723,291 567,878,460 456,645,828		
Income tax payable		18,038,820	31,146,770		
Total Current Liabilities		25,454,205,622	20,392,184,333		
Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term notes payable - net of current maturities and debt issue costs Bonds payable - net of bond issue costs	17 17	29,425,257,668 18,553,351,918	28,588,393,178 14,925,384,467		
Deferred tax liabilities	26	10,695,557,305	8,560,424,714		
Lease liabilities - noncurrent portion	24	1,219,162,429	1,043,542,515		
Retirement benefits liability	25	45,795,658	30,036,573		
Customers' deposits - net of current portion	18	-	104,403,289		
Other noncurrent liabilities	19	1,278,244,992	1,550,576,852		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		61,217,369,970	54,802,761,588		
Total Liabilities		86,671,575,592	75,194,945,921		

Forward

		D	ecember 31
	Note	2023	2022
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company			
Capital stock	28	P10,237,310,060	P10,237,310,060
Additional paid-in capital	28	5,540,589,852	5,540,589,852
Retained earnings	28	37,357,785,252	29,610,178,785
Treasury stock	28	(391,673,305)	(391,673,305)
Reserves		(510,591,641)	(79,957,722)
		52,233,420,218	44,916,447,670
Non-controlling Interests		42,334,951,065	36,689,126,859
Total Equity		94,568,371,283	81,605,574,529
		P181,239,946,875	P156,800,520,450

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## **DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES** (Formerly DoubleDragon Properties Corp.) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

			Years En	ded December 31
	Note	2023	2022	2021
INCOME				
Rent income	24	P3,069,901,899	P3,237,808,132	P3,420,413,009
Real estate sales	6, 8, 23	1,353,923,660	1,536,286,229	778,084,021
Hotel revenues	6	671,672,070	478,865,495	577,925,107
Unrealized gains from changes in				
fair values of investment property	13	16,482,580,156	7,484,825,891	9,667,665,180
Income from forfeitures		60,784,006	4,572,248	21,659,710
Interest income	7, 8, 15	195,515,998	63,101,706	94,473,724
Others - net	8, 15	2,907,502,128	1,324,847,077	1,365,615,357
		24,741,879,917	14,130,306,778	15,925,836,108
COSTS AND EXPENSES				
Cost of real estate sales	9, 20	644,771,282	860,600,043	434,024,370
Cost of hotel operations	9, 20	493,929,215	335,339,091	326,289,350
Selling expenses	21	116,339,563	164,529,147	127,401,011
General and administrative				
expenses	22	3,066,755,839	2,613,855,837	2,281,984,861
Interest expense	17, 19, 24	2,265,309,234	1,944,141,097	1,720,301,746
		6,587,105,133	5,918,465,215	4,890,001,338
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX		18,154,774,784	8,211,841,563	11,035,834,770
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	26			
Current		74,442,187	205,502,967	33,269,891
Deferred		2,152,973,094	(4,916,386,677)	(277,908,750)
		2,227,415,281	(4,710,883,710)	(244,638,859)
NET INCOME		15,927,359,503	12,922,725,273	11,280,473,629
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)				
Items that can be reclassified to profit or loss				
Net gain (loss) on cash flow hedges Loss on exchange differences on		-	(124,900,600)	128,048,157
translation of foreign operations		(423,298,190)	(77,904,258)	(11,070,749)
		(423,298,190)	(202,804,858)	116,977,408
Item that will never be reclassified to profit or loss				
Remeasurement gain (loss) on		(a === a= t)	<b>-</b>	
defined benefit liability	25	(9,780,974)	7,629,282	7,234,766
Deferred tax effect on				
remeasurement on defined	26	2 445 245	(4.007.224)	(0.460 EZO)
benefit liability	26	2,445,245	(1,907,321)	(2,160,579)
		(7,335,729)	5,721,961	5,074,187
		(430,633,919)	(197,082,897)	122,051,595
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOM	E	P15,496,725,584	P12,725,642,376	P11,402,525,224

Forward

			Years En	ded December 31
	Note	2023	2022	2021
Net income attributable to: Equity holders of the Parent				
Company		P9,251,261,972	P5,551,522,068	P7,404,361,935
Non-controlling interest		6,676,097,531 15,927,359,503	7,371,203,205 12,922,725,273	3,876,111,694 11,280,473,629
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Equity holders of the Parent Company Non-controlling interest		8,820,628,053 6,676,097,531	5,354,439,171 7,371,203,205	7,526,413,530 3,876,111,694
		P15,496,725,584	P12,725,642,376	P11,402,525,224
Basic Earnings Per Share	27	P3.57	P2.07	P2.85
Diluted Earnings Per Share	27	P3.57	P2.07	P2.85

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

# DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES (Formerly DoubleDragon Properties Corp.) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company Remeasurement on Defined Benefit Liability -net of tax Capital Stock Additional Paid-in Capital Retained Earnings Total Total Equity Balance as at January 1, 2021 P237,310,060 P10,000,000,000 (P167,160,000) P5,540,589,852 P18,249,718,051 (P4,926,420) Ρ-Р-P33,855,531,543 P15,204,706,552 P49,060,238,095 Total Comprehensive Income Net income for the year Other comprehensive income (loss) net of tax 3,876,111,694 5,074,187 128,048,157 (11,070,749) 122,051,595 122,051,595 Total Comprehensive Income 7.404.361.935 5.074.187 128 048 157 (11,070,749) 7.526.413.530 3.876.111.694 11,402,525,224 Transactions with Owners
Dividends declared
Distribution to non-controlling interest
Changes in interest in a subsidiary
Additional investment in a subsidiary
Additional contribution from non-controlling interests
Dilution of non-controlling interests 28 28 2 2 (1,121,759,226) 713,655,180 713,655,180 3,845,764,073 (5,445,423 5,445,423 5,445,423 Total Transactions with Owners During the Year (402.658.623) (402.658.623) 9.248.348.537 8.845.689.914 Balance as at December 31, 2021 (167,160,000) 25,251,421,363 40,979,286,450 Total Comprehensive Income Net income for the year Other comprehensive income (loss) -net of tax 5,551,522,068 7,371,203,205 12,922,725,273 5,551,522,068 5,721,961 (124,900,600) (77,904,258) (197,082,897) (197,082,897) Total Comprehensive Income 5,551,522,068 7,371,203,205 Transactions with Owners
Dividends declared
Distribution to non-controlling interest
Additional contribution from noncontrolling interests
Buyback of common shares (1,192,764,646) (1,192,764,646) (1,192,764,646) (1,106,351,036) 28 28 (1,106,351,036) 2,095,107,907 (224,513,305) (224,513,305) (224,513,305) Total Transactions with Owners During the Year (224,513,305) (1,192,764,646) (1,417,277,951) 988,756,871 (428,521,080) Balance as at December 31, 2022 237,310,060 10,000,000,000 (391,673,305) 5,540,589,852 5,869,728 3,147,557 (88,975,007) 44,916,447,670 36,689,126,859 81,605,574,529

Forward

											Years I	Ended December 31
	_				Equity Attributable	to Equity Holders of	the Parent Company					
							Remeasurement on	Reserves				
		Capita	al Stock				Defined					
	Note	Common Shares	Preferred Shares	Treasury Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Benefit Liability - net of tax	Hedging Reserve	Translation Reserve	Total	Non-controlling Interests	Total Equity
As at January 1, 2023		P237,310,060	P10,000,000,000	(P391,673,305)	P5,540,589,852	P29,610,178,785	P5,869,728	P3,147,557	(P88,975,007)	P44,916,447,670	P36,689,126,859	P81,605,574,529
Total Comprehensive Income Net income for the year Other comprehensive loss - net		-	-	-	-	9,251,261,972	-	-	-	9,251,261,972	6,676,097,531	15,927,359,503
of tax		-		-			(7,335,729)		(423,298,190)	(430,633,919)		(430,633,919
Total Comprehensive Income		-	-	•	-	9,251,261,972	(7,335,729)	•	(423,298,190)	8,820,628,053	6,676,097,531	15,496,725,58
Transactions with Owners Dividends declared Distribution to non-controlling	28					(1,503,655,505)	-			(1,503,655,505)	-	(1,503,655,50
interest	28	-									(1,030,273,325)	(1,030,273,32
Total Transactions with Owners During the Year		-	-	-	-	(1,503,655,505)	-		-	(1,503,655,505)	(1,030,273,325)	(2,533,928,83
Balance as at December 31, 2023		P237,310,060	P10,000,000,000	(P391,673,305)	P5,540,589,852	P37,357,785,252	(P1,466,001)	P3,147,557	(P512,273,197)	P52,233,420,218	P42,334,951,065	P94,568,371,28

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

# DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES (Formerly DoubleDragon Properties Corp.) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended December 31

			Years En	ded December 31
N	ote	2023	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING				
ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax		P18,154,774,784	P8,211,841,563	P11,035,834,770
Adjustments for:		., . , , .	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , ,
Unrealized gains from changes in				
fair values of investment property	13	(16,482,580,156)	(7,484,825,891)	(9,667,665,180)
Interest expense 17, 19,		2,265,309,234	1,944,141,097	1,720,301,746
•	22	796,078,002	373,719,876	387,344,960
Interest income 7, 8,		(195,515,998)	(63,101,706)	(94,473,724)
Depreciation and		(100,010,000)	(00,101,100)	(01,110,121)
amortization 11, 12, 14,	22	175,576,873	234,551,431	162,557,861
Retirement costs	25	5,978,110	7,118,103	8,153,966
Operating income before working	20	3,370,110	7,110,103	0,100,000
capital changes		4,719,620,849	3,223,444,473	3,552,054,399
Decrease (increase) in:		4,7 15,020,045	3,223,444,473	3,332,034,399
		(2 240 627 267)	(4.074.407.022)	(2,277,039,532)
Receivables		(3,318,627,267)	(4,874,407,833)	
Inventories		(1,664,635,052)	(466,188,192)	(79,589,030)
Due from related parties		2,790,750	3,003,030	=
Prepaid expenses and other current		(500 547 540)	(0.40, 500, 457)	(070 740 000)
assets		(526,547,512)	(843,582,457)	(370,716,322)
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable and other current				
liabilities		2,163,307,321	2,036,643,074	(1,715,848,315)
Customers' deposits		407,849,613	(229,153,563)	(31,550,899)
Due to related parties		(7,066,077)	(159,734,923)	(263,918,719)
Cash generated from (used for)				
operations		1,776,692,625	(1,309,976,391)	(1,186,608,418)
Interest received		83,592,707	49,800,710	43,761,462
Interest paid		(4,330,991,493)	(3,059,285,556)	(3,724,803,512)
Income tax paid		(511,918,103)	(188,826,852)	(87,961,967)
Net cash used in operating activities		(2,982,624,264)	(4,508,288,089)	(4,955,612,435)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING				
ACTIVITIES				
Increase in non-controlling interest	2	-	2,095,107,907	3,845,764,073
Net proceeds from secondary	_		2,000,101,001	0,0 10,1 0 1,01 0
offering of shares of a subsidiary	2	-	_	8,983,606,572
Additions to:	_			0,000,000,012
	30	(3,205,752,900)	(3,184,053,596)	(2,201,858,120)
Property and equipment	11	(641,834,328)	(55,020,547)	(126,244,369)
Other intangible assets	12	(4,698,846)	(5,453,901)	(9,990,001)
Additional investment in a subsidiary	12	(,030,00)	(0,700,901)	(1,922,882,036)
Additions to investments in		-	-	(1,022,002,000)
associates	15	_		(382,884,451)
	10	-	-	(302,004,431)
Decrease (increase) in other		1/ 270 050	605 020 650	(415 206 505)
noncurrent assets		14,378,858	695,030,659	(415,306,505)
Net cash provided by (used in)				
investing activities		(3,837,907,216)	(454,389,478)	7,770,205,163

Forward

Years	Ended	December 3	31

	Note	2023	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from:				
Availment of notes, net of debt				
issue costs	17	P7,584,232,549	P14,625,829,353	P12,700,273,271
Availment of bonds		3,615,000,000	-	-
Payment of:  Notes and loans, net of debt issue				
costs	17	(4,002,749,880)	(9,706,053,453)	(9,290,628,455)
Dividends	28	(2,504,265,932)	(1,990,241,492)	
Lease liability		(227,885,591)	(242,819,780)	(12,413,264)
Redemption of common shares	28	-	(224,513,305)	-
Increase (decrease) in other		( )		(222 222 222)
noncurrent liabilities		(272,331,860)	284,441,954	(360,399,259)
Net cash provided by financing				
activities		4,191,999,286	2,746,643,277	972,091,480
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(2,628,532,194)	(2,216,034,290)	3,786,684,208
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	7	5,547,000,190	7,763,034,480	3,976,350,272
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
AT END OF YEAR	7	P2,918,467,996	P5,547,000,190	P7,763,034,480

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES (Formerly DoubleDragon Properties Corp.)

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. Reporting Entity

DoubleDragon Corporation, ("DD" or the "Parent Company"), was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on December 9, 2009 primarily to engage in the business of real estate development including but not limited to residential and condominium projects, to acquire by purchase or lease land and interest in land, to own, hold, impose, promote, develop, subdivide and manage any land owned, held or occupied by the Parent Company, to construct, manage or administer buildings such as condominiums, apartments, hotels, restaurants, stores or other structures and to mortgage, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of land, interests in land and buildings or other structures at any time.

The Parent Company's shares are listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange ("PSE") on April 7, 2014 under the stock symbol "DD".

On April 14, 2021, the Board of Directors (BOD) of DD approved the amendment in the articles of incorporation (AOI) which will change the name of the Parent Company to DoubleDragon Corporation, change its primary and secondary purposes to transform it into an investment and holding company, and change the corporate life of the Parent Company to perpetual. On July 30, 2021, the stockholders ratified the amendment in the AOI. On November 18, 2021, the SEC approved the change in the AOI.

The Parent Company's registered office address is at 10th Floor, DoubleDragon Plaza, DD Meridian Park Bay Area, Corner Macapagal Avenue and EDSA Extension Boulevard, Brgy. 76 Zone 10, San Rafael, Pasay City, Metro Manila.

#### 2. Basis of Preparation

#### Statement of Compliance

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS), as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission in response to the COVID - 19 pandemic.

On December 15, 2020, the Philippine SEC issued SEC Memorandum Circular (MC) No. 34-2020 which further extended the deferral of the following provisions until December 31, 2023:

- Accounting for significant financing component discussed in Philippine Interpretations Committee Question and Answers (PIC Q&A) 2018-12-D
- Implementation of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) Agenda Decision (March 2019 IFRIC Update) on Agenda Decision on Over Time Transfer of Constructed Goods (Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) 23, Borrowing Cost) for Real Estate industry

The details and the impact of the adoption of the above financial reporting reliefs are discussed in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

PFRS are based on IFRS issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). PFRS consist of PFRS, PAS and Philippine Interpretations issued by the Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council (FSRSC).

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors (BOD) on April 15, 2024.

#### **Basis of Measurement**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared using the historical cost basis of accounting, except for investment property which is measured at fair value and retirement benefit liability which is measured at present value of defined benefit obligation.

#### **Functional and Presentation Currency**

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine peso, which is the Parent Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Philippine peso has been rounded off to the nearest peso, unless otherwise stated.

#### **Basis of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Parent Company and the following subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"):

		ntage of ership
Subsidiaries	2023	2022
DoubleDragon Sales Corp. (DDSC)(a)	100	100
DoubleDragon Property Management Corp. (DDPMC)(a)	100	100
lloilo-Guimaras Ferry Terminal Corp. (IGFTC) (b)	100	100
DDPC Worldwide Pte. Ltd. (DWPL) (c)	100	100
DD Commercial Corp. (DDCC) (d)	100	100
DDMP REIT Fund Managers, Inc. (DRFMI) (e)	70	70
DDMP REIT Property Managers, Inc. (DRPMI) (e)	70	70
DD HappyHomes Residential Centers Inc. (DDHH) (f)	70	70
Hotel of Asia, Inc. (HOA) <sup>(g)</sup>	70	70
Green Coast Development PH Corp. (GCDPC) (h)	70	70
DD Tower, Inc. (DDTI) <sup>(i)</sup>	70	70
DD Serviced Residences, Inc. (DDMPSRI) (i)	70	70
CityMall Commercial Centers Inc. (CMCCI) (i)	66	66
CentralHub Industrial Centers Inc. (CHICI) (k)	61	61
DD Meridian Tower Corp. (DDMT) <sup>(l)</sup>	51	51
Piccadilly Circus Landing Inc. (PCLI) (m)	50	50
DDMP REIT, INC. (DDMPR) (n)	47	47

- (a) Consolidated effective January 1, 2012.
- (b) Consolidated effective June 10, 2016.
- (c) Consolidated effective June 26, 2020.
- (d) Consolidated effective March 28, 2022
- (e) Consolidated under the Parent Company effective February 1, 2021. Previously consolidated under DDMPR before February 1, 2021.
- (f) Consolidated effective May 23, 2014.
- (g) Consolidated effective August 11, 2016.
- (h) Consolidated effective November 14, 2019.
- (i) Consolidated effective November 19, 2020.
- (j) Consolidated effective December 27, 2013.
- (k) Consolidated effective August 31, 2017.
- (I) Consolidated effective October 2, 2018. (m) Consolidated effective August 1, 2013.
- (n) Formerly DD Meridian Park Development Corp. Consolidated effective October 27, 2014.

#### **DDSC**

DDSC was incorporated and registered with the SEC on November 12, 2012 primarily to engage in the business of selling or marketing real estate products, including but not limited to land, buildings, condominium units, town houses, apartments, house and lot packages and all other forms of real estate products. DDSC started its commercial operations in September 2017.

#### **DDPMC**

DDPMC was incorporated and registered with the SEC on January 17, 2012 primarily to engage in maintaining, preserving, preparing and cleaning buildings, condominiums, townhouses, hotels, amusement or recreational places, counters, office premises, factories, shops, equipment and facilities. DDPMC started its commercial operations in 2015.

#### **IGFTC**

IGFTC was incorporated and registered with the SEC on June 10, 2016, primarily to finance, design, construct, develop, operate and maintain Iloilo City-Guimaras Ferry Terminal and the surrounding areas and to provide a safe, efficient and modern ferry terminal for commuters going to and arriving from Guimaras Island. IGFTC started its commercial operations in April 2017.

#### **DWPL**

DWPL was incorporated on June 26, 2020 primarily to operate as a special purpose entity. DWPL was formed for the purpose of holding debt securities to repay existing credit facilities, refinance indebtedness, and for acquisition purposes.

DWPL's subsidiary is Hotel 101 Global Pte. Ltd. (HGPL). HGPL was incorporated in Singapore on July 28, 2022 primarily to operate as a real estate developer which will acquire, invest and develop real estate properties and ventures and engage in real estate activities on a fee or commission basis.

HGPL has the following subsidiaries:

	Percentage of Ownership			
Subsidiaries	2023	2022		
Hotel101 Japan One Pte. Ltd. (HJOPL)	100	100		
Hotel101 Japan Two Pte. Ltd. (HJTPL)	100	100		
Hotel101 LA Holdings LLC (H101LHL)	100	-		
Hotel101 EU SARL (H101EUS)	100	-		
Hotel101 Japan Management Kabushiki Kaisha				
(H101JMKK)	100			
Held by subsidiaries				
Tokutei Mokuteki Kaisha Hotel101 Niseko (TMKH101N)	100	-		
Hotel101 Madrid SLU (H101MS)	100	-		
Hotel101 Los Angeles LLC (H101LAL)	100	_		

HJOPL was incorporated in Singapore on May 8, 2022 primarily to hold H101 projects, investments and ventures in Japan. HJOPL's subsidiary is TMK Hotel101 Niseko, which is engaged in the construction of H101 Niseko.

HJTPL was incorporated in Singapore on May 8, 2022 primarily to hold H101 projects, investments and ventures in Japan. HJTPL has a branch in Japan.

H101LHL was incorporated in United states on June 5, 2023 primarily to hold H101 projects, investments and ventures in United States. H101LHL subsidiary is H101LAL, which is a hotel developer in Los Angeles.

H101EUS was incorporated in Luxembourg on June 9, 2023 primarily to hold H101 projects, investments and ventures. H101EUS subsidiary is H101MS, which is a hotel developer in Spain.

H101JMKK was incorporated in Japan on September 25, 2023 primarily to operate as a hotel management company.

#### **DDCC**

DDCC was incorporated on March 28, 2022 primarily to engage in the business of commercial real estate development including but not limited to residential and commercial subdivisions, buildings, condominium projects; to buy and acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, lands and interest in land and to own, hold, impose, promote, develop, subdivide and manage any land and manage or administer buildings. DDCC has not started its commercial operations as at December 31, 2023.

#### **DRFMI**

DRFMI was incorporated and registered with the SEC on November 19, 2020 primarily to engage in the business of providing fund management services to real estate investment trust (REIT) companies, as provided under Republic Act No. 9856 (the Real Estate Investment Trust Act of 2009) and its implementing rules and regulations.

#### **DRPMI**

DRPMI was incorporated and registered with the SEC on November 19, 2020 primarily to engage in the business of property management, providing functions like formulate and implement leasing strategies; enforce tenancy conditions; ensure compliance with government regulations in respect to the real estate under management; perform tenancy administration work, such as managing tenant occupancy and ancillary amenities; conduct rental assessment, formulating tenancy terms, preparing tenancy agreement, rent collection and accounting; secure and administer routine management services; maintain and manage the physical structures/real properties; and formulate and implement policies and programs in respect of building management, maintenance and improvement; and initiate refurbishments and monitoring of such activities.

#### **DDHH**

DDHH was incorporated and registered with the SEC on September 15, 2011 primarily to engage, operate and hold or manage real estate business, to acquire by purchase, lease, donation or otherwise, own, use, improve, develop, subdivide, sell, mortgage, exchange, lease, and hold for investment or otherwise, real estate of all kinds, whether improved, managed or otherwise, deal in or dispose of buildings, houses, apartments, townhouses, condominiums, and other structure of whatever kind, together with the appurtenances or improvements found thereon. DDHH started its commercial operations in 2014.

#### HOA

HOA was incorporated and registered with the SEC on June 8, 2011 primarily to engage in the business of real estate development including but not limited to residential and condominium projects, to acquire by purchase or lease land and interest in land, to own, hold, impose, promote, develop, subdivide and manage any land owned, held or occupied by HOA, to construct, manage or administer buildings such as condominiums, apartments, hotels, restaurants, stores or other structures and to mortgage, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of land, interests in land and buildings or other structures at any time. HOA started its commercial operations in 2012.

HOA has the following subsidiaries which are also engaged in the hotel industry and are included in the consolidated financial statements:

	Percentage of Ownership		
Subsidiaries	2023	2022	
Hotel 101 Management Corporation (a)	100	100	
Hotel101 Worldwide Private Limited (HWPL) (b)	100	100	
CSI Hotels Incorporated (a)	50	50	

- (a) Consolidated effective August 11, 2016.
- (b) Incorporated on April 2, 2019.

#### **GCDPC**

GCDPC was incorporated and registered with the SEC on May 10, 2013 primarily to acquire by purchase, lease, donation or to own, use, improve, subdivide, sell, mortgage, exchange, lease, develop and hold for investment or otherwise, real estate of all kinds, whether improve manage or otherwise dispose of buildings, houses, apartments, and other structures of whatever kind, together with their appurtenances. GCDPC has not yet started its commercial operations as at December 31, 2023.

#### DDTI

DDTI was incorporated and registered with the SEC on November 19, 2020 primarily to engage in the business of real estate development including but not limited to residential and commercial buildings, spaces, subdivisions, and condominium projects, to buy and acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, lands and interest in lands and to own, hold, impose, promote, develop, subdivide and manage any land owned, held or occupied by the Company, to construct, erect and manage or administer building such as condominiums, apartments, hotels, restaurants, stores, offices, spaces, or other structures now or hereafter erected on any land owned, held or occupied and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of lands or interests in lands and buildings or other structures at any time. DDTI started its commercial operations in 2023.

#### **DDMPSRI**

DDMPSRI was incorporated and registered with the SEC on November 19, 2020 primarily to engage in the business of real estate development including but not limited to residential and commercial buildings, spaces, subdivisions, and condominium projects, to buy and acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, lands, and interest in land and to own, hold, impose, promote, develop, subdivide and manage any land owned, held or occupied by the Company, to construct, erect and manage or administer building such as condominiums, apartments, hotels, restaurants, stores, offices, spaces, or other structures now or hereafter erected on any land owned, held or occupied and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of lands or interest in lands and buildings or other structures at any time. DDMPSRI has not yet started its commercial operations as at December 31, 2023.

#### **CMCCI**

CMCCI was incorporated and registered with the SEC on December 27, 2013 primarily to engage in the business of commercial shopping centers or malls, and for the attainment of this purpose, to construct, build, develop, operate and maintain commercial center or malls and to perform all acts or trades necessary for its operation and maintenance, including but not limited to the preservation of commercial spaces for rent, amusement centers, movie theater, performing arts center, children's play area and hobby or gaming centers, parking lots and other service facilities, within the compound or premises of the shopping centers. CMCCI started its commercial operations in 2015.

CMCCI has the following subsidiaries which are also engaged in the real estate investment industry and are included in the consolidated financial statements:

	Percentage of Ownership			
Subsidiaries	2023	2022		
CM-Bunlo Bocaue Inc. (a)	100	100		
CM-Northtown Davao Inc. (b)	79	79		
Prime DDG Commercial Centers Inc. (c)	70	70		
CM-Goldenfields Bacolod Inc. (d)	70	70		
CM-Tarlac MacArthur Inc. <sup>(e)</sup>	70	70		
CM-Danao Cebu Inc. <sup>(f)</sup>	70	70		
CM-Mandalagan Bacolod Inc. <sup>(f)</sup>	70	70		
CM-Dipolog Zamboanga Inc. <sup>(g)</sup>	70	70		
CM-Roxas Ave. Inc. <sup>(h)</sup>	70	70		

- (a) Incorporated and consolidated effective March 27, 2018.
- (b) Incorporated and consolidated effective December 5, 2016.
- (c) Incorporated and consolidated effective April 28, 2014.
- (d) Incorporated and consolidated effective March 2, 2015.
- (e) Incorporated and consolidated effective April 24, 2015.
- (f) Incorporated and consolidated effective July 21, 2015.
- (g) Incorporated and consolidated effective October 8, 2015.
- (h) Incorporated and consolidated effective May 24, 2018.

#### DDMT

DDMT was incorporated and registered with the SEC on October 2, 2018 primarily to engage in the business of real estate development including but not limited to residential and commercial subdivisions, buildings, and condominium projects in accordance with Republic Act No. 4726 (otherwise known as The Condominium Act) as amended; to buy and acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, lands, and interest in land and to own, hold, impose, promote, develop, subdivide and manage any land owned, held or occupied by the Corporation or belonging to them; to construct, erect and manage or administer buildings such as condominiums, apartments, hotels, restaurants, stores or other structures now or hereafter erected on any land owned, held or occupied and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of lands or interests in lands and buildings or other structures at any time owned or held by DDMT or belonging to others in the Philippines or elsewhere for such other lawful, commercial and charitable purposes as may be deemed proper for DDMT. DDMT has not yet started its commercial operations as at December 31, 2023.

On November 11, 2021, the BOD of DDMT approved the amendment of the AOI increasing the authorized capital stock from P1.00 million divided into 1,000,000 common shares with par value of P1.00 to P2,550.00 million divided into 2,550,000,000 common shares with par value of P1.00. On March 14, 2022, the SEC approved the amendment of DDMT's AOI.

On November 11, 2021, the BOD of DDMT approved the subscription of the Parent Company for 1,290,000,000 shares, equivalent to P1,290.00 million. The subscription did not result in a change in the percentage ownership in DDMT. This was paid in 2022.

On April 1, 2019, the non-controlling interest shareholder of DDMT entered into Deed of Conveyance with DDMT for the transfer of land, in compliance with the shareholder agreement entered into by the Parent Company and non-controlling interest shareholder last October 3, 2018. As a result, the ownership of the Parent Company was reduced from 100% to 51%.

#### **PCLI**

PCLI was incorporated and registered with the SEC on October 10, 2012 primarily to engage in owning, using, improving, developing, subdividing, selling, exchanging, leasing and holding for investment or otherwise, real estate of all kinds, including buildings, houses, apartments and other structures. PCLI started its commercial operations in 2013.

#### CHICI

CHICI was incorporated and registered with the SEC on August 31, 2017 primarily to engage in and carry on a business of receiving, accepting, unloading, storing, and/or deposit of goods, chattels, fungibles, parcels, boxes, documents, mail, products, money, vehicles, animals, articles, cargoes, and effects of all kinds and provide facilities, amenities, conveniences, features, services and/or accommodations in relation to the said business. CHICI is the industrial leasing segment arm of the Group established to construct and deliver industrial warehouses in the Philippines. CHICI started its commercial operations in September 2018.

On February 24, 2022, the SEC approved the valuation of P2,089.37 million properties of Jollibee Foods Corporation (JFC) and Zenith Foods Corporation (ZFC). Following the approval, JFC and ZFC subscribed to 1,240,188,685 shares and 459,670,242 shares, respectively, for total subscription price of P1,524.37 million and P565.00 million, respectively. This resulted in an APIC amounting to P1,511.97 million and P560.41 million, respectively.

On April 8, 2022, an individual shareholder subscribed to a 8,135,757 shares for a total subscription price of P10.00 million, resulting in an APIC amounting to P9.92 million.

On April 29, 2022, the Parent Company subscribed to a 2,620,865,258 shares for a total subscription price of P3,221.42, million, resulting in an APIC amounting to P3,195.21 million.

The above subscriptions did not result in a change in ownership in CHICI.

On August 19, 2021, the BOD and shareholders of CHICI approved the amendment of AOI increasing CHICI's authorized capital stock from P5.00 million divided into 5,000,000 shares at P1.00 par value to P125.00 million divided into 12,500,000,000 shares at P0.01 par value. On September 3, 2021, the SEC approved the amendment of CHICI's AOI. On August 19, 2021, the BOD of CHICI approved the subscription of the following:

Name	Shares Subscribed	Par Value of Shares Subscribed	Subscription Amount	Additional Paid in Capital
Parent Company	787,240,383	P7,872,404	P967,630,219	P959,757,815
Benedicto V. Yujuico (BVY)	794,737,578	7,947,376	976,845,336	968,897,960
Teresita M. Yujuico (TMY)	769,672,422	7,696,724	946,036,700	938,339,976
Jollibee Foods Corporation	1,141,393,536	11,413,935	1,402,934,734	1,391,520,799
Zenith Foods Corporation	423,016,464	4,230,165	519,947,303	515,717,138
-	3,916,060,383	P39,160,604	P4,813,394,292	P4,774,233,688

The additional subscriptions resulted in a reduction in the Parent Company's ownership in CHICI to 22% and increase in non-controlling interests (NCI) amounting to P3,845.76 million.

On December 22, 2021, the Parent Company acquired additional shares in CHICI from NCI shareholders, increasing the Parent Company's ownership to 61%. The acquisition resulted in a reduction in NCI amounting to P1,922.28 million.

The above changes resulted in dilution of interest of NCI amounting to P5.45 million.

On September 29, 2022, CHICI incorporated a subsidiary, CentralHub-Davao, Inc. (CHDI). CHDI's primary activity is to engage in and carry on a business of receiving, accepting, unloading, storing, warehousing and/or deposit of goods, chattels, fungibles, parcels, boxes, documents, mail, products, money, vehicles, animals, articles, cargoes and effects of all kinds and provide facilities, warehouse/storage spaces, amenities, conveniences, features, services, and/or accommodations in relation and necessary to said business. CHDI has not started commercial operation as at December 31, 2023.

#### **DDMPR**

DDMPR, formerly DD Meridian Park Development Corp., was incorporated and registered with the SEC on October 27, 2014 primarily to engage in the business of real estate development including but not limited to residential and condominium projects, to acquire by purchase or lease land and interest in land, to own, hold, impose, promote, develop, subdivide and manage any land owned, held or occupied by the entity, to construct, manage or administer buildings such as condominiums, apartments, hotels, restaurants, stores or other structures and to mortgage, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of land, interests in land and buildings or other structures at any time. DDMPDC started its commercial operations in October 2017.

On November 11, 2020, the BOD and shareholders of DDMPR approved to amend DDMPR's AOI. Relevant amendments include:

- Change in the corporate's name to DDMP REIT, INC.;
- Amendment of the primary purpose of DDMPR. The amended primary purpose is now:
  - To engage in the business of a REIT, as provided under Republic Act No. 9856 (the Real Estate Investment Trust Act of 2009), including its implementing rules and regulations (the "REIT Act"), and other applicable laws
- Change of corporate term to perpetual existence;
- Increase in the number of BOD to nine (9) and inclusion of independent directors:
- Compliance with the lock-up requirements under the Listing Rules of the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.;
- Removal of the contractual restrictions on the disposition of shares; and
- Inclusion of additional restriction on transfer of shares as provided under REIT Act.

On November 26, 2020, the SEC approved the amendment of DDMPR's AOI. On March 24, 2021, DDMPR completed its IPO and was listed in the PSE under the stock symbol "DDMPR", as a REIT entity. As a result of the IPO, DD's ownership interest in DDMPR was diluted to 46.67%. Despite the reduction of ownership interest to less than 50%, the Parent Company will retain the control over DDMPR in accordance with PFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements*. DDMPR's IPO resulted in an increase in NCI amounting to P8,268.95 million and retained earnings amounting to P713.66 million.

As REIT entity, DDMPR is entitled to the following:

- a. Exemption from the 2% minimum corporate income tax;
- b. Exemption from VAT and documentary stamp tax on the transfer of property in exchange of its shares;

- c. Deduction of dividend distribution from its taxable income, and
- d. Fifty percent (50%) of the standard DST rate on the transfer of real property into the Company, including the sale or transfer of any security interest thereto.

DDMPR is also required to distribute 90% of its distributable income. Details of the distributable income of DDMPR in 2023, 2022 and 2021 are shown below:

	2023	2022	2021
Net income of DDMPR: Fair value adjustments of investment property resulting to	P10,033,772,928	P12,104,481,128	P7,174,348,641
gain (after tax)	(8,774,460,931)	(2,337,301,233)	(3,847,958,701)
Adjustment in deferred tax due to change in rate Other unrealized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a result of certain transactions accounted for under	-	(7,911,924,227)	(1,312,826,591)
PFRS	526,756,461	18,410,415	40,995,139
	P1,786,068,458	P1,873,666,083	P2,054,558,488

Out of the 2023 distributable income, P1,364.65 million was already declared of which P457.84 million is still unpaid as at December 31, 2023. On April 15, 2024, the BOD of the DDMPR approved the declaration of dividends to common shareholders on record as at May 7, 2024 amounting to P0.0231370 per share, equivalent to P412.47 million. The dividend is payable on May 31, 2024.

Out of the 2022 distributable income, P1,873.66 million was declared and paid by DDMPR.

Out of the 2021 distributable income, P1,849.21 million was declared and paid by DDMPR.

On February 10, 2021, DDMPR sold its investments in DRFMI and DRPMI to the Parent Company and BVY.

The following table summarizes the financial information relating to the DDMPR, CHICI and CMCCI, DD's subsidiaries that has material NCI, before any intra-group eliminations:

#### **DDMPR**

	December 31	
	2023	2022
NCI Percentage	53.33%	53.33%
Current assets Noncurrent assets Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	P1,462,190,500 60,439,303,395 (2,067,038,023) (457,678,374)	P2,377,565,247 50,831,373,744 (1,727,606,162) (369,711,767)
Net Assets	59,376,777,498	51,111,621,062
Carrying amount of NCI	31,665,635,440	27,257,827,512
Net income/total comprehensive income	10,033,772,928	12,104,481,128
Net income/total comprehensive income allocated to NCI	5,351,011,103	6,455,319,786
Cash flows from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows from financing activities	1,502,141,554 (4,983,740) (1,796,979,989)	1,799,410,370 (21,560,122) (1,479,340,908)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(P299,822,175)	P298,509,340

## CHICI

	December 31	
	2023	2022
NCI Percentage	39.00%	39.00%
Current assets Noncurrent assets Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	P3,478,039,494 5,227,606,274 (594,939,092) (262,633,848)	P3,378,748,221 4,881,841,668 (447,506,675) (243,701,004)
Net Assets	7,848,072,828	7,569,382,210
Carrying amount of NCI	3,060,748,403	2,952,059,062
Net income/total comprehensive income	278,690,619	141,027,720
Net income/total comprehensive income allocated to NCI	108,689,342	55,000,811
Cash flows from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows from financing activities	94,681,895 (49,576,862) -	(289,588,225) (2,956,499,149) 2,358,376,738
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	P45,105,033	(P887,710,636)

	December 31	
	2023	2022
NCI Percentage	34.00%	34.00%
Current assets Noncurrent assets Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	P11,982,455,690 39,334,173,445 (21,938,027,572) (25,608,017,017)	P12,715,926,938 43,397,661,969 (13,791,159,823) (33,253,333,431)
Net Assets	3,770,584,546	9,069,095,653
Carrying amount of NCI	1,281,998,745	3,083,492,522
Net income/total comprehensive income	1,372,810,787	1,668,205,809
Net income/total comprehensive income allocated to NCI	466,755,668	567,189,975
Cash flows from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows from financing activities	7,237,736,672 (232,646,652) (7,087,392,811)	435,531,563 (5,217,032,240) 4,823,717,021
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(P82,302,791)	P42,216,344

Non-controlling interests include the interests not held by the Parent Company in DDMT, DDMPR, DRFMI, DRPMI, CHICI, DDHH, GCDPC, DDTI, DDMPSRI, CMCCI and its subsidiaries, PCLI and HOA and its subsidiaries in 2023 and 2022.

The Parent Company and subsidiaries, except for DWPL, HWPL, HGPL, HJOPL, H101LHL, H101EUS, TMKH101N, H101MS, H101LAL and HJTPL are all domiciled in the Philippines. DWPL, HWPL, HGPL, HJOPL, and HJTPL are domiciled in Singapore, H101LHL is domiciled in the United States, H101EUS is domiciled in Luxembourg, and H101JMKK and TMKH101N are domiciled in Japan.

#### 3. Summary of Material Accounting Policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all years presented in the consolidated financial statements, except for the changes in accounting policies as explained below.

The FSRSC approved the adoption of a number of new and amendments to standards as part of PFRS.

#### Amendments to Standards and Interpretations

The Group has adopted the following amendments to PFRS effective January 1, 2023 and accordingly, changed its accounting policies in the following areas:

- Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to PAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors). The amendments clarify that accounting estimates are monetary amounts in the financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify the relationship between accounting policies and accounting estimates by specifying that an accounting estimate is developed to achieve the objective set out by an accounting policy. Developing an accounting estimate includes both selecting a measurement technique (estimate or valuation technique) and choosing the inputs to be used when applying the chosen measurement technique. The effects of changes in the inputs or measurement techniques are changes in accounting estimates. The definition of accounting policies remains unchanged. The amendments also provide examples on the application of the new definition.
- Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, and PFRS Practice Statement 2, Making Materiality Judgments). The key amendments to PAS 1 include requiring entities to disclose material accounting policies rather than significant accounting policies; clarifying that accounting policies related to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions are immaterial and as such need not be disclosed; and clarifying that not all accounting policies that relate to material transactions, other events or conditions are material to the financial statements. The amendments to PFRS Practice Statement 2 include guidance and additional examples on the application of materiality to accounting policy disclosures.

The Group reviewed the accounting policies and although the amendments did not result in any changes to the accounting policies themselves, updates were made to the accounting policy information in certain instances in line with the amendments.

#### Standards Issued But Not yet Adopted

A number of new and amendments to standards are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after January 1, 2023 and have not been applied in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The Group will adopt the following new and amendments to standards on the respective effective dates:

- Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current 2020 amendments and Non-Current Liabilities with Covenants - 2022 amendments (Amendments to PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements). To promote consistency in application and clarify the requirements on determining whether a liability is current or noncurrent, the amendments:
  - removed the requirement for a right to defer settlement of a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period to be unconditional and instead requires that the right must have substance and exist at the end of the reporting period;
  - clarified that only covenants with which a company must comply on or before
    the reporting date affect the classification of a liability as current or
    non-current and covenants with which the entity must comply after the
    reporting date do not affect a liability's classification at that date;
  - provided additional disclosure requirements for non-current liabilities subject to conditions within twelve months after the reporting period to enable the assessment of the risk that the liability could become repayable within twelve months; and
  - clarified that settlement of a liability includes transferring an entity's own
    equity instruments to the counterparty, but conversion options that are
    classified as equity do not affect classification of the liability as current or
    noncurrent.

The amendments will apply retrospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024, with earlier application permitted.

Deferral of the following provisions of PIC Q&A 2018-12, PFRS 15 Implementation Issues Affecting the Real Estate Industry and IFRIC Agenda Decision on Over Time Transfer of Constructed Goods (PAS 23)

PIC Q&A 2018-12-D. The mismatch between the percentage of completion of the Group's real estate projects and right to an amount of consideration based on the schedule of payments, as stated in the contract to sell, would constitute a significant financing component. Interest income is recognized if the percentage of completion of real estate projects is higher than the right to an amount of consideration while interest expense is recognized if the latter is higher.

On October 25, 2018 and February 8, 2019, the SEC en banc, through the issuance of SEC Memorandum Circular No. 14, Series of 2018 and SEC Memorandum Circular No. 3, Series of 2019, respectively, decided to provide a relief to the real estate industry by deferring the application of the above PIC Q&A for a period of three (3) years.

On December 15, 2020, the Philippine SEC issued SEC MC No. 34-2020 which further extended the deferral of certain provisions of this PIC Q&A until December 31, 2023.

The IFRIC Agenda Decision (March 2019 IFRIC Update) clarified whether borrowing costs may be capitalized in relation to the construction of a residential multi-unit real estate development which are sold to customers prior to start of construction or completion of the development. Under the March 2019 IFRIC Update, the Committee clarified that the related assets that might be recognized in the Group's financial statements (i.e., installment contract receivable, contract asset, or inventory) will not qualify as a qualifying asset and the corresponding borrowing cost may no longer be capitalized.

On February 21, 2020, the SEC, thru its memorandum circular No. 4, series of 2020, defers the implementation of March 2019 IFRIC Update until December 31, 2020.

On December 15, 2020, the Philippine SEC issued SEC MC No. 34-2020 which further extended the deferral of certain provisions of the PIC Q&A and IFRIC Agenda Decision until December 31, 2023.

After the deferral period, the Group will adopt PIC Q&A No. 2018-12 and any subsequent amendments thereto retrospectively or as the SEC will later prescribe.

The Group availed of the SEC relief on the accounting for significant financing component of PIC Q&A 2018-12-D and IFRIC Agenda Decision on Over Time Transfer of Constructed Goods (PAS 23). Had this provision been adopted, the Group assessed that the impact would have been as follows:

- Adoption of PIC Q&A 2018-12-D would have impacted interest income, interest expense, revenue from real estate sales, installment contract receivables and deferred taxes for all years presented and the opening balance of retained earnings. These would have impacted the cash flows from operations and cash flows from financing activities for all years presented.
- Adoption of IFRIC Agenda Decision on Over Time Transfer of Constructed Goods (PAS 23) would have impacted real estate inventory, interest expense and cost of real estate sales for all years presented and the opening balance of retained earnings. These would have impacted the cash flows from operations.

The Group is still in the process of assessing the impact of these deferred provisions as at December 31, 2023.

#### Financial Instruments

Date of Recognition

The Group recognizes a financial asset or financial liability in the consolidated statements of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. In the case of a regular way purchase or sale of financial assets, recognition is done using settlement date accounting.

#### Initial Recognition of Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value, except for a trade receivable without a significant financing component. The initial measurement, except for those designated as FVPL, includes transaction costs. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

#### Financial Assets

The Group classifies its financial assets, at initial recognition, and subsequently measured at amortized cost, FVOCI and FVPL. The classification depends on the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets and the business model of the Group for managing the financial assets.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets are not reclassified unless the Group changes the business model for managing financial assets. All affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the reporting period following the change in the business model.

The business model refers to how the Group manages the financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. The Group considers the following information in assessing the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level, which reflects the way the Group manages financial information being provided to management:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operations of those policies in practice;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Group's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how employees of the business are compensated; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

For the purposes of assessing the cash flow characteristics of financial assets, "Principal" is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. "Interest" is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as profit margin.

The Group considers the contractual terms of the instrument in assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest. The assessment includes whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. The Group considers the following in making the assessment:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Group's claim to cash flows from specified assets.

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination of the contract. Additionally, for financial assets acquired at a discount or premium to its contractual amount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents the contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable additional compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

The Group's cash and cash equivalents, receivables, due from related parties and refundable deposits under "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" and "Other noncurrent assets" accounts are included in this category (Notes 7, 8, 10, 15 and 23).

#### Other Financial Liabilities

This category pertains to financial liabilities that are not designated or classified as at FVPL. After initial measurement, other financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any premium or discount and any directly attributable transaction costs that are considered an integral part of the effective interest rate of the liability. The effective interest rate amortization is included in "Interest expense" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the amortization process.

The Group's accounts payable and other current liabilities, due to related parties, notes payable, bonds payable and other noncurrent liabilities (excluding payables to government agencies and unearned rent income) accounts are included in this category (Notes 16, 17, 19 and 23).

## **Derecognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities**

#### Financial Assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either: (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

#### Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in profit or loss.

#### Impairment of Financial Assets

The Group recognizes allowance for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets at amortized cost.

ECLs are probability-weighted estimates of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e., the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive), discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset, and reflects reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The Group recognizes an allowance for impairment based on either 12-month or lifetime ECLs, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group recognizes lifetime ECLs for receivables that do not contain significant financing component. The Group uses provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the borrowers and the economic environment.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets at amortized cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired include observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization;
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties; or
- (f) the purchase or origination of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses.

The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when a counterparty fails to pay its contractual obligations, or there is a breach of other contractual terms, such as covenants.

The Group directly reduces the gross carrying amount of a financial asset when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows on a financial asset, either partially or in full. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the borrower does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

The ECLs on financial assets at amortized cost are recognized as allowance for impairment losses against the gross carrying amount of the financial asset, with the resulting impairment losses (or reversals) recognized in profit or loss.

#### Classification of Financial Instruments between Debt and Equity

From the perspective of the issuer, a financial instrument is classified as debt instrument if it provides for a contractual obligation to:

- deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity;
- exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the Group; or
- satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of own equity shares.

If the Group does not have an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial asset to settle its contractual obligation, the obligation meets the definition of a financial liability.

#### **Debt Issue Costs**

Debt issue costs are considered as an adjustment to the effective yield of the related debt and are deferred and amortized using the effective interest rate method. When a loan is paid, the related unamortized debt issue costs at the date of repayment are recognized in profit or loss.

#### Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or most advantageous market must be accessible to the Group.

The fair value of an asset or liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their best economic interest.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing the categorization at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

#### **Inventories**

#### Real Estate Inventories

Real estate inventories are properties that are acquired and developed or constructed for sale in the ordinary course of business, rather than to be held for rental or capital appreciation. These consist of acquisition cost of land and other related development costs, capitalized borrowings and other capitalized costs.

These are carried at the lower of cost or net realizable value (NRV). NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs to make the sale.

The cost of real estate inventories recognized in profit or loss is determined with reference to the specific costs incurred on the property and allocated to saleable area based on relative size.

#### Hotel Inventories

Hotel inventories are valued at the lower of cost and NRV. The cost of hotel inventories is determined using the weighted average method and includes all expenditures incurred in acquiring the inventories and in bringing them to their existing location and condition.

NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of marketing and distribution necessary to make the sale.

The Group maintains an allowance to reduce hotel inventories to NRV at a level considered adequate to provide for potential obsolete inventories. The level of this allowance is evaluated by management based on the movements and current condition of hotel inventory items. Such allowance has been considered in the determination of the NRV of the hotel inventories.

The amount of any write-down of hotel inventories to NRV and all losses of hotel inventories are recognized as expense in the period the write-down or loss occurred. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of hotel inventories arising from an increase in NRV is recognized as a reduction in the amount of hotel inventories recognized as expense in the period in which the reversal occurred.

#### Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is its fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

#### Hotel101 Brand

The Hotel101 brand is an asset with indefinite useful life and is tested for impairment annually. The method used to estimate the fair value of Hotel101 brand is the Relief-from-Royalty Method (RfR) based on cost savings from owning the brand name. The cost savings are calculated based on royalty rates of comparable brands and the forecast revenues of HOA.

#### Investment Property

Investment property consists of properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Initially, investment property is measured at cost including certain transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property, is stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the reporting date. The fair value of investment property is determined by independent real estate valuation experts based on recent real estate transactions with similar characteristics and location to those of the Group's investment property. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment property are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Investment property of the Group is mainly composed of land, building and construction-in-progress.

Investment property is derecognized either when it is disposed of or when it is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss on the retirement and disposal of investment property is recognized in profit or loss in the period of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to investment property when there is a change in use, evidenced by ending of owner-occupation or commencement of an operating lease to another party or ending of construction or development. Transfers are made from investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by commencement of the owner-occupation or commencement of development with a view to sell.

For a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property or real estate inventories, the deemed cost of property for subsequent accounting is its fair value at the date of change in use. If owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property and equipment up to the date of change in use. If real estate inventories become an investment property, the Group recognizes the investment property based on its fair value at the time of transfer. Gain or loss from the transfer is recognized in profit or loss.

#### **Business Combination**

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method as at the acquisition date. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value, and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred and included as part of "General and administrative expenses" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and financial liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured at the acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss. The Group measures goodwill at the acquisition date as: a) the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus b) the recognized amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree; plus c) if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquiree; less d) the net recognized amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognized immediately in profit or loss. Subsequently, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment in value. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment, annually or more frequently, if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may be impaired.

The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships. Such amounts are generally recognized in profit or loss. Costs related to the acquisition, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination, are expensed as incurred. Any contingent consideration payable is measured at fair value at the acquisition date. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it is not remeasured and settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise, subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognized in profit or loss.

#### Goodwill in a Business Combination

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities are assigned to those units or groups of units. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated:

- represents the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes; and
- is not larger than an operating segment determined in accordance with PFRS 8, Operating Segments.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units, to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized. Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained. An impairment loss with respect to goodwill is not reversed.

#### Impairment of Non-financial Assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, and if the carrying amount exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amounts. The recoverable amount of the asset is the greater of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in profit or loss. After such a reversal, the depreciation and amortization charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

#### Capital Stock

Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued. When the Group issues more than one class of stock, a separate account is maintained for each class of stock and the number of shares issued.

Common Shares. Common shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of common shares are recognized as deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

*Preferred Shares.* Preferred shares are classified as equity if it is non-redeemable, or redeemable only at the Group's option, and any dividends are discretionary. Dividends thereon are recognized as distributions within equity upon approval by the Group's BOD.

#### Additional Paid-in Capital

Additional paid-in capital represents the amount received in excess of the par value of the capital stock issued.

Stock issuance costs are transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of new shares accounted for as a deduction from equity, net of any related income tax benefit. Such costs are deducted from additional paid-in capital arising from the share issuance. If the additional paid-in capital is insufficient to absorb such expenses, the excess shall be charged to stock issuance costs to be reported as a contra equity account as a deduction from the following in the order of priority: (1) additional paid-in capital from previous stock issuance; and (2) retained earnings.

#### **Treasury Stocks**

Treasury stocks are equity instruments which are reacquired are carried at cost and are deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognized on the purchase, sale, reissuance or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments. When the shares are retired, the capital stock account is reduced by its par value and the excess of cost over par value upon retirement is debited to additional paid-in-capital to the extent of the specific or average additional paid-in-capital when the shares were issued and to retained earnings for the remaining balance.

#### Revenue and Cost Recognition

#### Revenue Recognition

#### Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Group recognizes revenue from contracts with customers when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenues exclude value-added tax (VAT) and other fees collected on behalf of other parties.

The transfer of control can occur over time or at a point in time. Revenue is recognized at a point in time unless one of the following criteria is met, in which case it is recognized over time: (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits as the Group performs its obligations; (b) the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or (c) the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

The Group assesses its revenue arrangements to determine if it is acting as principal or agent. The Group has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements, except for the provisioning of water and electricity in its mall, retail and spaces, wherein it is acting as agent.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

#### Real Estate Sales

Revenue from the sale of these real estate projects under pre-completion stage are recognized over time during the construction period (or percentage of completion) since based on the terms and conditions of its contract with the buyers, the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

In measuring the progress of its performance obligation over time, the Group uses the output method. The Group recognizes revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value to customers of the goods or services transferred to date, relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract. Progress is measured using survey of performance completed to date. This is based on the monthly project accomplishment report prepared by the third party surveyor, as approved by the construction manager which integrates the surveys of performance to date of the construction activities for both sub-contracted and those that are fulfilled by the developer itself.

#### • Hotel Revenues

The Group recognizes revenue from hotel operations when the related service are preformed and goods are served.

#### Cost Recognition

Cost Recognition of Real Estate Sales

The Group recognizes costs relating to satisfied performance obligations as these are incurred taking into consideration the contract fulfillment assets such as connection fees. These include costs of land, land development costs, building costs, professional fees, depreciation, permits and licenses and capitalized borrowing costs. These costs are allocated to the saleable area, with the portion allocable to the sold area being recognized as costs of sales while the portion allocable to the unsold area being recognized as part of real estate inventories.

#### Cost of Hotel Operations

Cost of hotel operations pertains to expenses incurred in relation to sale of goods and rendering of services. These are recognized when a decrease in future economic benefits related to a decrease in an asset or an increase of a liability has arisen than can be measured reliably. These are recognized when incurred and measured at the amount paid or payable.

#### **Expense Recognition**

Expenses are recognized when they are incurred and are reported in the consolidated financial statements in the periods to which they relate.

Expenses are also recognized when a decrease in future economic benefit related to a decrease in an asset or an increase in a liability that can be measured reliably has arisen. Expenses are recognized on the basis of a direct association between costs incurred and the earning of specific items of income; on the basis of systematic and rational allocation procedures when economic benefits are expected to arise over several accounting periods and the association can only be broadly or indirectly determined; or immediately when an expenditure produces no future economic benefits or when, and to the extent that future economic benefits do not qualify, or cease to qualify, for recognition as an asset.

#### Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time, the Group assesses whether, throughout the period of use:

- the Group has the right to obtain substantially all the economic benefits from use of the identified asset; and
- the Group has the right to direct the use of the identified asset.

#### Group as Lessor

The Group determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease.

To classify each lease, the Group makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, the lease is classified as a finance lease; if not, it is classified as an operating lease. As part of the assessment, the Group considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for the head lease and the sublease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sublease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the recognition exemption, it classifies the sublease as an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Group applies PFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The Group recognizes lease payments received under operating leases as rent income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Group as Lessor - Operating Lease

Leases where the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of the ownership of the assets are classified as operating leases. Rent income arising from operating lease is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

#### **Borrowing Costs**

Borrowing costs are capitalized if they are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of a qualifying asset otherwise it's expensed out. Capitalization of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the asset are in progress and expenditures and borrowing costs are being incurred. Borrowing costs are capitalized until the assets are substantially ready for their intended use.

The amount of specific borrowing costs capitalized is net of the investment income on any temporary investment of the funds pending expenditure on the asset. On the other hand, general borrowing costs capitalized is exclusive of any investment income earned.

#### Foreign Currency

Foreign Currency Translations

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the respective functional currency of the Group entities at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and monetary liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at exchange rate at the reporting date.

Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Foreign currency differences arising on translation are recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, except for differences arising on the translation of monetary items that in substance form part of a net investment in a foreign operation and hedging instruments in a qualifying cash flow hedge or hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation, which are recognized in other comprehensive income.

#### Foreign Operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated to Philippine peso at exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to Philippine peso at average exchange rates for the period.

Foreign currency differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented in the "Translation reserve" account in the consolidated statements of changes in equity. When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to the profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to NCI. When the Group disposes of only part of its investment in shares of stock of an associate or joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

When the settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from such a monetary item are considered to form part of a net investment in a foreign operation and are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented in the "Translation reserve" account in the consolidated statements of changes in equity.

#### **Employee Benefits**

Short-term Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### <u>Taxes</u>

Current Tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

#### Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and the carryforward tax benefits of the net operating loss carry-over (NOLCO) to the extent that it is probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carryforward tax benefits of NOLCO can be utilized. Deferred tax, however, is not recognized when it arises from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Future taxable profits are determined based on the reversal of relevant taxable temporary differences. If the amount of taxable temporary differences is insufficient to recognize deferred tax asset in full, the future taxable profits, adjusted for reversals of existing temporary differences, are considered based on the business plan of the Group.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting date.

Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

#### VAT

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT. The net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" or "Accounts payable and other current liabilities" account in the consolidated statements of financial position.

#### Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Common Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is computed by dividing the net income for the period attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of issued and outstanding common shares during the period, with retroactive adjustment for any stock dividends declared. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to common equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of common shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential common shares into common shares.

#### **Operating Segments**

The Group's operating segments are organized and managed separately according to the nature of the products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets. Financial information on operating segments is presented in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements. The Chief Executive Officer (the chief operating decision maker) reviews management reports on a regular basis.

The measurement policies used by the Group for segment reporting under PFRS 8 are the same as those used in the consolidated financial statements. There have been no changes in the measurement methods used to determine reported segment profit or loss from prior periods.

Segment revenues, expenses and performance include sales and purchases between business segments. Such sales and purchases are eliminated in consolidation.

#### **Events After the Reporting Date**

Post year-end events that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting date (adjusting events) are recognized in the consolidated financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

#### 4. Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS requires management to exercise judgments, make estimates and use assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses reported in the consolidated financial statements at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these judgments, estimates and assumptions could result in an outcome that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the affected asset or liability in the future.

Judgments and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions are recognized in the period in which the judgments and estimates are revised and in any future period affected.

#### **Judgments**

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

#### Existence of a Contract

The Group's primary document for a contract with a customer is a signed contract to sell.

In addition, part of the assessment process of the Group before revenue recognition is to assess the probability that the Group will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the real estate property that will be transferred to the customer. In evaluating whether collectability of an amount of consideration is probable, an entity considers the significance of the customer's initial payments in relation to the total contract price. Collectability is also assessed by considering factors such as history of customer, age and pricing of the property. Management regularly evaluates the historical cancellations and back-outs if it would still support its current threshold of customers' equity before commencing revenue recognition.

In addition, the Group requires a certain percentage of buyer's payments of total selling price (buyer's equity), to be collected as one of the criteria in order to initiate revenue recognition. Reaching this level of collection is an indication of buyer's continuing commitment and the probability that economic benefits will flow to the Group.

Revenue Recognition Method and Measure of Progress

The Group concluded that revenue for real estate sales is to be recognized over time because: (a) the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and; (b) the Group has an enforceable right for performance completed to date. The promised property is specifically identified in the contract and the contractual restriction on the Group's ability to direct the promised property for another use is substantive. This is because the property promised to the customer is not interchangeable with other properties without breaching the contract and without incurring significant costs that otherwise would not have been incurred in relation to that contract. In addition, under the current legal framework, the customer is contractually obliged to make payments to the developer up to the performance completed to date.

The Group has determined that output method used in measuring the progress of the performance obligation faithfully depicts the Group's performance in transferring control of real estate development to the customers.

Determination of whether the Group is acting as a Principal or an Agent
The Group is a principal if it controls the specified good or service before it is
transferred to a customer. The Group is an agent if its performance obligation is to
arrange for the provision of the specified good or service by another party and the
Group does not control the good or service before it is transferred to the customer.

The Group assesses its hotel revenue arrangements against the following indicators to help determine whether it is acting as a principal or an agent:

- whether the Group has primary responsibility for providing the services;
- whether the Group has inventory risk; and
- whether the Group has discretion in establishing prices.

The Group concluded that it is acting as the principal in its hotel revenue arrangements since they have the primary responsibility in providing the services and have the discretion in establishing hotel rates.

In addition, the contract for the mall retail spaces and office spaces leased out by the Group to its tenants includes the right to charge for the electricity usage, water usage and CUSA expenses.

For the electricity and water usage, the Group determined that it is acting as an agent because the promise of the Group to the tenants is to arrange for the electricity and water supply to be provided by a utility company. The utility company, and not the real estate developer, is primary responsible for the provisioning of the utilities while the Group, administers the leased spaces and coordinates with the utility companies to ensure that tenants have access to these utilities. The Group does not have the discretion on the pricing of the services provided since the price is based on the actual rate charged by the utility providers.

For CUSA expenses such as electricity consumption, security, maintenance and all other common area expenses, the Group acts as a principal. This is because it is the Group who retains the right to direct the service provider of CUSA as it chooses and the party responsible to provide the services to the leased premises. The right to the services mentioned never transfers to the tenant and the Group has the discretion on how to price the CUSA.

Distinction between Real Estate Inventories and Investment Property

The Group determines whether a property will be classified as real estate inventories or investment property. In making this judgment, the Group considers whether the property is held for sale in the ordinary course of business [real estate inventories] or which is held primarily to earn rental and capital appreciation and is not substantially for use by, or in the operations of the Group [investment property].

Distinction between Investment Property and Property and Equipment

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property. In making its judgment, the Group considers whether the property generates cash flows largely independent of the other assets held by an entity. Property and equipment or owner-occupied properties generate cash flows that are attributable not only to the property but also to the other assets used in the production or supply process.

# Property Acquisitions and Business Combinations

The Group acquires subsidiaries that own real estate properties. At the time of acquisition, the Group considers whether the acquisition represents the acquisition of a business. The Group accounts for an acquisition as a business combination where an integrated set of activities is acquired in addition to the property. More specifically, consideration is made with regard to the extent to which significant processes are acquired. The significance of any process is judged with reference to the guidance in PAS 40, *Investment Property* on ancillary services. When the acquisition of subsidiaries does not represent a business, it is accounted for as an acquisition of a group of assets and liabilities. The cost of the acquisition is allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based upon their relative fair values, and no goodwill or deferred tax is recognized.

#### Determination of Control

The Parent Company determines control when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with an entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Parent Company controls an entity if and only if the Parent Company has all of the following:

- a. power over the entity;
- b. exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity; and
- c. the ability to use its power over the entity to affect the amount of the Parent Company's returns.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, management assessed that the Parent Company retains the control over DDMPR after its IPO based on the following:

- a. the Parent Company has the power to direct the relevant activities of DDMPR thru overlapping management and DRPMI and DRFMI;
- the Parent Company is expose to dividends and collection of property management fee and fund management fee thru DRPMI and DRFMI, respectively; and
- c. the Parent Company has the ability to use its power to affect the dividends and fees to be received since the Parent Company and DDMPR has overlapping BOD and management.

#### Adequacy of Tax Liabilities

The Group takes into account the impact of uncertain tax positions and whether additional taxes and interest may be due. The Group believes that its accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open tax years based on its assessment of many factors, including interpretation of tax laws and prior experience. This assessment relies on estimates and assumptions and may involve a series of judgments about future events. New information may become available that causes the Group to change its judgment regarding the adequacy of existing tax liabilities; such changes to tax liabilities will impact tax expense in the period that such a determination is made.

# Assessment of DDMP being effectively a 'tax-free' entity

In order to become an "income tax-free" company, A REIT entity is required to distribute at least 90% of its annual income as a dividend to its investors. The dividend can be claimed as deduction for tax purposes making it effectively a "income tax-free" entity. For REIT entities, while not formally designated as 'tax-free' under the tax rules, are nevertheless "income tax-free" provided that they meet certain conditions (e.g. listing status, dividend payments, etc.).

In 2023 and 2022, DDMP, based on the current tax regime for REIT entities and its updated expectation that it will be able to continue to meet the requirements on dividend distribution and other provisions of the REIT law indefinitely in the long term, has determined that it is effectively a 'tax-free' entity. As a result, relevant deferred taxes are calculated based on the effective income tax rate of 0% (Note 26).

#### **Estimates and Assumptions**

The key estimates and assumptions used in the consolidated financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

# Revenue and Cost Recognition

The Group's revenue and cost recognition policies require management to make use of estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts of revenues and costs. The Group's revenue from real estate sales is recognized based on the percentage of completion using output method. It is measured principally on the basis of the estimated completion of a physical proportion of the contract work. There were no changes in the assumptions or basis for estimation during the year.

Revenue and cost recognized related to real estate contracts amounted to P1,353.92 million and P644.77 million, respectively, in 2023, P1,536.29 million and P860.60 million, respectively, in 2022, and P778.1 million and P434.0 million, respectively, in 2021 (Notes 6 and 20).

Assessment for ECL on Trade Receivables and Installment Contracts Receivables. The Group, applying the simplified approach in the computation of ECL, initially uses a provision matrix based on historical default rates over a two-year period for trade receivables, which composed of rent receivable and receivable from hotel operations. The Group also uses appropriate groupings if its historical credit loss experience shows significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments. The Group then adjusts the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information on the basis of current observable data affecting each customer segment to reflect the effects of current and forecasted economic conditions.

The Group has assessed that the forward-looking default rate component of its ECL on rent receivable is not material because substantial amount of trade and other receivables are normally collected within one year. Moreover, based on management's assessment, current conditions and forward-looking information does not indicate a significant increase in credit risk exposure of the Group from its trade and other receivables.

For installment contracts receivables, the Group has applied the standard's simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime expected credit losses. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience for two years, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Group used the vintage analysis accounts for expected credit losses by calculating the cumulative loss rates of a given installment contracts receivables pool. It derives the probability of default from the historical data of a homogenous portfolio that share the same origination period. The information on the number of defaults during fixed time intervals of the accounts is utilized to create the PD model. It allows the evaluation of the loan activity from its origination period until the end of the contract period.

The probability of default is applied to the estimate of the loss arising on default which is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the Group would expect to receive, including from the repossession of the subject real estate property, net of cash outflows. For purposes of calculating loss given default, accounts are segmented based on facility/collateral type and completion. In calculating the recovery rates, the Group considered collections of cash and/or cash from resale of real estate properties after foreclosure, net of direct costs of obtaining and selling the real estate properties after the default event such as commission, refurbishment, payment required under Maceda law and cost to complete (for incomplete units).

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions (inflation and interest rates) and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

Trade receivables directly written off in 2023, 2022 and 2021 amounted to P211.09 million, P228.86 million and P330.53 million, respectively. Provision for ECL on rent receivables amounted to P584.99 million in 2023, P144.85 million in 2022 and P56.81 million in 2021. The allowance for impairment loss on trade receivables and installment contract receivables amounted to P792.09 million and P207.10 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The combined carrying amounts of trade receivables and installment contract receivables amounted to P14,203.60 million and P11,146.44 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (Note 8).

Assessment for ECL on Other Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. The Group determines the allowance for ECL using general approach based on the probability-weighted estimate of the present value of all cash shortfalls over the expected life of financial assets at amortized cost. ECL is provided for credit losses that result from possible default events within the next 12 months unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition in which case ECL is provided based on lifetime ECL.

When determining if there has been a significant increase in credit risk, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort and that is relevant for the particular financial instrument being assessed such as, but not limited to, the following factors:

- actual or expected external and internal credit rating downgrade;
- existing or forecasted adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions; and
- actual or expected significant adverse changes in the operating results of the borrower.

The Group also considers financial assets at day one to be the latest point at which lifetime ECL should be recognized unless it can demonstrate that this does not represent a significant risk in credit risk such as when non-payment was an administrative oversight rather than resulting from financial difficulty of the borrower.

The Group has assessed that the ECL on other financial assets at amortized cost is not material because majority of the transactions with respect to these financial assets were entered into by the Group only with reputable banks and counterparties with good credit standing and relatively low risk of defaults. Accordingly, no provision for ECL on other financial assets at amortized cost was recognized in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

The carrying amounts of other financial assets at amortized cost are as follows:

	Note	2023	2022
Cash and cash equivalents (excluding cash on hand) Receivables (total current and noncurrent balance, excluding trade	7	P2,690,923,765	P5,322,595,660
receivables and installment contract receivables)	8	756,203,666	747,988,930
Due from related parties	23	49,356,220	52,146,970
Refundable deposits (total current			
and noncurrent)	10, 15	194,815,658	198,723,235
		P3,691,299,309	P6,321,454,795

# Write-down of Inventories

The Group writes-down the costs of inventories to net realizable value whenever net realizable value becomes lower than cost due to damage, physical deterioration, obsolescence, changes in price levels or other causes.

Estimates of net realizable value are based on the most reliable evidence available at the time the estimates are made of the amount the real estate inventories and leasehold rights are expected to be realized. These estimates take into consideration fluctuations of price or cost directly relating to events occurring after the reporting date to the extent that such events confirm conditions existing at the reporting date.

No inventories were written down to their net realizable values in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

The carrying amounts of the Group's inventories amounted to P4,522.22 million and P2,857.59 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (Note 9).

# Impairment Test of Goodwill and Hotel101 Brand

The Group determines whether goodwill and Hotel101 brand are impaired at least annually. This requires the estimation of value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill and Hotel101 brand are allocated. Estimating value in use requires management to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating unit and to choose a suitable discount rate to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

The recoverable amount of goodwill arising from the acquisition of HOA has been determined based on the value in use using discounted cash flows. Assumptions used in the discounted cash flows include discount rate of 6.13%, 6.93%, and 6.81% in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively (Note 12).

Management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount is based would not cause its carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.

The total carrying amount of goodwill and Hotel101 brand amounted to P1,014.68 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Note 12).

# Fair Value Measurement of Investment Property

The Group carries its investment property at fair value, with changes in fair value being recognized in profit or loss. The Group engages independent valuation specialists to determine the fair value. For the investment property, the appraisers used a valuation technique based on comparable market data available for such property. For investment property related to right-of-use assets, the Group determines the fair value based on the discounted cash flows using observable inputs as at the valuation date.

Investment property amounted to P147,937.02 million and P126,150.99 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Unrealized gains from changes in fair values of investment property recognized in profit or loss amounted to P16,482.58 million, P7,484.83 million and P9,667.67 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively (Note 13).

#### Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets

The Group reviews its deferred tax assets at each reporting date and reduces the carrying amount to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. The Group's assessment on the recognition of deferred tax asset on deductible temporary difference and carryforward benefits of NOLCO is based on the projected taxable income in the following periods.

Deferred tax assets amounted to P2,593.55 million and P2,438.83 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (Note 26).

# 5. Segment Information

# **Operating Segments**

The reporting format of the Group's operating segments is determined based on the Group's risks and rates of return which are affected predominantly by differences in the products and services produced. The operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of the products produced and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets.

The Group's reportable segments are real estate development, leasing, and hospitality. The real estate development segment is engaged in the development of real estate assets to be held as trading inventory and for sale. This segment was developed as part of the Group's tactical approach to early stage growth, as part of that plan the Group will be transitioning out of this segment once the current inventory has been fully sold. The leasing and hospitality segments which are focused in recurring revenue will be the core pillars of the Group's growth plans moving forward. The leasing segment is engaged in the acquisition and/or development of real estate assets in the retail, office and industrial sector that are held for rentals. The hospitality segment is engaged in the acquisition and/or development of hotels which will be managed and operated by the Group. The hospitality segment includes the development of a homegrown hotel brand with a unique sale-and-manage business model.

Others pertain to the segments engaged in marketing, selling and property management activities.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss and is measured consistently with the operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements.

The Group has three significant reportable segments for 2023, 2022 and 2021, namely the real estate development, leasing, and hospitality. Leasing segment is presented into three sub-segment, which composed of retail, office and industrial.

#### Segment Assets and Liabilities

Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and consist primarily of operating cash, receivables, real estate inventories, prepaid expenses and other current assets, property and equipment, right-of-use assets and computer software licenses, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, investment property and other noncurrent assets. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist primarily of accounts payable and other current liabilities, customers' deposits and other noncurrent liabilities. Segment assets and liabilities do not include deferred taxes.

#### **Inter-segment Transactions**

Segment revenues, expenses and performance include sales and purchases between operating segments. Inter-segment transactions are set on an arm's length basis similar to transactions with nonrelated parties.

#### **Major Customer**

The Group does not have a single external customer from which sales revenue generated amounted to 10% or more of the total revenues of the Group.

Operating Segments
Analyses of financial information by business segment follow:

#### 2023

2023								
	Real Estate			Industrial				
	Development	Retail L easing	Office Leasing	Leasing	Hospitality	Others	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenue								
External revenues	P1,425,351,895	P8,407,527,475	P10,965,679,449	P375,198,567	P655,938,416	P2,912,184,115	Р-	P24,741,879,917
Inter-segment		720,488,862	209,732,882		15,733,654	3,976,664,918	(4,922,620,316)	
Total Revenue	P1,425,351,895	P9,128,016,337	P11,175,412,331	P375,198,567	P671,672,070	P6,888,849,033	(P4,922,620,316)	P24,741,879,917
Segment Results	P260,575,561	P3,900,655,595	P13,802,830,020	P320,405,337	P771,234,835	(P1,359,373,480)	(P1,768,968,365)	P15,927,359,503
Net Income Attributable to								
Equity holders of the Parent	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	P9,251,261,972
Non-controlling interests	-	=		-			-	6,676,097,531
	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	P15,927,359,503
Segment Assets	P10,852,060,542	P74,102,860,421	P90,898,000,048	P9,154,475,890	P12,798,896,117	P82,397,482,782	(P98,963,828,925)	P181,239,946,875
Segment Liabilities	P3,736,381,755	P58,694,052,790	P8,156,114,640	P926,140,162	P10,273,980,064	P82,719,868,212	(P77,834,962,031)	P86,671,575,592
Other Information								
Capital expenditures	P227,273,520	P400,753,506	P896,988,845	P93,484,071	P2,172,923,567	Р-	Р-	P3,791,423,509
Depreciation and amortization	P10,107,816	P14,327,127	P14,829,089	Р-	P38,726,982	P97,252,623	(P25,879,177)	P149,364,460

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2022								
	Real Estate Development	Retail Leasing	Office Leasing	Industrial Leasing	Hospita <b>l</b> ity	Others	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenue External revenues Inter-segment	P1,573,891,111	P6,519,609,743 36,256,657	P4,210,708,176 168,640,225	P222,867,444	P468,273,557 10,591,938	P1,134,956,747 3,590,904,159	P - (3,806,392,979)	P14,130,306,778
Total Revenue	P1,573,891,111	P6,555,866,400	P4,379,348,401	P222,867,444	P478,865,495	P4,725,860,906	(P3,806,392,979)	P14,130,306,778
Segment Results	P531,789,085	P4,787,013,983	P11,719,849,401	P154,375,272	P62,419,567	(P1,713,759,239)	(P2,618,962,796)	P12,922,725,273
Net Income Attributable to Equity holders of the Parent Non-controlling interests	P - - P -	P - - -	P - - P -	P - - P -	P - - P -	P - - P -	P - - P -	P5,551,522,068 7,371,203,205 P12,922,725,273
Segment Assets	P7,687,677,106	P73,361,911,878	P69,684,128,956	P8,415,857,888	P5,663,695,206	P78,080,777,887	(P86,093,528,471)	P156,800,520,450
Segment Liabilities	P8,301,015,579	P90,240,842,020	P15,850,872,495	P1,650,135,640	P2,634,156,470	P14,861,388,196	(P58,343,464,479)	P75,194,945,921
Other Information Capital expenditures	P84,817,343	P1,379,770,217	P1,002,379,534	P712,431,095	P60,221,344	P -	P -	P3,239,619,533
Depreciation and amortization	P124.432.082	P32.081.289	P6.782.084	Р-	P6.915.377	P2.348.584	P61.992.015	P234.551.431

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2021								
	Real Estate Development	Retail Leasing	Office Leasing	Industrial Leasing	Hospitality	Others	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenue External revenues Inter-segment	P778,084,021	P4,574,730,291 7,510,187	P8,573,432,786 127,513,774	P102,966,533	P577,925,107 -	P1,318,697,370 7,209,596,367	P - (7,344,620,328)	P15,925,836,108
Total Revenue	P778,084,021	P4,582,240,478	P8,700,946,560	P102,966,533	P577,925,107	P8,528,293,737	(7,344,620,328)	P15,925,836,108
Segment Results	P170,515,679	P1,127,643,021	P7,219,032,976	P76,334,092	P157,333,906	P5,119,523,398	(P2,589,909,443)	P11,280,473,629
Net Income Attributable to Equity holders of the Parent Non-controlling interests	P - -	P -	P -	P -	P -	P - -	P - -	P7,404,361,935 3,876,111,694
	P -	P -	P -	P -	Р-	P -	P -	P11,280,473,629
Segment Assets	P11,663,278,127	P60,449,096,795	P65,045,753,500	P1,716,330,961	P6,057,834,238	P70,429,563,671	(P73,705,653,412)	P141,656,203,880
Segment Liabilities	P7,398,560,472	P54,148,748,322	P22,777,088,587	P894,711,225	P4,568,551,564	P52,199,425,129	(P69,639,334,652)	P72,347,750,647
Other Information Capital expenditures	P513,613,400	P1,474,278,608	P596,295,443	P261,912,764	P3,766,937	P1,838,738	P -	P2,851,705,890
Depreciation and amortization	P130,956,997	P45,398,569	17,851,734	Р-	P4,287,371	P4,367,427	(P40,224,181)	P162,637,917

Capital expenditures on noncurrent assets represent additions to property and equipment, computer software licenses, intangible assets and investment property. Noncash expenses pertain to depreciation and amortization expense attributable to the reportable segments.

The Group has only one reportable geographical segment, which is the Philippines.

#### 6. Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of services and goods over time and at a point in time, respectively, in different product types.

The Group's disaggregation of each sources of revenue from contracts with customers are presented below:

#### Real Estate Sales

	2023	2022	2021
Vertical	P1,275,363,056	P1,223,345,649	748,664,270
Horizontal	78,560,604	312,940,580	29,419,751
	P1,353,923,660	P1,536,286,229	P778,084,021

All of the Group's real estate sales from residential development are revenue from contracts with customers recognized over time.

The Group entered into contracts to sell with one identified performance obligation which is the sale of the real estate unit together with the services to transfer the title to the buyer upon full payment of contract price. The amount of consideration indicated in the contract to sell is fixed and has no variable consideration.

Total real estate revenue in 2023, 2022, and 2021 amounted to P1,353.92 million, P1,536.29 million, and P778.08 million, respectively. Real estate revenue is recognized using percentage of completion method, based on the estimated completion of a physical proportion of the contract work. Gross profit in 2023, 2022, and 2021 amounted to P709.15 million, P675.69 million, and P344.06 million respectively.

#### Hotel Revenues

	2023	2022	2021
Rooms	P613,538,757	P422,173,990	P501,613,431
Food and beverage	58,133,313	56,691,505	76,311,676
	P671,672,070	P478,865,495	P577,925,107

Hotel revenues from sale of food and beverage are recognized at point in time.

There are no inter-segment eliminations among revenue from contracts with customers, as these are all sold to external customers as disclosed in the segment information in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

# **Contract Balances**

	Note	2023	2022
Installment contracts receivable:	8		
Trade		P2,178,604,694	P2,103,330,268
Contract assets		1,651,581,910	1,401,212,998
Cost to obtain contract		23,030,806	30,808,094
Contract liabilities		(360,799,740)	(159,209,913)

The movement in contract assets is mainly due to new real estate sales contract recognized during the period, increase in percentage of completion, less reclassification to trade installment contracts receivable.

Contract assets represent the right to consideration that was already delivered by the Group in excess of the amount recognized as trade installment contracts receivable. This is reclassified as trade installment contracts receivable when the rights become unconditional, in the Group's case, upon turnover of units.

#### Cost to Obtain Contract

Additions in 2023, 2022 and 2021 amounted to P19.34 million, P3.07 million and P17.00 million, respectively. Amount charged to profit or loss, based on percentage of completion, amounted to P21.74 million, P30.81 million, and P25.41 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### Contract Liabilities

Contract liabilities pertain to amounts received from customers in excess of the amount of revenue recognized on the percentage of completion method and is recorded under "Customers' deposits" account in the consolidated statements of financial position.

# 7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

	Note	2023	2022
Cash on hand		P227,544,231	P224,404,530
Cash in banks	29	2,128,208,928	3,781,890,136
Short-term placements	29	562,714,837	1,540,705,524
		P2,918,467,996	P5,547,000,190

Cash in banks earn annual interest at the respective bank deposit rates. Short-term placements are made for varying periods of up to three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group and earn annual interest at the respective short-term placement rates. Total interest income from cash in banks and short-term placements amounted to P83.59 million, P13.54 million, and P43.76 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

## 8. Receivables

This account consists of:

	Note	2023	2022
Installment contracts receivable		P3,344,028,359	P3,454,588,103
Rent receivable	23	10,859,574,039	7,691,854,690
Receivables from:			
Leasehold rights' buyers		355,050,959	355,050,959
Contractors		159,360,329	159,360,329
Hotel operations		127,697,511	115,620,877
Condominium corporation and unit			
owners		89,091,171	89,364,951
Tenants		59,878,306	68,920,536
Advances to employees		28,436,133	22,459,444
Others		64,386,768	52,832,712
		15,087,503,575	12,010,052,601
Less: allowance for impairment loss		792,088,503	207,096,348
	29	P14,295,415,072	P11,802,956,253

The details of installment contracts receivable from real estate buyers follow:

	Note	2023	2022
Installment contracts receivable		P3,708,307,695	P3,504,543,266
Less: unearned interest income		65,677,725	47,344,103
Net installment contracts receivable	29	3,642,629,970	3,457,199,163
Less: noncurrent portion		298,601,611	2,611,060
Current portion		P3,344,028,359	P3,454,588,103

Installment contracts receivable from real estate buyers pertains to receivables from the sale of condominium and subdivision units. These receivables are collectible in monthly installments over a period of one to five years. These non-interest bearing installment contracts receivable are discounted using effective annual interest rates ranging from 5.00% to 10.00% that are specific to the tenor of the installment contracts receivable. Titles to real estate properties are not transferred to the buyers until full payment has been made.

Receivables from leasehold rights' buyers pertain to receivables from the sale of leasehold rights in Dragon8. These receivables are collectible in monthly installments over a period of one to five years. These non-interest bearing installment receivables from leasehold rights buyers are discounted using effective annual interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 10.00% that are specific to the tenor of the installment receivables.

Rent receivable pertains to receivables arising from the lease of commercial and office spaces relating to the Group's CityMall, CentralHub and DD Meridian Park operations. These are generally collectible within 30 days. This account consists mainly of accrued rentals arising from the excess of rent income over rental collections made by lessees in accordance with straight-line rental recognition as mandated by PFRS 16 *Leases*, amounting to P877.93 million and P913.64 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Receivables from tenants include utilities, common usage service area fees and other charges billed to tenants which are due within 30 days upon billing.

Receivables from contractors pertain to the reimbursable share of contractors in the promotional cost incurred during the construction. These are generally collectible within 30-60 days.

Receivables from condominium corporation and unit owners include receivables from buyers for taxes and registration fees advanced by the Group on their behalf.

Receivables from hotel operations consist of receivables from corporate hotel guests and are non-interest bearing and generally settled within 30 days.

Movements in allowance for impairment loss are as follows:

	Note	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of year		P207,096,348	P62,241,911
Provisions during the year	22	584,992,155	144,854,437
Balance at end of year		P792,088,503	P207,096,348

Trade receivables directly written off in 2023, 2022 and 2021 amounted to P211.09 million, P228.86 million and P330.53 million, respectively. These pertain to discounts, and pre-terminated contracts.

The total interest income recognized from the installment contracts receivable and receivables from leasehold rights' buyers amounted to P111.92 million, P49.56 million, and P50.71 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Interest and penalties amounted to P2,289.55 million, P1,471.53 million, and P1,280.29 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

# 9. Inventories

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
At cost:		
Real estate inventories	P4,459,405,305	P2,829,510,943
Hotel inventories	48,250,347	14,469,951
Others	14,568,416	13,608,122
	P4,522,224,068	P2,857,589,016

Real estate inventories represent the cost of construction and development of completed and in-progress residential and commercial units for sale. Projects of the Group include The Skysuites Tower, W.H. Taft Residences, The Uptown Place, FirstHomes Subdivision, DD HappyHomes-Mandurriao, DD HappyHomes-Tanauan, DD HappyHomes-Zarraga and Hotel101 projects, namely "Hotel101-Niseko", "Hotel101-Madrid", Cebu "Hotel101-Mactan Airport", "Hotel101-Davao", "Hotel101-San Vicente Palawan", "Hotel101-Baguio", "Hotel101-Libis", "Hotel101-Boracay".

#### The SkySuites Tower

On September 1, 2014, the Group acquired from Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation (the "RCBC") the unfinished commercial, office and residential project, "The SkySuites Tower", in Quezon City for a total consideration of P700 million payable over four years. The Group was required to deliver to RCBC an irrevocable standby letter of credit to guarantee the payment of the remaining balance payable to RCBC. At the closing date of the transaction, RCBC delivered to the Group the physical possession and control over "The SkySuites Tower". Portion of the total acquisition cost of "The SkySuites Tower" and costs incurred in its development and completion was recognized as part of "Real estate inventories" and "Investment property" accounts in the consolidated statements of financial position for the parts pertaining to residential units for sale and commercial and office units held for leasing, respectively. The project was completed in 2022.

#### W.H. Taft Residences

On November 5, 2012, the Group acquired and took over the development of W.H. Taft Residences (the "W.H. Taft"), a condominium project along Taft Avenue in the City of Manila, from Philtown Properties, Inc. (the "Philtown"). The Group also acquired the land where the W.H. Taft is located from the Landowner. The development of the W.H. Taft was formerly initiated under an unincorporated joint venture agreement between Philtown and the Landowner. The project was completed in September 2015.

# The Uptown Place and Injap Tower

On December 27, 2013, the Group entered into an unincorporated joint venture agreement with Injap Investments, Inc. ("III") for the joint development of "The Uptown Place" at General Luna St., Iloilo City and "Injap Tower" at Mandurriao District, Iloilo City (the "Projects"). The agreement stipulates that III shall contribute land and the Group shall finance and develop the Projects and be exclusively responsible for the management and supervision of the construction of the Projects. In consideration for III's land contribution, the Group delivered some saleable units of the Projects to III. The costs incurred in the development of the Projects are recorded as part of "Real estate inventories" and "Investment property" accounts in the consolidated statements of financial position. The projects were completed in 2014.

#### FirstHomes Subdivision

In October 2012, the Group completed its first horizontal development project located at Navais, Mandurriao, Iloilo City. FirstHomes is a 1.30 hectare townhouse project consisting of 112 units.

# DD HappyHomes-Mandurriao

On May 31, 2014, the Group acquired DDHH horizontal, residential real estate project in Mandurriao, Iloilo. As at December 31, 2023, sale and construction of units of DD HappyHomes-Mandurriao is still ongoing.

#### DD HappyHomes-Tanauan and DD HappyHomes-Zarraga

In 2016, the Group acquired additional landsites for horizontal, residential real estate projects in Tanauan, Leyte and Zarraga, Iloilo. As at December 31, 2023, sale and construction of units is still ongoing for DD HappyHomes-Tanauan.

#### Hotel101-Niseko

On September 30, 2022, the Group, through HGPL, fully paid for the acquisition of a prime 9,000 sqm. parcel of land in Hokkaido Prefecture, Japan. The Group expects to develop its first international Hotel101 development, named Hotel101-Niseko, on such acquired land.

#### Hotel101-Madrid

In October 2023, Hotel101-Madrid completed the prime commercial land purchase of 6,593 square meters in Madrid, Spain. It will be the Group's first development in Europe and the very first homegrown Filipino hotel chain to open in Spain. As at December 31, 2023, the project is currently under design and on pre-development preparations.

# Hotel101-Cebu Mactan Airport

On March 25, 2019 and November 13, 2019, HOA entered into a Memorandum of Agreement and Deed of Absolute Conveyance, respectively, wherein HOA will acquire the land in Cebu, with an area of 4,709 square meters. The land will be used for the development of Hotel101-Cebu Mactan Airport. As at December 31, 2023, construction of the project is ongoing.

#### Hotel101-Davao

On August 22, 2017, HOA acquired a parcel of land in Barrio of Matina, Davao City with an area of 5,384 square meters for the development of Hotel101-Davao. As at December 31, 2023, the project is in close proximity to be finished.

#### Hotel101-San Vicente Palawan

On January 8, 2018, HOA purchased a portion of land in Palawan with an area of 10,223 square meters for the development of Hotel101-Palawan. As at December 31, 2023, the project is currently under design and on pre-development preparations.

### Hotel101-Baguio

In 2022, HOA purchased a land in Baguio with an area of 1,223 square meters for the development of Hotel101-Baguio. As at December 31, 2023, the project is under design and pre-development preparations.

#### Hotel101-Libis

On December 9, 2019, DD and Robinsons Land Corp entered into an agreement to develop a 10,032 square meters of prime lot into a commercial square complex. As at December 31, 2023, construction of the project is ongoing.

# Hotel101-Boracay

In 2018, HOA has paid its contractors architectural and surveying costs for the development of Hotel101-Boracay, which will be situated in Boracay Newcoast, Aklan. As at December 31, 2023, the project is currently under design and on predevelopment preparations.

Real estate inventories recognized as "Cost of real estate sales" amounted to P644.77 million, P860.60 million, P434.02 million in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively (Note 20).

No inventory write-down was recognized on real estate inventories in 2023, 2022, and 2021.

Hotel inventories mainly consist of consumable items used in the operations of "Injap Tower Hotel", "Jinjiang Inn Ortigas", "Jinjiang Inn Makati", "JinJiang Inn Boracay", "Hotel101-Manila" and "Hotel101-Fort". The cost of hotel inventories recognized under "Cost of hotel operations" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income amounted to P24.64 million P15.36 million, and P12.14 million in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively (Note 20).

Others pertain to retail inventories from Go Lokal.

# 10. Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	Note	2023	2022
Input VAT - net		P2,252,395,076	P2,772,518,264
Advances to contractors and			
suppliers		1,807,179,442	1,378,545,560
Prepaid expenses:			
Taxes		1,349,198,246	1,138,202,031
Commission		12,737,482	21,184,129
Insurance		9,998,412	9,584,480
Others		107,733,475	66,666,937
Creditable withholding taxes		601,179,748	251,423,525
Refundable deposits	15, 24, 29	8,741,876	6,734,582
Other current assets		99,282,780	77,039,517
		P6,248,446,537	P5,721,899,025

Input VAT represents accumulated input taxes from purchases of goods and services for business operations and purchases of materials and services for the building and leasehold construction which can be applied against future output VAT.

Creditable withholding taxes pertain to taxes withheld by the Group's customers which can be applied against any future income tax liability. Creditable withholding taxes written off in 2023, 2022 and 2021 amounted to P0.09 million, P0.07 million, and P0.11 million, respectively (Note 22).

Advances to contractors and suppliers represent amount paid as downpayments to contractors and suppliers to facilitate the initial construction of the Group's real estate projects.

Other prepayments pertain to prepaid real property taxes, business taxes and Health maintenance organization (HMO).

# 11. Property and Equipment

The movements and balances of this account consist of:

	Land	Building	Leasehold Improvements	Equipment and Showroom	Furniture and Fixtures	Room Fixtures and Components	Total
Cost As at January 1, 2022 Additions	P263,100,000	P440,974,125 953,214	P256,238,287 4,005,497	P263,484,718 47,433,193	P94,396,492 2,509,161	P43,937,991 119,482	P1,362,131,613 55,020,547
As at December 31, 2022 Additions Disposals	263,100,000 - -	441,927,339 596,388,205 (32,189,206)	260,243,784 18,757,912	310,917,911 23,737,558 (41,008,844)	96,905,653 1,497,247 -	44,057,473 1,453,406 -	1,417,152,160 641,834,328 (73,198,050)
As at December 31, 2023	263,100,000	1,006,126,338	279,001,696	293,646,625	98,402,900	45,510,879	1,985,788,438
Accumulated Depreciation As at January 1, 2022 Depreciation	-	54,166,538 60,324,015	160,588,692 59,027,106	209,839,487 54,579,468	67,071,154 16,778,123	24,612,076 952,669	516,277,947 191,661,381
As at December 31, 2022 Depreciation Disposals	- - -	114,490,553 84,623,690 (32,189,206)	219,615,798 33,430,344 -	264,418,955 27,830,835 -41,008,844	83,849,277 2,223,161 -	25,564,745 1,256,430 -	707,939,328 149,364,460 -73,198,050
As at December 31, 2023	-	166,925,037	253,046,142	251,240,946	86,072,438	26,821,175	784,105,738
Carrying Amount							
As at December 31, 2022	P263,100,000	P327,436,786	P40,627,986	P46,498,956	P13,056,376	P18,492,728	P709,212,832
As at December 31, 2023	P263,100,000	P839,201,301	P25,955,554	P42,405,679	P12,330,462	P18,689,704	P1,201,682,700

Depreciation charged to "General and administrative expenses" account amounted to P148.02 million, P190.67 million, and P115.42 million, in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively (Note 22). Depreciation charged to "Cost of hotel operations" account amounted to P1.34 million, P1.00 million, and P1.92 million, in 2023, 2022 and, 2021, respectively (Note 20).

The cost of fully depreciated property and equipment still in use is amounting to P247.61 million and P93.35 million for 2023 and 2022, respectively.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, there are no property and equipment item that are pledged as security deposit to liabilities.

# 12. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Hotel101 brand	664,300,000	P664,300,000
Goodwill	350,377,742	350,377,742
Franchise rights	39,163,752	54,799,649
Concession rights	24,263,719	25,584,007
Advertising production cost	=	3,539,312
Computer software licenses - net	8,770,482	9,897,571
Others	4,659,772	1,997,176
	P1,091,535,467	P1,110,495,457

#### Hotel101 Brand

The Hotel101 brand, recognized from the acquisition of HOA, is an asset with indefinite useful life and is tested for impairment annually.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill comprises the excess of the acquisition costs over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities arising from the acquisition of DDHH and HOA.

# Impairment Testing of Goodwill and Hotel 101 Brand from Acquisition of HOA

Goodwill and Hotel101 brand from the acquisition of HOA are allocated to the cash generating unit of HOA. The recoverable amount of goodwill and Hotel101 brand has been determined based on a valuation using cash flow projections covering a five-year period based on long-range plans approved by management. Cash flows beyond the forecasted period are extrapolated using the applicable rate determined per cash-generating unit.

A discount rate of 6.13%, 6.93% and 6.81% in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, was applied based on the weighted-average cost of capital, which reflects management's estimate of the risk. This is the benchmark used by management to assess operating performance and to evaluate future investment proposals.

The values assigned to the key assumptions represent the management's assessment of future trends in the industry and are based on internal sources (historical data).

Management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount is based would not cause its carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount. The calculation of value in use is most sensitive to the discount rate. For purposes of discount rate sensitivity, discount rate scenarios of 5.13% and 7.13% in 2023, 5.93% and 7.93% in 2022 and 5.81% and 7.81% in 2021 are applied on the discounted cash flows analysis.

The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit was determined to be higher than its carrying amount as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. Hence, management assessed that there is no impairment loss in the value of goodwill and Hotel101 brand in 2023 and 2022.

# Franchise Rights

The movements and balances of the "Franchise rights" account consist of:

	Note	2023	2022
Cost		P154,578,304	P154,578,304
Accumulated Amortization			
Balance at beginning of year		99,778,655	84,142,758
Amortization for the year	22	15,635,897	15,635,897
Balance at end of year		115,414,552	99,778,655
		P39,163,752	P54,799,649

Franchise rights pertains to the rights of the Group to operate "JinJiang Inn" franchise chain of hotels in the Philippines.

The Group entered into a Brand License or Franchise Agreement with Jinjiang Inn Co, Ltd. ("Licensor") of Shanghai, China for a period of 15 years until September 11, 2026. The Group is given the right to establish regular chains and develop franchise chains of hotels. In consideration for this exclusive grant of license, the Group is obliged to pay a lump sum franchise fee. Once the established hotels become operational, fees such as royalty fees and ongoing management fees will be remitted to the Licensor.

# Advertising Production Cost

The movements and balances of the "Advertising production cost" account consist of:

	Note	2023	2022
Cost Balance at beginning and end of year		P126,801,310	P126,801,310
Accumulated Amortization Balance at beginning of year Amortization for the year	22	123,261,998 3,539,312	111,165,183 12,096,815
Balance at end of year		126,801,310	123,261,998
		Р-	P3,539,312

Advertising production cost pertains to the production cost incurred by the Group in developing the CityMalls commercials which can be used and aired over a period of time. This is being amortized over five years.

#### Concession Rights

The Parent Company entered into a Joint Venture Agreement with the City Government of Iloilo for the financing, design, construction, development, operation and maintenance of the Iloilo-Guimaras Ferry Terminal ("Ferry Terminal") and the surrounding areas within the property. The construction cost of the Ferry Terminal amounted to P33.01 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. The Ferry Terminal started operations in April 2017.

Amortization of concession rights amounted to P1.32 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

# Computer Software Licenses

The movements and balances of the "Computer software licenses - net" account consist of:

	Note	2023	2022
Cost Balance at beginning of year		P99,158,370	P94,377,204
Additions		3,356,538	4,781,166
Balance at end of year		102,514,908	99,158,370
Accumulated Amortization			
Balance at beginning of year		89,260,799	75,423,461
Amortization for the year	22	4,483,627	13,837,338
Balance at end of year		93,744,426	89,260,799
		P8,770,482	P9,897,571

The computer software licenses have been built, installed or supplied by the manufacturer ready to operate or require some customization based on the Group's specific requirements.

# 13. Investment Property

This account consists of:

	Land	Building	Right-of-Use Assets - Land	Construction in Progress	Total
January 1, 2022	P24,261,617,963	P75,321,391,077	P1,434,746,531	P11,373,406,632	P112,391,162,203
Additions	2,761,651,445	1,118,793,902	-	2,394,554,654	6,275,000,001
Reclassifications	=	1,565,953,972	-	(1,565,953,972)	-
Unrealized gains (losses) from changes in fair values of					
investment property	1,733,836,141	5,840,470,529	(89,480,779)	-	7,484,825,891
December 31, 2022	28,757,105,549	83,846,609,480	1,345,265,752	12,202,007,314	126,150,988,095
Additions	302,623,858	2,093,950,080	19,539,956	2,948,195,436	5,364,309,330
Reclassifications/					
adjustments	-	937,582,580	(60,862,566)	(937,582,580)	(60,862,566)
Unrealized gains from changes in fair values	0.404.040.040	44,000,004,000	10.057.000	, , ,	40 400 500 450
of investment property	2,134,618,016	14,329,304,220	18,657,920	-	16,482,580,156
December 31, 2023	P31,194,347,423	P101,207,446,360	P1,322,601,062	P14,212,620,170	P147,937,015,015

The following table provides the fair value hierarchy of the Group's investment property as at December 31, 2023 and 2022:

		Level 2		
	2023	2022		
Land	P31,553,055,293	P28,757,105,549		
Commercial	54,027,366,054	44,833,431,977		
Corporate/office	62,356,593,668	52,560,450,569		
	P147,937,015,015	P126,150,988,095		

The Group's investment property is stated at fair value, which has been determined based on valuations performed by an accredited independent appraiser, except for the fair value of right-of-use assets - land, which was determined based on discounted cash flows.

Valuation Techniques and Significant Unobservable Inputs

The fair values of the investment property were arrived at using the Market Data Approach for land and corporate office units, Cost Approach for commercial buildings, excluding office condominium units and Income Approach for right-of-use assets.

Market data approach is an approach that considers available market evidences. The aforesaid approach is based on sales and listings of comparable property registered within the vicinity. The technique of this approach requires the establishment of comparable property by reducing reasonable comparative sales and listings to a common denominator. This is done by adjusting the differences between the subject property and those actual sales and listings regarded as comparable. The properties used as basis of comparison are situated within the immediate vicinity of the subject property. The inputs to determine the market value of the property are the following: location characteristics, size and shape of the lot and time element.

Cost approach is a comparative approach to the value of the building and improvements or another asset that considers as a substitute for the purchase of a given property, the possibility of constructing another property that is a replica of, or equivalent to, the original or one that could furnish equal utility with no undue cost resulting from delay. It is based on the reproduction cost (new) of the subject property or asset, less total (accrued) depreciation based on the physical wear and tear, and obsolescence to which an estimate of entrepreneurial incentive or developer's profit/loss is commonly added.

Income approach is an approach that provides an indication of value by converting future cash flow to a single current value. Under the income approach, the value of the right-of-use assets is determined by reference to the market data for current rental rate expected to be paid for the use of the asset.

The carrying amount of the construction in-progress approximates its fair value as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. The Group expects the fair value of the construction in-progress to be reliably measurable upon completion of the construction.

The fair values of land and building that are measured using market data approach are sensitive to the changes in the sales price and listings of comparable property. A significant increase/decrease in the price per square meter of comparable land and buildings will result to a significant increase/decrease in profit or loss. A 10% increase/decrease in the sales price/listing price will result to increase/decrease in profit or loss amounting to P15,380.39 million, P7,088.28 million and P6,678.52 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Capitalized borrowing costs amounted to P2,158.56 million and P2,002.16 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, using 4.77% and 4.55% as capitalization rates, respectively (Note 17). The Group also capitalized interest and rent expenses which were incurred for the rental of land properties where ongoing construction of CityMall branches are situated (Note 24).

The Group recognized unrealized gains from changes in fair values of investment property amounting to P16,482.58 million, P7,484.83 million and P9,667.66 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Rent income in 2023, 2022 and 2021 and the operating lease commitments of the Group as a lessor are fully disclosed in Note 24.

Construction in progress pertain to the cost incurred in the construction of CityMalls, Meridian Tower, Ascott project and Centralhub warehouses. These are expected to be completed in the next 5 years.

The total direct operating expenses recognized in profit or loss arising from the Group's investment property that generated rental income amounted to P361.15 million, P330.72 million and P258.96 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. On the other hand, the Group recognized total direct operating expenses of P10.32 million, P6.89 million and P23.24 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, for investment property that are not yet leased out.

## Concentration Risk

In 2023, 2022 and 2021, rent income from Philippine Offshore Gaming Operator (POGO) and Philippine Amusement and Gaming Corp (PAGCOR)-accredited Business Process Outsourcing (BPO) businesses represents about 13%, 41%, and 31% of the total rent income, respectively. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, receivables from these businesses represent about 14% and 21% of the total rent receivables, respectively.

Recent strict imposition of tax rules on POGOs and PAGCOR-accredited BPOs resulted in some closure of their operations in the country. The reduction and continuous closure of these businesses may result to a significant decline in the Group's rent income. The Group has continuously reduced its exposure to POGOs and PAGCOR-accredited BPOs.

# 14. Right-of-Use Assets

The movements in right-of-use assets are as follows:

	Note	2023	2022
Cost			
Balance at beginning of year Additions		P1,406,763 19,804,641	P1,406,763
Balance at end of year		21,211,404	1,406,763
Accumulated Amortization Balance at beginning of year Amortization for the year	22	1,406,763 4,473,075	1,406,763 -
Balance at end of year		5,879,838	1,406,763
Carrying amount		P15,331,566	Р-

#### 15. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	Note	2023	2022
Investment in associates		P1,202,701,056	P1,178,115,810
Advances to contractors and suppliers		775,406,819	896,651,779
Refundable deposits - net of current			
portion	24, 29	186,073,782	191,988,653
Deposits for future land acquisition		164,718,885	164,718,885
Others	29	187,021,352	98,825,624
		P2,515,921,894	P2,530,300,751

#### **Investment in Associates**

In 2017, the Group acquired 40% equity ownership in Contemporain Development Corporation (CDC), a corporation incorporated and operating in the Philippines. The principal activity of CDC is real estate development.

Presented below is CDC's summary of financial information as at and for the year ended December 31:

#### Statements of Financial Position

	2023	2022
Percentage ownership interest	40%	40%
Current assets	P273,658,581	P279,194,236
Noncurrent assets	2,454,768,309	2,289,839,096
Current liabilities	(481,254,336)	(922,108,439)
Noncurrent liabilities	(1,364,836,851)	(826,052,306)
Net assets (100%)	882,335,703	820,872,587
Group's share of net assets	352,934,281	328,349,034
Notional goodwill	142,431,450	142,431,450
Carrying amount of interest in the associate	P495,365,731	P470,780,484

# Statements of Comprehensive Income

	2023	2022	2021
Revenue Income (loss) from continuing	P19,779,063	P15,110,848	P20,445,278
operations	61,463,115	(44,959,586)	113,046,508
Total comprehensive income (loss)	P61,463,115	(P44,959,586)	P113,046,508

The Group recognized share in net income (loss) of CDC amounting to P149.55 million, (P17.98 million), and P45.22 million, in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and is recorded under "Others - net" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

On December 26, 2019, the Group invested P335.14 million, equivalent to 34.28% ownership, in Robinsons DoubleDragon Corp. (RDC), a corporation incorporated and operating in the Philippines. The principal activity of RDC is real estate development.

Presented below is RDC's summary of financial information as at and for the year ended December 31:

#### Statement of Financial Position

	2023	2022
Percentage ownership interest	34.28%	34.28%
Current assets Noncurrent assets Current liabilities	P427,472,823 928,362,578 (6,741,906)	P446,697,250 904,608,388 (2,409,080)
Net assets (100%)	1,349,093,495	1,348,896,558
Carrying amount of interest in the associate	P707,335,325	P707,335,325

Carrying amount of interest in the associate includes nominal goodwill amounting to P17.23 million. The Group made additional investments amounting to P382.88 million in 2021. RDC has no revenue in 2023, 2022 and 2021. Net loss and total comprehensive loss in 2023, 2022 and 2021 amounted to P0.86 million, P0.87 million and P0.86 million, respectively. The Group did not recognize its share in the loss of RDC in 2023, 2022 and 2021 since the amount is not material.

Advances to contractors and suppliers represent amount paid as downpayments to contractors and suppliers for the construction of the Group's investment property. These advances are non-financial in nature and are expected to be fulfilled by delivery of goods and services.

Refundable deposits pertain to non-interest bearing deposits paid to and held by the Group's lessors which are refundable at the end of the lease term. The refundable deposits included as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" account in the consolidated statements of financial position pertain to deposits to lessors with terms of one year or less. Noncurrent refundable deposits included in "Other noncurrent assets" account are discounted using the effective annual interest rates ranging from 5.10% to 5.69% that are specific to the tenor of the refundable deposits. The difference between the discounted and face values of the refundable deposits was recognized as part of "Investment property - right-of-use assets" account as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. Interest is accreted on these refundable deposits using the effective interest rate method and is recognized as part of "Interest income" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

The details of refundable deposits follow:

	Note	2023	2022
Refundable deposits		P230,250,222	P234,157,799
Less: discount on refundable deposits		35,434,564	35,434,564
Net refundable deposits		194,815,658	198,723,235
Less: current portion	10	8,741,876	6,734,582
Noncurrent portion		P186,073,782	P191,988,653

Deposits for future land acquisition pertain to the series of payments made by HOA to acquire real estate properties located in the province of Aklan, Palawan and Cebu, Philippines. The Transfer Certificates of Title and Deeds of Sale will be conveyed to HOA upon full payment of the agreed price in the succeeding years.

# 16. Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities

This account consists of:

	Note	2023	2022
Trade payables	29	P2,443,613,989	P974,643,645
Accrued expenses:	29		
Project costs		2,371,664,226	1,959,927,903
Interest	17	1,000,284,238	1,308,199,242
Others		143,718,704	102,583,182
Withholding tax payable		731,235,454	776,651,343
Retention payable - current	19, 29	656,624,227	663,590,189
Security deposits	23, 24, 29	434,772,432	334,409,867
Unearned rent income	19, 24	308,393,426	223,953,501
Payable to a landowner	29	155,975,635	155,975,635
Lease liabilities - current portion	24, 29	90,749,446	68,864,753
Deposits from unit owners	29	1,215,772	1,215,772
Commission payable	29	226,906	7,699,822
Other payables	29	82,337,939	71,256,348
		P8,420,812,394	P6,648,971,202

Trade payables and accrued project costs are liabilities arising from services provided by the contractors and subcontractors. These are non-interest bearing and are normally settled within 30 days.

Retention payable pertains to the amount retained by the Group from its payment to contractors to cover cost of contractors' noncompliance with the construction of the Group's projects. Amounts retained by the Group vary from different contractors.

# 17. Short-term and Long-term Debts

# Notes Payable

Details of the account are as follows:

	Note	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of the year		P41,483,322,832	P36,376,024,790
Availments		7,597,200,000	14,813,351,495
Payments*		(4,002,749,880)	(9,706,053,453)
		45,077,772,952	41,483,322,832
Less: short-term notes and current portion of long-term notes	29	15,283,212,952	12,533,818,782
Noncurrent portion		29,794,560,000	28,949,504,050
Less: unamortized debt issue costs		369,302,332	361,110,872
		P29,425,257,668	P28,588,393,178

<sup>\*</sup> including foreign exchange impact

# Long-term Notes Payable Parent Company

a. On January 19, 2023, the Parent Company obtained a P5.00 billion unsecured, bilateral, long term loans from a financing institution. The loan bears fixed interest rate of 8.25% payable in 5 annual installments starting at the end of the 1<sup>st</sup> year from initial drawdown date. Related debt issue costs from this loan amounted to P87.57 million.

The proceeds from these borrowings were used for financing of general corporate requirements. The outstanding balance of this loan amounted to P5.00 billion as at December 31, 2023.

b. On September 29, 2022, the Parent Company obtained a P1.00 billion unsecured, bilateral, long-term loans from a financing institution. The loan payments of 1% of the principal are to be made in five consecutive annual installments to commence at the end of the 12th month after the initial borrowing date. The loan bears fixed interest rate of 8.05% per annum over the term of the loan. The fixed interest rates were determined when the drawdown were made and no repricing of interest rates over the duration of the loan term.

The proceeds from these borrowings were used for financing general corporate and capital expenditures. Payments made in 2023 amounted to P10.00 million. The outstanding balance of this loan amounted to P990.00 million and P1.00 billion as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

- c. On April 29, 2022, the Parent Company obtained a total of P3.50 billion unsecured, bilateral, long-term loans from a financing institution with scheduled drawdown dates. The loan bears fixed interest rate of 7.19% per annum payable every quarter over the term of the loan and is due on April 29, 2024. Payments made in 2023 and 2022 amounted to P100.00 million. Outstanding balance of this loan amounted to P3.05 billion and P3.15 billion as at December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively.
- d. On April 11, 2021, the Parent Company obtained a total of P1.41 billion, unsecured, long-term loan from a financing institution. The loan bears fixed interest rate of 6.26% per annum over the term of the loan and is due on April 11, 2026, with four annual amortizations equivalent to 1.00% of the total principal amount of the loan.

The proceed was used to refinance the existing loan due in 2021. Outstanding balance of this loan amounted to P1.38 billion and P1.40 billion as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Payments made amounted to P14.10 million in 2023 and 2022.

e. In May 2021, the Parent Company entered into a credit facility agreement with a financial institution for total credit limit of P2.00 billion. The loan bears variable interest rate based market interest rate, subject to quarterly repricing. The Company made drawdowns on May 28, 2021, with due date on November 30, 2023, amounting to P753.72 million, on September 1, 2021, with due date on August 31, 2023, amounting to P226.55 million, on March 25, 2022, with due date on May 28, 2024, amounting to P321.07 million, on June 29, 2022, with due date on May 28, 2024, amounting to P188.92 million and on September 2, 2022, with due date of March 6, 2025, amounting to P93.49 million.

The purpose of the proceed is partly finance its capital expenditures for the development Hotel of Asia projects. Payments made in 2023 and 2022 amounted to P485.57 million and P591.25 million, respectively. Outstanding balance of this loan amounted to P181.97 million and P667.54 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

f. On October 1, 2021, the Parent Company entered into a credit facility agreement with a financial institution for total credit of P750.00 million. The Company made drawdowns amounting to P280.00 million and P470.00 million on October 1, 2021 and November 4, 2021, respectively, which bears interest of 6.24% and 6.76%, respectively. These loans are due on October 1, 2026, with four annual amortizations equivalent to 1.00% of the total principal amount of the loan and remaining amount due on the 5th year.

The purpose of the proceed is partly finance the subsidiaries' capital expenditures. Payments made in 2023 and 2022 amounted to P7.50 million. Outstanding balance of this loan amounted to P735.00 million and P742.50 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

g. On October 1, 2021, the Parent Company obtained a P470.00 million, unsecured, long-term loan from a financing institution. The loan bears fixed interest rate of 6.48% per annum over the term of the loan, with four annual amortizations equivalent to 1.00% of the total principal amount of the loan and remaining amount due on the 5th year.

The proceed was used to refinance the existing loan due in 2021. Payments made in 2023 and 2022 amounted to P156.67 million. Outstanding balance of this loan amounted to P156.67 million and P313.33 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

h. On November 4, 2021, the Parent Company obtained a P500.00 million, unsecured, long-term loan from a financing institution. The loan bears fixed interest rate of 6.05% per annum over the term of the loan and is due on November 4, 2026, with four annual amortizations equivalent to 1.00% of the total principal amount of the loan and remaining amount due on the 5th year.

The proceed was used to refinance the existing loan due in 2021. Payments made in 2023 and 2022 amounted to P5.00 million. Outstanding balance of this loan amounted to P490.00 million and P495.00 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

i. On October 18, 2021, the Parent Company obtained a P5.00 billion, unsecured, long-term loan from a financing institution. The loan bears fixed interest rate of 5.80% per annum over the term of the loan and is due on October 21, 2026, with four annual amortizations equivalent to 1.00% of the total principal amount of the loan and remaining amount due on the 5th year.

The purpose of the proceed is partly finance the subsidiaries' capital expenditures. Payments made in 2023 and 2022 amounted to P500.00 million. Outstanding balance of this loan amounted to P3.50 billion and P4.00 billion as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

j. December 16, 2021, the Company obtained a P3.59 billion, unsecured, long-term loan from a financing institution. The loan bears fixed interest rate of 6.47% per annum over the term of the loan and is due on December 16, 2026, with four annual amortizations equivalent to 1.00% of the total principal amount of the loan and remaining amount due on the 5th year.

The purpose of the proceed is partly finance the subsidiaries' capital expenditures. Payments made in 2023 and 2022 amounted to P35.90 million. Outstanding balance of this loan amounted to P3.52 billion and P3.55 billion as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

- k. On November 7, 2019, the Parent Company obtained a total of P5.00 billion unsecured, bilateral, long-term loans from a financing institution. The loan bears fixed interest rate of 6.25% per annum over the term of the loan and is due on November 7, 2024, with annual amortizations equivalent to 10.0% of the total principal amount of the loan beginning on the 24th month from initial drawdown date. The fixed interest rates were determined when the drawdowns were made and no repricing of interest rates over the duration of the loan term. The proceeds from these borrowings were used by the Parent Company to partly finance its capital expenditures for the development of additional CityMall branches and the construction of DD Meridian Tower, DD Meridian Park, Hotel of Asia and CentralHub warehouses. Related debt issue costs from this loan amounted to P37.50 million. The outstanding balance of this loan amounting to P3.5 billion was paid on 2023.
- I. On March 23, 2016, the Parent Company obtained a total of P1.50 billion unsecured, bilateral, long-term loans from a financing institution with scheduled drawdown dates. The Parent Company has made drawdowns amounting to P1.50 billion. The loan bears fixed interest rates ranging from 6.1785% to 6.2289% per annum over the term of the loan. The fixed interest rates were determined when the drawdowns were made and no repricing of interest rates over the duration of the loan term. The principal repayments are to be made in five annual amortizations equivalent to 5.0% of the total principal amount of the loan amount drawn, beginning on the 36th month from initial drawdown date.

The proceeds from these borrowings were used by the Parent Company to partly finance the development of additional CityMall branches and construction of Jollibee Tower and Phase 1 of the DD Meridian Park. Related debt issue costs from this loan amounted to P15.25 million.

Outstanding balance of the loan amounting to P1.13 billion was paid in 2023.

m. On July 30, 2015, the Parent Company obtained a total of P1.50 billion unsecured, bilateral, long-term loans from a financing institution with scheduled drawdown dates. The Parent Company has made total drawdowns amounting to P1.50 billion. The loan bears fixed interest rates ranging from 5.7997% to 6.1810% per annum over the term of the loan. The fixed interest rates were determined when the drawdowns were made and no repricing of interest rates over the duration of the loan term. The principal repayments are to be made in five annual amortizations equivalent to 5.0% of the total principal amount of the loan amount drawn, beginning on the 36th month from initial drawdown date.

The proceeds from these borrowings were used by the Parent Company to partly finance the development of the DD Meridian Park, a 4.75 hectare mixed-use development real estate property situated in Pasay City. Related debt issue costs from this loan amounted to P17.41 million. Outstanding balance of this loan amounted to P1.13 billion and P1.20 billion as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Payments in 2023, and 2022 amounted to P75.00 million.

# **DWPL**

a. On March 31, 2023, DWPL obtained a total of USD20 million or P1.1 billion unsecured, bilateral, long-term loan from a financing institution. The loan bears fixed interest rate of 7.25% per annum over the term of the loan, payable semi-annually, commencing on July 27, 2023. The whole amount of the loan is payable on July 27, 2025.

The proceeds from this borrowing will be used for the development and construction of overseas projects of HGPL and general corporate purposes.

b. On November 25, 2022, DWPL obtained a total of USD30 million or P1.67 billion unsecured, bilateral, long-term loan from a financing institution. The loan bears fixed interest rate of 7.25% per annum over the term of the loan, payable semi-annually, every January 27 and July 27, commencing on January 27, 2022. The whole amount of the loan is payable on July 27, 2025.

The proceeds from this borrowing will be used to finance development and construction of Hotel 101-Niseko and general corporate purposes. Related debt issue costs from this loan amounted to P57.38 million.

c. On March 16, 2022, DWPL obtained a total of USD55 million or P3.10 billion unsecured, bilateral, long-term loan from a financing institution. The loan bears fixed interest rate of 7.25% per annum over the term of the loan, payable semi-annually, every January 27 and July 27, commencing on July 27, 2022. The whole amount of the loan is payable on July 27, 2025.

The proceeds from this borrowing will be used to for refinancing of the Group's corporate notes, paydown of short-term credit facilities, capital expenditures in investment properties, particularly for its Hotel 101 expansion, and general corporate purposes.

d. On July 27, 2020, DWPL obtained a total of USD75 million or P3.70 billion unsecured, bilateral, long-term loan from a financing institution. The loan bears fixed interest rate of 7.25% per annum over the term of the loan, payable semi-annually, every January 27 and July 27, commencing on January 27, 2021. The whole amount of the loan is payable on July 27, 2025.

The proceeds from this borrowing will be used to finance the Group's capital expenditure, primarily for the development of the Robinsons DoubleDragon Square, DD Meridian Tower and CentralHub Industrial Centers and also to refinance short-term debts of the Parent Company.

# **HOA**

a. On August 11, 2016, as a result of the acquisition of HOA, several long-term notes payable of HOA for a total amount of P100.30 million were assumed by the Group. The principal amounts and related interests are due monthly. Interest is based on negotiated rates or prevailing market rates. Principal payments made in 2023 and 2022 amounted to P2.39 million and P16.3 million.

Current portion of these loans amounted to P5.55 million and P7.96 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Outstanding long-term portion amounted to nil and P5.55 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

# Short-term Loans Payable

#### Parent Company

a. The Parent Company obtained short-term loans from various financial institutions which are payable within one year. The proceeds from these borrowings were used for working capital purposes more specifically in the development of the Group's on-going projects. The interest rates on these short-term borrowings are repriced monthly based on negotiated rates or prevailing market rates.

Total loan availments in 2023 and 2022 amounted to P2.60 billion and P4.91 billion respectively. Payments made in 2023 and 2022 amounted to P1.44 billion and P4.54 billion, respectively. Outstanding balance of the loans amounted to P9.98 billion and P9.88 billion as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

# **PCLI**

a. In 2017, PCLI obtained additional short-term loans from a local bank amounting to P37.00 million which is payable within one year and rolled its existing loan of P63.00 million for another year. In 2022, PCLI paid P6.50 million and rolled the remaining P76 million for another year. In 2021, PCLI paid P8.00 million and rolled the remaining P82.5 million for another year. In 2020, PCLI paid P1.00 million and rolled the remaining P90.50 million for another year. In 2019, PCLI paid P7.50 million and rolled the remaining P91.50 million for another year. In 2018, PCLI paid P1.00 million and rolled the remaining P99.00 million for another year. The proceeds from these borrowings were used for additional working capital requirements. The principal amounts are payable lump sum at maturity and related interests are due monthly. Interest rate ranges from 5.75% to 5.90% per annum.

The long-term debt agreements contain, among others, covenants relating to maintenance of certain financial ratios, working capital requirements, restrictions on loans and guarantees, disposal of a substantial portion of assets, capital expenditures, significant changes in the ownership, payments of dividends and redemption of capital stock.

The Group is in compliance with the covenants of the debt agreements as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

The movements in debt issue costs are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of year	P361,110,872	P231,254,316
Additions	87,569,493	187,522,142
Amortization	(79,378,033)	(57,665,586)
Balance at end of year	P369,302,332	P361,110,872

Amounts due beyond one year are shown under "Long-term notes payable - net of current maturities and debt issue costs" account in the consolidated statements of financial position.

# **Bonds Payable**

Details of the account are as follows:

	Note	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of the year		P15,000,000,000	P15,000,000,000
Availments		3,615,000,000	-
		18,615,000,000	15,000,000,000
Less: unamortized debt issue costs		61,648,082	74,615,533
	29	P18,553,351,918	P14,925,384,467

On November 28, 2016, the SEC approved the Parent Company's application for shelf registration of fixed rate bonds with an aggregate principal amount of P15.00 billion, to be offered in one or several tranches.

The first tranche, issued on December 15, 2016, carried a due date of December 15, 2026 with fixed interest rate of 5.9721% per annum. Interest is payable quarterly in arrears on March 15, June 15, September 15, and December 15 of each year. Related costs from the issuance amounted to P82.34 million.

The second tranche, issued on July 21, 2017, carried a due date of July 21, 2024 with fixed interest rate of 6.0952% per annum. Interest is payable quarterly in arrears on January 21, April 21, July 21 and October 21 of each year. Related costs from the issuance amounted to P133.19 million.

On September 8, 2023, the Parent Company enrolled Series 1A Notes Due 2025 and Series 1C Notes Due 2028 on the Philippine Dealing & Exchange Corp. (PDEx) with fixed interest rate of 9.5307% and 9.5354%, respectively. The purpose of issuance is to fund Hotel101's ongoing construction for their local and worldwide operations and for Group's centralized funding. Interest payment on the Fixed Rate Notes shall be paid quarterly every March 8, June 8, September 8 and December 8. Related costs from issuance of the bonds is P20.38 million.

The movements in bond issue costs are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of year	P74,615,533	P102,380,863
Additions	20,376,316	-
Amortization	(33,343,767)	(27,765,330)
Balance at end of year	P61,648,082	P74,615,533

Due dates of the bonds are as follows:

	2023	2022
Parent Company bonds - due 2028	P1,080,000,000	Р-
Less: unamortized bond issue costs	19,379,265	-
Parent Company bonds - due 2025	2,535,000,000	-
Parent Company bonds - due 2026	5,300,000,000	P5,300,000,000
Less: unamortized bond issue costs	29,756,375	38,670,933
Parent Company bonds - due 2024	9,700,000,000	9,700,000,000
Less: unamortized bond issue costs	12,512,442	35,944,600
	P18,553,351,918	P14,925,384,467

Total interest expense, exclusive of the capitalized borrowing costs, recognized in profit or loss amounted to P2.10 billion, P1.76 billion and P1.23 billion in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. Total capitalized borrowing costs charged under "Real estate inventories" and "Investment property" accounts amounted to P2.19 billion and P2.17 billion as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (Notes 9 and 13).

#### 18. Customers' Deposits

Customers' deposits represent nonrefundable reservation fees paid to the Group by prospective buyers which are to be applied against the installment contracts receivable upon recognition of revenue. This account also includes excess collections from buyers over the related revenue recognized based on the percentage of completion method.

The breakdown of customers' deposits as at December 31 is as follows:

	2023	2022
Current	P685,020,347	P153,723,291
Noncurrent	-	104,403,289
	P685,020,347	P258,126,580

# 19. Other Noncurrent Liabilities

This account consists of:

	Note	2023	2022
Deferred output VAT - net		P779,608,627	P1,075,214,691
Security deposits - net of current	23, 24, 29	273,196,848	297,839,979
Unearned rent income		124,276,990	109,715,131
Retention payable - net of current	16, 29	101,162,527	67,807,051
		P1,278,244,992	P1,550,576,852

Security deposits account pertains to deposits collected from tenants for the lease of the Group's investment property. These deposits are non-interest bearing and refundable at the end of the lease term. Security deposits are discounted using the effective interest rates ranging from 4.99% to 7.48% that are specific to the tenor of the deposits. The difference between the discounted value and face values of security deposits is recognized as part of "Unearned rent income" account which is amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term and is recognized in profit or loss as additional rent income in the "Rent income" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Interest is accreted on these security deposits using the effective interest rate method and is recognized as part of "Interest expense" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

The details of security deposits follow:

	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of year	P709,981,179	P653,635,147
Additions - net	89,395,859	56,346,032
	799,377,038	709,981,179
Discount	(91,407,758)	(77,731,332)
Balance at end of year	P707,969,280	P632,249,847

The movement in the unamortized discount on security deposits follows:

	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of year	P77,731,332	P173,233,485
Additions (reductions) - net	32,720,580	(42,766,762)
Accretion	(19,044,154)	(52,735,391)
Balance at end of year	P91,407,758	P77,731,332

Accretion is recorded under "Interest expense" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

# 20. Cost of Real Estate Sales and Hotel Operations

This account consists of:

Cost of Real Estate Sales

	Note	2023	2022	2021
Construction costs Land and land		P518,744,654	P729,844,955	P372,253,703
development costs		63,433,921	43,468,933	4,573,412
Other project costs		62,592,707	87,286,155	57,197,255
	9	P644,771,282	P860,600,043	P434,024,370

Other project costs include cost of construction project management services of Hotel101 Fort, Hotel101 Davao, Hotel101 Cebu, Hotel101 Libis and Hotel101 Baguio.

# Cost of Hotel Operations

	Note	2023	2022	2021
Rent	24	P144,796,835	P97,981,163	P123,353,369
Outside services		68,154,135	41,474,600	33,758,099
Utilities		62,453,183	45,059,312	36,762,903
Booking fee		57,368,505	25,364,920	2,702,562
Room meals		52,976,718	49,800,425	70,424,644
Salaries and wages		33,058,122	26,453,497	20,967,706
Laundry and pressing		31,586,605	18,422,740	8,468,643
Room supplies	9	24,639,883	15,355,047	12,143,304
Subscription		8,429,487	7,513,195	7,157,742
Restaurant meals		3,879,610	3,750,682	5,361,270
Transport		2,778,797	1,164,411	1,225,492
Communication		2,047,555	2,002,792	2,045,108
Depreciation expense	11	1,340,343	996,307	1,918,508
Massage		419,437	-	<u>-</u>
		P493,929,215	P335,339,091	P326,289,350

# 21. Selling Expenses

This account consists of:

	Note	2023	2022	2021
Commission		P49,822,464	P47,273,828	P35,533,169
Marketing		47,900,898	96,293,109	70,795,765
Salaries, wages and				
other benefits	23	11,551,775	12,193,135	13,201,405
Rent	24	2,018,650	1,868,786	2,259,569
Representation		1,876,180	3,822,914	1,882,283
Transportation and travel		1,200,537	1,278,644	467,880
Miscellaneous	25	1,969,059	1,798,731	3,260,940
		P116,339,563	P164,529,147	P127,401,011

# 22. General and Administrative Expenses

This account consists of:

	Note	2023	2022	2021
Impairment loss on				
receivables	8	P796,078,002	P373,719,876	P387,344,960
Taxes and licenses		596,652,496	494,746,838	494,053,106
Outsourced services		438,119,654	345,073,447	299,937,937
Salaries, wages, and				
other benefits	23	318,850,157	258,472,609	249,718,826
Electricity and water		286,192,351	394,064,474	288,391,185
Depreciation and				
amortization	11, 12, 14	171,682,953	234,349,154	160,639,353
Professional fees		67,304,883	32,797,685	26,932,702
Rent	24	60,215,717	16,220,634	9,095,767
Insurance		42,315,004	35,984,789	35,455,436
Repairs and				
maintenance		38,535,545	34,676,364	30,030,437
Processing expenses		38,170,342	54,491,809	21,383,829
Transportation and				
travel		30,759,992	6,872,007	6,451,324
Property				
management				
supplies		26,417,367	34,657,508	31,227,343
Penalties		24,687,270	219,750,657	17,458,113
Cinema cost		20,289,758	16,457,228	17,318,991
Communications		19,293,384	14,536,897	18,832,145
Bank charges		13,746,288	7,359,290	2,298,644
Printing and office				
supplies		8,511,810	7,294,264	5,425,522
Retirement costs	25	5,795,112	6,785,561	7,896,811
Subscription		5,947,947	10,630,119	5,857,315
Representation		5,836,070	4,097,850	26,294,408
Management fees	23a	3,982,038	2,678,671	2,678,671
Write-off of creditable	4.0	00.450	70 700	440.000
withholding taxes	10	86,172	70,723	113,232
Listing fees		-	-	87,572,492
Donations		47.005.505	-	6,970,000
Miscellaneous		47,285,527	8,067,383	42,606,312
		P3,066,755,839	P2,613,855,837	P2,281,984,861

Impairment loss on receivables pertains to concessions, discounts and additional allowance for impairment losses.

Penalties pertain to tax deficiencies and related interest paid by the Group during the year from its prior period tax assessments.

# 23. Related Party Transactions

The Group, in the normal course of business, has transactions with its related parties as follows:

			_	Outstanding Balances		
Category	Year <i>R</i>	Ref/Note	Amount of Transaction	Due from Related Parties	Due to Related Parties	Terms and Conditions
Parent Company's Key Management - Personnel						
Management fees	2023	а	P2,678,571	Р-	Р-	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; payable in cash
	2022	а	2,678,571	-	-	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; payable in cash
	2021	а	2,678,571	-	-	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; payable in cash
Other Related Parties						
Land acquired	2023	С	-	-	383,281,305	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; payable in cash
	2022	С	-	-	383,281,305	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; payable in cash
	2021	С	-	-	383,281,305	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; payable in cash
	2023	С	-	-	167,858,000	Payable by way of condo units
	2022	c	_	_	167,858,000	Payable by way of condo units
	2021	c	155,975,635	-	323,833,635	Payable by way of condo units unsecured; payable in cash
Cash advances received	2023	d	7,066,077	49,356,220	9,673,078	Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; collectible in cash;
	2022	d	6,762,319	52,146,970	16,739,155	no impairment Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; collectible in cash;
	2021	d	12,069,998	55,150,000	20,498,443	no impairment Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; collectible in cash;
Rent income	2023	е	672,676,913	-	-	no impairment  Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; collectible in cash;
	2022	е	476,898,762	-	-	no impairment Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; collectible in cash;
	2021	e	373,070,646	841,721,497	-	no impairment  Demandable; non-interest bearing; unsecured; collectible in cash; no impairment
	2023			P49,356,220	P560,812,383	
	2022			P52,146,970	P567,878,460	

# a. Executive Management Services Agreement

The Group entered into an agreement with a shareholder for executive corporate, strategic, administrative and financial oversight services relative to the real estate business of the Group. The term of this agreement is one-year effective January 1, 2012. This is renewable under the same terms and conditions upon mutual agreement of the parties. On December 6, 2017, the Group's BOD authorized the extension of the aforesaid agreement from January 1 to December 31, 2018 under the same terms and conditions set out in 2017, payable on a quarterly basis. This was renewed in 2023, 2022 and 2021 with the same terms and conditions. The fee, which includes staffing costs for services rendered by the shareholders, amounted to P3.98 million, P2.68 million, and P2.68 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

# b. Acquisition of HOA

The Parent Company entered into a Share Purchase Agreement (SPA) with III with the consideration amounting to the fair value of DD shares to be issued to III, as a consideration transferred in exchange for the latter's 40% share in HOA amounting to P429.94 million. This was paid in 2021.

#### c. Land Acquisitions

The Group has outstanding liabilities to minority shareholders of PDDG amounting to P383.28 million for the acquisition of certain parcels of land which will be used in the on-going construction of CityMall. These are unsecured, non-interest-bearing liabilities and will be settled by the Group in 2024.

In 2016, HOA entered into a Memorandum of Agreement and Deed of Absolute Conveyance with a minority shareholder wherein HOA, in consideration of the land owned by the minority shareholder, settled to pay the latter in kind by way of condominium hotel (condotel) units in the Hotel101-Fort project totaling 60 condotel units plus a portion of the deck referred to as the "Deck Unit" (Note 9).

In 2018, HOA entered into a Memorandum of Agreement with a minority shareholder wherein HOA, in consideration of the land owned by the minority shareholder, settled to pay the latter in kind by way of eight (80) condominium hotel (condotel) units and fifty percent (50%) of the ground floor commercial units in the Hotel101-Davao project (Note 9).

In 2019, the Company entered into a Memorandum of Agreement and Deed of Absolute Conveyance for "Hotel 101-Cebu Mactan Airport" project with a minority shareholder in relation to the transfer of land owned by the minority shareholder in exchange of a certain number of condotel units and commercial units.

#### d. Cash Advances

The amount pertains to unsecured, non-interest-bearing advances granted to and received from related parties for working capital requirements. These advances are generally settled within one year from the date of grant.

#### e. Lease of Land, Office, and Mall Spaces

The Group entered into various lease agreements with related parties covering its investment property portfolio. The amount pertains to the rent income earned by the Group from leasing out some of its commercial spaces in Dragon8, Jollibee Tower, DoubleDragon Plaza and CityMalls to MerryMart Group, JFC and the SM Group. These leases generally provide for either fixed monthly rent subject to escalation rates or a certain percentage of gross sales or a combination of fixed monthly rent and percentage of gross sales with a minimum guaranteed rent. The terms of the leases are for periods ranging from 5 to 15 years. The fixed monthly rent shall escalate by an average of 5% to 10% each year. The corresponding receivables from related party tenants are recorded in the "Rent receivables" account (Note 8).

#### f. Security Deposits

On October 16, 2019, the Group received a Letter of Intent from ITM Investment Corp., other related party, for the lease of certain units in the Skysuites Tower. Advance deposit received from the intent to lease amounted P713.77 million and was recorded as "Security deposits" under "Accounts payable and other current liabilities" account in the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2021 and 2020. The advance deposit is to be applied to the future rent payment. This was refunded in 2021.

#### g. Key Management Personnel Compensation

Short-term benefits of key management personnel amounted to P43.66 million, P39.91 million and P35.40 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Long-term benefits of key management personnel amounted to P0.96 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021. Directors' fee paid amounted to P2.58 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Except when indicated above, all outstanding due to/from related parties are to be settled in cash.

All material related party transactions are subject to approval by the BOD. Material related party transactions pertain to those transactions, either individually, or in aggregate over a 12-month period, that exceed 10% of the Group's total assets, based on the latest audited financial statements. All other related party transactions that are considered not material are approved by management.

#### Related Party Transactions and Balances Eliminated During Consolidation

The terms, conditions, balances and the volume of related party transactions which were eliminated during consolidation are as follows:

#### Intercompany Advances

a. Outstanding intercompany advances amounted to:

	2023	2022
Advances	P25,674,325,901	P30,140,694,383

These advances pertain to unsecured, interest and non-interest bearing advances granted to related parties for working capital requirements. Interest income from these advances amounted to P2,366.55 million, P1,979.54 million, and P1,448.63 million, in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively.

#### Intercompany Loan

b. Outstanding intercompany loan amounted to:

	2023	2022
Loan	P7,260,425,506	P6,228,058,452

This pertains to the unsecured and interest-bearing loan granted by DWPL. Interest income from this loan amounted to P196.62 million, P124.85 million, and P69.23 million in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively.

#### Intercompany Revenue and Charges

c. Sales of condominium units of the Parent Company to DDSC:

The Parent Company has sales of condominium units to DDSC in 2017. Outstanding receivables from the sale of condominium units eliminated during consolidation amounted to P1,649.08 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021. The balance of receivables from DDSC includes output VAT.

d. Cost allocation charges by the Parent Company to the subsidiaries:

Cost allocation charges <b>P564,613,891</b> P513,891,097		2023	2022
	Cost allocation charges	P564,613,891	P513,891,097

e. Utility charges by the DDPMC to the entities within the Group:

	2023	2022
Utility charges	P691,368,319	P546,042,815

Outstanding receivables from these utility charges eliminated during consolidation amounted to P2,796.42 million and P2,211.48 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

f. Other intercompany charges within the Group amounted to P281.10 million, P495.16 million and P120.48 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### 24. Leases

#### Group as Lessee

The Group has the following lease agreements as at December 31, 2023 and 2022:

- The Group entered into various noncancellable lease agreements covering certain parcels of land wherein some of the CityMalls are situated or are being constructed. The terms of the leases are for periods ranging from 24 to 40 years. The rent shall escalate by an average of 5% to 10% each year.
- The Group leases office and parking spaces and showrooms. The terms of the leases are for periods ranging from 1 to 5 years, renewable for the same period under the same terms and conditions. The rent shall escalate by an average of 5% to 10% each year.

The Group's lease commitments with respect to its lease of land and office space agreements qualify under PFRS 16 for the recognition of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. Lease for several sales offices and parking spaces with lease term of less than one year were expensed during the year. Lease for show rooms with annual lease payments considered as low-value or lease term of less than one year were expensed during the year. Related right-of-use assets were disclosed in Notes 13 and 14.

The Group is required to pay advance rental payments and refundable deposits on its leases. Upon adoption of PFRS 16, *Leases*, advance rental payments related to lease agreements that qualify for PFRS 16 are recognized under right-of-use assets.

Maturity analysis of lease payments under PFRS 16 are disclosed in Note 29.

The amounts recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income are as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Interest on lease liabilities Expenses relating to short-term	P127,621,807	P106,654,199	P73,290,712
leases	46,422,963	7,855,075	7,133,300
Expenses relating to leases with variable consideration	14,911,937	7,849,797	4,099,968
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets, excluding short-term leases of low-			
value assets	899,467	515,763	122,068
Amortization of right-of-use			
assets	4,473,075	-	317,655
	P194,329,249	P122,874,834	P84,963,703

Total expenses relating to short-term leases and low value assets and rent expense before transition to PFRS 16 are charged as follows:

	Note	2023	2022	2021
Selling expenses General and administrative	21	P2,018,650	Р-	P2,259,569
expenses	22	64,688,792	16,220,634	9,095,767
		P66,707,442	P16,220,634	P11,355,336

Total lease payments in 2023, 2022 and 2021 amounted to P227.89 million, P276.53 million and P230.41 million, respectively.

The Group also has an arrangement with each of the hotel unit owners to whom hotel units were sold, where the Group operates the hotel and obtains an agreed share in the revenues, resulting to a sale and operating leaseback. The sales reflect fair values and are included in "Real estate sales" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Total rent expense, which is based on variable consideration, amounted to P144.80 million, P97.98 million and P123.35 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and is recorded under "Cost of hotel operations" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

#### Group as Lessor

The Group entered into various lease agreements with third parties and related parties covering its investment property portfolio. These leases generally provide for fixed monthly rent subject to escalation rates except for a few tenants, which pay either a fixed monthly rent or a percentage of gross revenues, or a combination of fixed monthly rent and percentage of gross sales with a minimum guaranteed rent. The terms of the leases are for periods ranging from two (2) to fifteen (15) years. The fixed monthly rent shall escalate by an average of 5% to 10%.

Upon inception of the lease agreements, tenants are required to pay advance rentals and security deposits shown under "Accounts payable and other current liabilities" and "Other noncurrent liabilities" accounts in the consolidated statements of financial position (Notes 16 and 19).

Rent income amounted to P3,069.90 million, P3,237.81 million and P3,420.41 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Total contingent rent income amounted to P569.42 million, P31.58 million and P22.31 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The scheduled maturities of noncancellable minimum future rental collections are as follows:

	2023	2022
Less than one year	P2,152,786,503	P2,464,406,124
Between one and five years	5,476,770,902	6,383,694,450
More than five years	1,323,967,499	1,931,373,636
	P8,953,524,904	P10,779,474,210

Details of minimum future rental collections for between one and five years are as follows:

	2023	2022
Between one to two years	P2,310,437,267	P2,753,026,972
Between two to three years	1,320,918,061	1,558,308,128
Between three to four years	1,182,646,999	1,234,776,552
Between four to five years	662,768,575	837,582,798
	P5,476,770,902	P6,383,694,450

#### 25. Retirement Benefits

The Group does not have an established retirement plan and only conforms to the minimum regulatory benefit under Republic Act. No. 7641, *The Retirement Pay Law,* which is of the defined benefit type and provides a retirement benefit equal to 22.5 days' pay for every year of credited service for employees who attain the normal retirement age of sixty (60) with at least five (5) years of service.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation (DBO) is shown below:

	2023	2022
Beginning of year	P30,036,574	P30,547,752
Current service cost	3,309,537	5,529,619
Interest cost	2,668,573	1,588,484
Actuarial loss (gain) from:		
Changes in financial assumptions	7,200,758	(10,259,115)
Experience adjustments	2,580,216	2,629,833
End of year	P45,795,658	P30,036,573

Retirement costs recognized in profit or loss amounted to P5.98 million, P7.12 million and P8.15 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, which were charged as follows:

	Note	2023	2022	2021
Selling expenses General and administrative	21	P182,998	P162,504	P257,155
expenses	22	5,795,112	6,955,599	7,896,811
		P5,978,110	P7,118,103	P8,153,966

Defined benefit income, net of tax, recognized under "Other comprehensive income" amounted to P7.34 million, P5.72 million, and P5.07 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The following were the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date:

	2023	2022
Discount rate	6.13%	7.40%
Future salary increases	5.00%	5.00%

Assumptions regarding future mortality are based on the 2001 CSO Table - Generational. The average expected remaining working life of employees retiring at the age of 60 is 13 years for both males and females in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The weighted-average duration of DBO is 5.2 year and 5.4 year in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The DBO is exposed to actuarial, longevity and interest rate risks.

The Group has no plans to make contributions in 2024.

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The calculation of the DBO is sensitive to the assumptions set out above. The following table summarizes how the impact on the DBO at the end of the reporting period would have increased (decreased) as a result of a change in the respective assumptions by 1%:

#### 2023

	DBO		
	Increase	Decrease	
Discount rate (1% movement)  Future salary growth (1% movement)	(P40,387,006) 52,052,717	P52,326,613 (40,510,302)	
2022	Г	)BO	
	Increase	Decrease	
Discount rate (1% movement) Future salary growth (1% movement)	(P26,467,393) 34,219,725	P34,344,230 (26,509,946)	

While the Group believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences between actual experience and assumptions may materially affect the recognized income and expenses and related assets or obligations.

#### Maturity Profile of the DBO

	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash Flows	2023 Within 1 Year	Within 1 - 5 Years	More than 5 Years
DBO	P45,795,658	P469,801,127	Р-	P17,009,870	P452,791,257
			2022		
	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash Flows	Within 1 Year	Within 1 - 5 Years	More than 5 Years
DBO	P30,036,573	P447,405,502	Р-	P14,566,288	P432,839,214

#### Asset-liability Matching Strategies to Manage Risks

The Group does not have a formal retirement plan and therefore has no plan assets to match against the liabilities under the retirement obligation.

#### Funding Arrangements

The Group does not have a formal retirement plan. Benefit claims under the retirement obligations are paid directly by the Group when they become due.

#### 26. Income Taxes

Income tax expense consists of:

	Note	2023	2022	2021
Current		P74,442,187	P205,502,967	P66,172,843
Deferred		2,152,973,094	(4,916,386,677)	2,390,697,852
Adjustments due to				
Corporate				
Recoverability				
and Tax				
Incentives for				
Enterprises	0.4			(0.704.500.554)
(CREATE) Act	31	-	-	(2,701,509,554)
		P2,227,415,281	(P4,710,883,710)	(P244,638,859)

The deferred taxes, after set-offs, are reported in the consolidated statements of financial position as follows:

	2023	2022
Deferred tax assets	P145,948,729	P161,343,987
Deferred tax liabilities	(10,695,557,305)	(8,560,424,714)
	(P10,549,608,576)	(P8,399,080,727)

The components and movements of the Group's deferred tax assets and liabilities, relating to temporary differences are shown below.

	January 1,	Charged to	Charged to Other Comprehensive	December 31,
	2023	Profit or Loss	Income	2023
NOLCO	P1,991,531,581	P8,533,184	P -	P2,000,064,765
Accrued expenses	35,081,482	(22,375,709)	-	12,705,773
MCIT	202,317,906	44,217,696	-	246,535,602
Unearned rent income	24,970,833	79,129,352	-	104,100,185
Unearned interest income on	00 007 044	(50.007.700)		40 440 404
installment contracts receivable	66,627,211	(50,207,780)	0.445.045	16,419,431
Retirement benefits liability	7,466,634	1,537,035	2,445,245	11,448,914
Impairment loss on creditable	147.660	20.222		186.883
withholding taxes Unearned hotel revenues	1,699,961	39,223 2,367,458	•	4,067,419
Impairment loss receivables	108,990,247	89,031,879	-	198,022,126
		, ,	-	, ,
DTA	2,438,833,515	152,272,338	2,445,245	2,593,551,098
Unrealized gains on fair value				
measurements	6,590,256,876	1,200,739,013	-	7,790,995,889
Excess of financial realized gross	-,,,	-,,,		.,,,
profit over taxable realized gross				
profit	621,613,495	22,103,348	-	643,716,843
Borrowing costs	1,943,629,262	539,639,108	-	2,483,268,370
Hotel101 brand	166,075,000	, , , , <u>.</u>	-	166,075,000
Depreciation expense on				
depreciable investment property	1,110,936,213	298,782,159	-	1,409,718,372
Accrued rent income	228,408,781	(9,411,797)	-	218,996,984
Unamortized debt issue costs	90,277,717	2,047,866	-	92,325,583
Unamortized bond issue costs	18,316,383	(2,904,363)	-	15,412,020
Franchise rights	13,699,913	(97,210)	-	13,602,703
Lease arrangement	53,250,090	254,639,694	-	307,889,784
Property and equipment	1,450,512	(292,386)	-	1,158,126
DTL	10,837,914,242	2,305,245,432	-	13,143,159,674
Net DTL	P8,399,080,727	P2,152,973,094	(P2,445,245)	P10,549,608,576

	January 1, 2022	Charged to Profit or Loss	Charged to Other Comprehensive Income	December 31, 2022
NOLCO	P1,993,732,064	(P2,200,483)	P -	P1,991,531,581
Accrued expenses	98,411,792	(63,330,310)	-	35,081,482
MCIT .	159,351,472	42,966,434	-	202,317,906
Unearned rent income	134,925,495	(109,954,662)	-	24,970,833
Unearned interest income on				
installment contracts receivable	4,021,961	62,605,250	=	66,627,211
Retirement benefits liability	7,636,938	1,737,017	(1,907,321)	7,466,634
Impairment loss on creditable				
withholding taxes	147,660	-	-	147,660
Unearned hotel revenues	283,484	1,416,477	-	1,699,961
Impairment loss receivables	15,560,478	93,429,769	-	108,990,247
DTA	2,414,071,344	26,669,492	(1,907,321)	2,438,833,515
Unrealized gains on fair value				
measurements	12.014.958.832	(5,424,701,956)	_	6,590,256,876
Excess of financial realized gross	12,011,000,002	(0,121,701,000)		0,000,200,070
profit over taxable realized gross				
profit	541,023,058	80,590,437	-	621,613,495
Borrowing costs	1,656,216,376	287,412,886	-	1,943,629,262
Hotel101 brand	166,075,000	, , , <u>-</u>	_	166,075,000
Depreciation expense on	, ,			, ,
depreciable investment property	954,683,200	156,253,013	-	1,110,936,213
Accrued rent income	269,632,604	(41,223,823)	-	228,408,781
Unamortized debt issue costs	57,813,579	32,464,139	-	90,277,718
Unamortized bond issue costs	25,595,215	(7,278,832)	-	18,316,383
Franchise rights	20,673,284	(6,973,371)	-	13,699,913
Lease arrangement	19,879,871	33,370,219	=	53,250,090
Property and equipment	1,080,408	370,103	-	1,450,511
DTL	15,727,631,427	(4,889,717,185)	-	10,837,914,242
Net DTL	P13,313,560,083	(P4,916,386,677)	P1,907,321	P8,399,080,727

The reconciliation of the income tax expense computed at the statutory income tax rate to the actual income tax expense as shown in profit or loss is as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Income before income tax	P18,154,774,784	P8,211,841,563	P11,035,834,770
Income tax at the statutory income tax rate Income tax effects of: Expired NOLCO and	P4,538,693,696	P2,052,960,391	P2,754,989,422
MCIT	-	463,208,380	613,268,913
Nondeductible expenses	55,102,235	363,761,231	477,580,014
Effect of change in tax rate Nontaxable income Dividends Difference between optional standard deduction and itemized	- (57,603,108) (327,692,881)	(7,470,218,511) (22,649,542) (369,835,227)	(983,979,784) (338,338,552)
deduction	(50,242,214)	197,024,133	(144,390,989)
Interest income subjected to final tax Others	(10,154,554) (1,920,687,893)	(3,257,664) 78,123,099	80,703,949
	P2,227,415,281	(P4,710,883,710)	(P244,638,859)

The details of the Group's NOLCO which are available for offsetting against future taxable income are as follows:

Year Incurred	Amount Incurred	Applied	Expired	Remaining Balance	Year of Expiration
2023	P1,179,386,397	(P1,145,253,664)	P -	P34,132,733	2026
2022	1,844,031,582	-	-	1,844,031,582	2025
2021	3,476,400,925	=	_	3,476,400,925	2026
2020	2,645,693,818	=	-	2,645,693,818	2025
	P9,145,512,722	(P1,145,253,664)	P -	P8,000,259,058	

The details of MCIT, which can be claimed as tax credits against future regular corporate income tax liabilities, are as follow:

Year Incurred	Amount Incurred	Applied	Expired	Remaining Balance	Year of Expiration
2023	P55,241,727	(P11,024,031)	P -	P44,217,696	2026
2022	108,046,120	-	-	108,046,120	2025
2021	25,606,597	-	-	25,606,597	2024
2020	68,665,189	-	-	68,665,189	2023
	P257,559,633	(P11,024,031)	P -	P246,535,602	

In 2022, deferred tax assets and liabilities of DDMP were recognized based on the effective income tax rate of 0% under REIT law (Note 4). This resulted to the reversal of net deferred tax liabilities amounting to P7,470.22 million.

#### 27. Earnings Per Share

EPS is computed as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company Dividends on preferred shares	P9,251,261,972 (888,320,000)	P5,551,522,068 (647,780,000)	P7,404,361,935 (647,780,000)
Net income attributable to common shareholders of the Parent Company	8,362,941,972	4,903,742,068	6,756,581,935
Weighted average number of common shares for basic and diluted EPS	2,345,028,600	2,367,528,600	2,367,528,600
Basic/Diluted EPS	P3.57	P2.07	P2.85

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to common equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year adjusted for any subsequent preferred stock dividends declared.

Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to common equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of common shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential common shares into common shares. The calculation of diluted earnings per share does not assume conversion, exercise, or other issue of potential common shares that would have an antidilutive effect on earnings per share.

In 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Parent Company has no potential dilutive debt or equity instruments.

In 2023, 2022 and 2021, the convertible preferred shares has no impact in the calculation of diluted EPS since it would have an antidilutive effect on earnings per share. The EPS conversion of preferred shares will start on the second anniversary from the issuance.

#### 28. Equity

The authorized capital stock of the Parent Company consists of:

	2023	2022
Authorized Capital Stock		
Common - P0.10 par value	P500,000,000	P500,000,000
Preferred - P100 par value	20,000,000,000	P20,000,000,000
Number of Shares Authorized for Issue		
Common	5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000
Preferred	200,000,000	200,000,000

Details of the number of subscribed and outstanding shares are as follows:

	2023	2022
Common		
Subscribed shares at beginning and end of		
the year	2,373,100,600	2,373,100,600
Treasury shares	(28,072,000)	(28,072,000)
Outstanding shares at the end of the year	2,345,028,600	2,345,028,600
Preferred		
Balance at beginning and end of the year	100,000,000	100,000,000

#### **Common Shares**

On January 30, 2014, the Parent Company filed with the SEC a Notice of Filing of Registration Statement for the registration of up to 579,730,000 common shares with par value of P0.10, to be offered by way of a primary offer.

On March 24, 2014, in accordance with the certificate of permit to offer securities for sale issued by the SEC, 579,730,000 common shares of the Parent Company with par value of P0.10 were registered and offered for sale at an offer price of P2.00 per share.

On November 11, 2015, the Parent Company's BOD approved the creation of 45,504,693 options underlying the Parent Company's common shares to be issued pursuant to the Parent Company's Plan. The aforesaid corporate act was ratified by the Parent Company's stockholders on January 5, 2016.

The Plan covers the senior management of the Parent Company as identified by the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. The Plan allows all covered senior management to acquire at market price at grant date such number of shares of stock not exceeding 2% of the issued and outstanding capital stock of the Parent Company or 45,504,693 shares, after a vesting period of three (3) years. The share options will be exercisable starting from their respective vesting dates up to seven (7) years from grant date.

The approval of the Stock Option Plan was ratified by the Shareholders on January 5, 2016. The SEC approved the exemption from registration requirements for the issuance of 9,850,000 common shares on September 25, 2017. The Plan was submitted to PSE for approval. On January 9, 2019, the PSE approved the Parent Company's application to list additional 9,850,000 common shares to cover the Parent Company's Stock Option Plan at an option price based on the closing price of the Parent Company's shares on the strike date.

On December 8, 2016, the Parent Company's BOD resolved to expand the coverage of the Plan to include rank and file regular employees of the Parent Company. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, no stock options were exercised.

On August 7, 2017, the Parent Company's BOD approved plans for a Follow-On offering of 150,000,000 common shares. The additional listing was approved by SEC on April 19, 2018.

On June 29, 2018, in accordance with the certificate of permit to offer securities for sale issued by the SEC, 135,000,000 common shares with an over-allotment option of 15,000,000 common shares of the Parent Company with par value of P0.10 were registered.

On July 13, 2018, the Parent Company issued an additional 143,370,600 common shares at P30.00 per share.

The Parent Company's public ownership percentage and total number of shareholders are 28.73% and 135 as at December 31, 2023 and 28.73% and 138, respectively as at December 31, 2022.

#### **Treasury Shares**

In 2022, the Parent Company repurchased 22,500,000 common shares in relation to its share buyback program for total repurchased price of P224.51 million. These repurchased shares were treated as treasury shares.

On August 23, 2018, the Parent Company redeemed 5,572,000 outstanding common stocks at P30.00 per share. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the redeemed common shares were treated as treasury shares.

#### **Preferred Shares**

On November 11, 2015, the Parent Company's BOD approved the increase in the authorized capital stock from P500.00 million to P20.50 billion with P100 par value. The aforesaid corporate act was ratified by the Parent Company's stockholders on January 5, 2016. On the same date, the Parent Company's BOD and stockholders approved the creation and issuance of 200,000,000 non-voting Preferred Shares with P100 par value.

On March 28, 2016, the SEC rendered effective the Registration Statement and other papers and documents attached thereto filed by the Parent Company, and issued the Order of Registration of Subscriptions to Preferred Shares amounting to P10 billion cumulative, non-voting, non-participating, redeemable at the option of the Parent Company, convertible at the ratio of 1 preferred share to 1 common share, perpetual Preferred Shares at an offer price of P100 per share. The Certificate of Permit to Offer Securities for Sale was issued by the SEC on the same date.

On April 14, 2016, the Parent Company has secured approval from the SEC to issue Preferred Shares following the successful offer and distribution of subscriptions to 100,000,000 preferred shares amounting to P10,000,000,000.

The total number of preferred shareholders as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 is 86 and 90, respectively.

#### Retained Earnings

The Parent Company's retained earnings available for dividend declaration, calculated based on the regulatory requirements of the Philippine SEC, amounted to P482.11 million and P1,914.06 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The difference between the consolidated retained earnings and the Parent Company's retained earnings available for dividend declaration primarily consist of undistributed earnings of subsidiaries and equity method investees. Standalone earnings of the subsidiaries and share in net earnings of equity method investees are not available for dividend declaration by the Parent Company until declared by the subsidiaries and equity investees as dividends.

There were no cash dividend declarations to stockholders in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

The summary of dividend declarations of the Parent Company is as follows:

Type of Dividend	Share Class	Date of Declaration	Date of Record	Date of Payment	Dividend Per Share	Total
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	December 13, 2023	December 29, 2023	January 15, 2024	2.4213	P242.13 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	September 15, 2023	September 29, 2023	October 16, 2023	2.4213	242.13 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	June 16, 2023	July 3, 2023	July 14, 2023	2.4213	242.13 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Common	May 15, 2023	June 8, 2023	July 5, 2023	0.2624	615.34 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	March 16, 2023	March 30, 2023	April 14, 2023	1.6195	161.95 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	December 14, 2022	December 29, 2022	January 16, 2023	1.6195	161.95 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	September 29 2022	October 14, 2022	October 31, 2022	0.2324	544.98 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	September 16, 2022	September 30, 2022	October 14, 2022	1.6195	161.95 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	June 17, 2022	July 1, 2022	July 14, 2022	1.6195	161.95 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	March 22, 2022	April 5, 2022	April 18, 2022	1.6195	161.95 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	December 15, 2021	December 29, 2021	January 6, 2022	1.6195	161.95 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Common	September 20, 2021	October 4, 2021	October 14, 2021	1.6195	161.95 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	July 31, 2021	August 23, 2021	September 16, 2021	0.2002	473.98 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	June 15, 2021	June 29, 2021	July 14, 2021	1.6195	161.95 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	March 19, 2021	April 6, 2021	April 14, 2021	1.6195	161.95 million

#### **Dividends of Subsidiaries**

The summary of cash dividend declarations of the subsidiaries is as follows:

Subsidiary	Share Class	Date of Declaration	Date of Record	Date of Payment	Dividend Per Share	Total
DDMPR	Common	April 17, 2023	May 5, 2023	May 31, 2023	0.0227	P403.967 million
DDMPR	Common	May 15, 2023	June 19, 2023	July 13, 2023	0.0254	452.62 million
DDMPR	Common	September 29, 2023	November 6, 2023	November 29, 2023	0.0255	454.18 million
DDMPR	Common	December 13, 2023	January 22, 2024	February 14, 2024	0.0257	457.84 million
CMGBI	Common	April 17, 2023	April 28, 2023	May 19, 2023	0.0770	26.31 million
HOA	Common	June 1, 2023	June 7, 2023	June 7, 2023	275.8000	148.93 million
CMDCI	Common	April 27, 2023	April 28, 2023	May 19, 2023	0.04070	21.69 million
CMDZI	Common	April 27, 2023	April 28, 2023	May 23, 2023	0.04255	22.69 million
CMTMI	Common	April 27, 2023	April 28, 2023	May 22, 2023	0.03050	18.61 million
CMMBI	Common	April 27, 2023	April 28, 2023	May 3, 2023	5.3100	45.30 million
H101MC	Common	May 31, 2023	June 1, 2023	June 5, 2023	1,054.0000	65.88 million
H101MC	Common	June 6, 2022	June 6, 2022	June 30, 2022	2,431.0000	151.94 million
HOA	Common	May 31, 2022	May 31, 2022	June 16, 2022	205.5000	110.97 million
CMDCI	Common	May 15, 2022	May 15, 2022	June 15, 2022	0.0297	15.83 million
CMDZI	Common	May 15, 2022	May 15, 2022	May 26, 2022	0.0313	16.68 million
CMGBI	Common	May 3, 2022	May 15, 2022	June 9, 2022	0.0630	21.87 million
CMMBI	Common	May 15, 2022	May 15, 2022	June 10, 2022	0.0455	30.33 million
CMTMI	Common	May 15, 2022	May 15, 2022	June 23, 2022	0.0328	20.02 million
DDMPR	Common	May 19, 2022	May 19, 2022	May 30, 2022	0.0278	495.95 million
DDMPR	Common	June 8, 2022	June 8, 2022	June 29, 2022	0.0279	496.82 million
DDMPR	Common	August 31, 2022	August 31, 2022	September 22, 2022	0.0273	486.67 million
DDMPR	Common	December 13, 2022	December 13, 2022	January 9, 2023	0.0273	486.20 million
CMDZI	Common	April 16, 2021	April 30, 2021	April 23, 2021	0.0327	17.45 million
CMTMI	Common	April 16, 2021	April 30, 2021	May 3, 2021	0.0043	2.64 million
CMGBI	Common	April 16, 2021	April 30, 2021	May 21, 2021	0.0533	365.06 million
CMMBI	Common	April 16, 2021	April 30, 2021	May 26, 2021	3.5100	18.21 million
DDMPR	Common	April 14, 2021	April 28, 2021	May 10, 2021	0.0203	23.4 million
DDMPR	Common	May 14, 2021	May 28, 2021	June 10, 2021	0.0201	358.97 million
DDMPR	Common	August 16, 2021	August 31, 2021	September 13, 2021	0.0278	495.21 million
DDMPR	Common	October 15, 2021	October 29, 2021	December 13, 2021	0.0278	495.21 million

Total share of noncontrolling interests from these dividends amounted to P6,676.10 million in 2023, P1,106.35 million in 2022 and P939.04 million in 2021.

#### 29. Financial Risk and Capital Management Objectives and Policies

#### Objectives and Policies

The Group has significant exposure to the following financial risks primarily from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit Risk
- Liquidity Risk
- Market Risk (Interest Rate Risk and Foreign Currency Risk)

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risks, and the Group's management of capital.

The main purpose of the Group's dealings in financial instruments is to fund its respective operations and capital expenditures.

The BOD has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The BOD has established the Executive Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies. The committee identifies all issues affecting the operations of the Group and reports regularly to the BOD on its activities.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. All risks faced by the Group are incorporated in the annual operating budget. Mitigating strategies and procedures are also devised to address the risks that inevitably occur so as not to affect the Group's operations and forecasted results. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Group's principal financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, receivables, due from related parties, derivative instrument and refundable deposits. These financial assets are used to fund the Group's operations and capital expenditures.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk of loss the Group would incur if credit customers and counterparties fail to perform their contractual obligations. The risk arises principally from the Group's cash and cash equivalents, receivables, due from related parties and refundable deposits. The objective is to reduce the risk of loss through default by counterparties.

In respect of installment contracts receivable, credit risk is managed primarily through credit reviews and an analysis of receivables on a continuous basis. Customer payments are facilitated by post-dated checks. Exposure to bad debts is not significant as titles to real estate properties are not transferred to the buyers until full payment has been made. There are no large concentrations of credit risk given the Group's diverse customer base.

Credit risk arising from rent receivable is primarily managed through a tenant selection process. Prospective tenants are evaluated on the basis of payment track record and other credit information. In accordance with the provisions of the lease contracts, the lessees are required to deposit with the Group security deposits and advance rentals which helps reduce the Group's credit risk exposure in case of defaults by the tenants. For existing tenants, the Group has put in place a monitoring and follow-up system. Receivables are aged and analyzed on a continuous basis to minimize credit risk associated with these receivables.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, receivables from POGO and PAGCOR-accredited BPOs businesses represent about 28% and 52% of the total rent receivables, respectively. In 2023, management has discontinued two of the POGO and PAGCOR-accredited BPOs lease and impairments were made as at December 31, 2023.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting period follows:

	Note	2023	2022
Cash and cash equivalents*	7	P2,690,923,765	P5,322,595,660
Receivables**	8	14,594,016,683	11,959,544,127
Due from related parties	23	49,356,220	52,146,970
Derivative asset designated as cash			
flow hedge***	15	164,675,467	80,718,409
Refundable deposits****	10, 15	194,815,658	198,723,235
	•	P17.693.787.793	P17.613.728.401

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding "Cash on hand" account.

The table below presents the Group's exposure to credit risk and shows the credit quality of the assets by indicating whether the assets are subjected to 12-month ECL or lifetime ECL. Assets that are credit-impaired are separately presented.

#### December 31, 2023

	Financial	Assets at Amortiz			
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL - not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL - credit impaired	Derivative Asset	Total
Cash and cash equivalents (excluding					
cash on hand)	P2,690,923,765	Р-	Р-	Р-	P2,690,923,765
Receivables*	756,203,666	13,837,813,017	792,088,503	-	15,386,105,186
Due from related parties	49,356,220	-	-	-	49,356,220
Derivative asset**	•	-	-	164,675,467	164,675,467
Refundable deposits***	194,815,658	-	-	-	194,815,658
	P3,691,299,309	P13,837,813,017	P792,088,503	P164,675,467	P18,485,876,296

#### December 31, 2022

	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost				
		Lifetime	Lifetime		
		ECL - not	ECL - credit	Derivative	
	12-month ECL	credit impaired	impaired	Asset	Total
Cash and cash					
equivalents (excluding					
cash on hand)	P5,322,595,660	P -	P -	P -	P5,322,595,660
Receivables*	747,988,931	11,211,555,196	207,096,348	=	12,166,640,475
Due from related parties	52,146,970	-	-	-	52,146,970
Derivative asset**		-	-	80,718,409	80,718,409
Refundable deposits***	198,723,235	-	-	-	198,723,235
	P6,321,454,796	P11,211,555,196	P207,096,348	P80,718,409	P17,820,824,749

<sup>\*</sup>This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

The Group's process in assessing the ECLs are discussed in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

<sup>\*\*</sup>This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> This is presented as part of "Other noncurrent assets" account.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>This is presented as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" and "Other noncurrent assets" accounts.

<sup>\*\*</sup>This is presented as part of "Other noncurrent assets" account.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>This is presented as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" and "Other noncurrent assets" accounts.

The following is the aging analysis per class of financial assets as at December 31:

2023		Neither	Past Due but not Impaired			_	
	Note	Past Due nor Impaired	1 to 90 Days	91 to 360 Days	More than 360 Days	Impaired	Total
Cash and cash equivalents*	7	P2,690,923,765	Р.	Р.	Р.	Р.	p2,690,923,765
Receivables**	8	1,149,767,534	3,010,390,663	4,178,828,449	5,956,428,426	792,088,503	15,087,503,575
Due from related parties	23	49,356,220	•		-	-	49,356,220
Derivative asset***	15	164,675,467	-	-	-	-	164,675,467
Refundable deposits****	10, 15	194,815,658	-	-	-	-	194,815,658
		P4,249,538,644	P3,010,390,663	P4,178,828,449	P5,956,428,426	P792,088,503	P18,187,274,685

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding "Cash on hand" account.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

\*\*\* This is presented as part of "Other noncurrent assets" account.

\*\*\*This is presented as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" and "Other noncurrent assets" accounts.

2022		Neither	Past [	Due but not Impaired		_	
		Past Due	1 to 90	91 to 360	More than	<del>_</del>	
	Note	nor Impaired	Days	Days	360 Days	Impaired	Total
Cash and cash equivalents*	7	P5,332,595,660	Р-	P -	P -	P -	P5,332,595,660
Receivables**	8	904,576,805	11,054,967,322	-	-	207,096,348	12,166,640,475
Due from related parties	23	52,146,970	-	-	-	-	52,146,970
Derivative asset***	15	80,718,409	-	-	-	-	80,718,409
Refundable deposits****	10, 15	198,723,235	-	-	-	-	198,723,235
		P6,568,761,079	11,054,967,322	P -	Р-	P207,096,348	P17,830,824,749

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding "Cash on hand" account.

#### The following is the credit quality of the Group's financial assets:

		2023			
	Note	High Grade	Medium Grade	Low Grade	Total
Cash and cash equivalents*	7	P2,690,923,765	Р-	Р-	P2,690,923,765
Receivables**	8	10,477,136,702	3,166,673,229	950,206,753	14,594,016,684
Due from related parties	23	49,356,220	· · · · · -		49,356,220
Derivative asset***	15	164,675,467	-	_	164,675,467
Refundable deposits****	10, 15	194,815,658	-	-	194,815,658
		P13,576,907,812	P3,166,673,229	P950,206,753	P17,693,787,794

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding "Cash on hand" account.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>This is presented as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" and "Other noncurrent assets" accounts.

	Note	High Grade	Medium Grade	Low Grade	Total
Cash and cash equivalents*	7	P5,332,595,660	P -	P -	P5,332,595,660
Receivables**	8	904,576,805	3,501,932,206	7,553,035,116	11,959,544,127
Due from related parties	23	52,146,970	-	-	52,146,970
Derivative asset***	15	80,718,409	-	-	80,718,409
Refundable deposits****	10, 15	198,723,235	-	-	198,723,235
		P6,568,761,079	P3,501,932,206	P7,553,035,116	P17,623,728,401

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding "Cash on hand" account.

The Group assessed the credit quality of unrestricted cash as high grade since this is deposited with reputable banks with low probability of insolvency.

Receivables assessed as high grade pertains to receivable from buyer that had no default in payment; medium grade pertains to receivable from buyer who has history of being 181 to 360 days past due; and low grade pertains to receivable from buyer who has history of being over 360 days past due. Receivable balances are being monitored on a regular basis to ensure timely execution of necessary intervention efforts. The Group performs credit investigation and evaluation of each buyer to establish paying capacity and creditworthiness. The Group will assess the collectibility of its receivables and provide a corresponding allowance provision once the account is considered impaired.

This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> This is presented as part of "Other noncurrent assets" account.
\*\*\*\*This is presented as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" and "Other noncurrent assets" accounts.

<sup>\*\*</sup>This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

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<sup>\*\*</sup>This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>This is presented as part of "Other noncurrent assets" account.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>This is presented as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" and "Other noncurrent assets" accounts.

The credit risk for due from related parties and refundable deposits is considered negligible as these are mainly from related parties and Companies that are generally financially stable.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group manages liquidity risks by forecasting projected cash flows and maintaining balance between continuity of funding and flexibility in operations. Treasury controls and procedures are in place to ensure that sufficient cash is maintained to cover daily operational working capital requirements. Management closely monitors the Group's future and contingent obligations and sets up required cash reserves as necessary in accordance with internal requirements.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

			As a	at December 31, 2	023	
	Note	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash Flow	1 Year or Less	1 Year - 5 Years	More than 5 Years
Financial Liabilities						
Accounts payable and						
other current liabilities*	16	P6,853,326,927	P6,853,326,927	P6,853,326,927	Р-	Р-
Due to related parties	23	560,812,383	560,812,383	560,812,383	-	-
Dividends payable		486,308,726	486,308,726	486,308,726	-	-
Notes payable**	17	44,708,470,620	52,700,463,506	14,702,119,366	37.998.344.140	-
Bonds payable	17	18.553.351.918	20.804.318.997	10.807.933.434	9.996.385.563	_
Other noncurrent					, , ,	
liabilities*	19	707.969.279	794.169.357	237,362,103	490.944.023	65,863,231
Lease liabilities	24	1,309,911,875	2,831,182,427	101,414,424	564,035,360	2,165,732,642

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding statutory obligations, current portion of lease liabilities and unearned rent income account.

<sup>\*\*</sup>This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

		As at December 31, 2022						
		Carrying	Contractual	1 Year	1 Year -	More than		
	Note	Amount	Cash Flow	or Less	5 Years	5 Years		
Financial Liabilities								
Accounts payable and								
other current liabilities*	16	P5,579,501,605	P5,579,501,605	P5,579,501,605	P -	P -		
Due to related parties	23	567,878,460	567,878,460	567,878,460	-	-		
Dividends payable		456,645,828	456,645,828	456,645,828	-	-		
Notes payable**	17	41,122,211,960	48,091,307,116	14,595,716,085	43,376,601,031	-		
Bonds payable	17	14,925,384,467	17,450,769,800	902,339,300	16,548,430,500	=		
Other noncurrent						-		
liabilities*	19	475,362,161	553,093,293	=	553,093,293			
Lease liabilities	24	1,355,227,048	2,950,141,616	101,624,348	549,084,620	2,299,432,649		

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding statutory obligations, current portion of lease liabilities and unearned rent income account.

#### **Market Risks**

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Group's interest risk management policy is to minimize interest rate cash flow risk exposures to changes in interest rates. Except for term loan with outstanding balance of P181.97 million and P667.54 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, which bears interest which bears variable interest and subject to quarterly repricing, the Group' short-term and long-term bank borrowings are with fixed interest rates. Therefore, the effect of changes in interest rates has no significant impact to the Group.

<sup>\*\*</sup>This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

#### Foreign Currency Risk

The functional currency is the Philippine peso, which is the denomination of the bulk of the Group's revenues. The exposure to foreign currency risk results from significant movements in foreign exchange rates that adversely affect the foreign currency-denominated transactions of the Group. The risk management objective with respect to foreign currency risk is to reduce or eliminate earnings volatility and any adverse impact on equity. The Group enters into foreign currency hedge using derivative instruments, such as foreign currency calls spread swap, to manage its foreign currency risk exposure, specifically the foreign currency risk on its foreign currency-denominated notes.

The Group's foreign currency-denominated monetary liabilities pertain mainly to long-term notes. Outstanding US Dollar (USD) balance amounted to USD180.00 million, equivalent to P9.87 billion and USD 160.00 million, equivalent to P8.92 billion, as atDecember 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Foreign exchange loss (gain) amounted to P28.72 million, P494.72 million and P143.77 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. This is mainly due to the movements of the Philippine peso against the USD. USD to Philippine peso conversion in 2023, 2022 and 2021 is P55.37, P55.76 and P51.00, respectively.

The management of foreign currency risk is also supplemented by monitoring the sensitivity of the Group's financial instruments to various foreign currency exchange rate scenarios. A P1 decrease in the US Dollar exchange rate would result in an increase in equity by P180.00 million and P160.00 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively. A P1 increase would have an opposite effect.

#### Fair Values

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments:

Cash and Cash Equivalents/Due from Related Parties/Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities/Due to Related Parties

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, due from related parties, accounts payable and other current liabilities, and due to related parties approximate their fair values due to the relatively short-term nature of these financial instruments.

#### Receivables

The fair values of installment contracts receivable and receivables from leasehold rights' buyers are based on the discounted value of future cash flows using the applicable rates for similar types of instruments. The fair values of other receivables are approximately equal to their carrying amounts due to the short-term nature of the financial assets.

Derivative Asset. The fair value of forward exchange contracts is calculated by reference to current forward exchange rates. Fair value for stand-alone derivative instrument that is not quoted from an active market and for embedded derivatives is based on valuation models used for similar instruments using both observable and non-observable inputs. The fair value of the derivative asset has been categorized as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

The table show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 3 fair value, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

Туре	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement				
Foreign exchange currency call	Black- Scholes pricing model and	Call spread	The estimated fair value would increase/(decrease) if the call spread is lower/(higher).				
spread swap	Stochastic model	Reference forward exchange rate of PHP against USD	The estimated fair value would increase/(decrease) if the reference forward exchange rate of PHP would depreciate/(appreciate) against USD				

#### Refundable Deposits/Lease Liabilities/Security Deposits

Refundable deposits, lease liabilities and security deposits are reported at their present values, which approximate the cash amounts that would fully satisfy the obligations as at reporting date.

#### Short-term Notes Payable/Long-term Notes Payable/Bonds Payable

The fair value of the interest-bearing fixed-rate short-term and long-term debts is based on the discounted value of expected future cash flows using the applicable market rates for similar types of loans as at reporting date. Fair value of bonds payable as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 amounted to P18.92 billion and P14.59 billion, respectively. Fair value of long-term notes payable as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 amounted to P24.14 billion and P18.31 billion, respectively.

### <u>Derivative Instruments Accounted for as Cash Flow Hedges</u> *Call Spread Swap*

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group has outstanding call spread swaps designated as cash flow hedges with an aggregate notional amount of USD 75.00 million, and with an average strike rate range of P50 to P55. The call spread swap is designated to hedge foreign currency exposure on USD notes maturing on July 25, 2025. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the positive fair value of the call spread swaps, included under "Other noncurrent assets" account amounted to P164.68 million and P80.72 million, respectively (Note 15).

The hedge was assessed to be effective as the critical terms of the hedged item match the hedging instrument. No ineffectiveness was recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021.

#### Capital Management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to increase the value of shareholders' investment and maintain high growth by applying free cash flows to selective investments. The Group sets strategies with the objective of establishing a versatile and resourceful financial management and capital structure.

The BOD monitors the return on capital, which the Group defines as net operating income divided by total shareholders' equity. The BOD also monitors the level of dividends to shareholders.

The BOD seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The Group defines capital as equity, which includes capital stock, additional paid-in capital and retained earnings. There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management as at December 31, 2022 and 2021. The Group is not subject to externally-imposed capital requirements.

#### 30. Note to Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

The Group's noncash activities are as follows:

- a. Capitalized borrowing cost on "Investment property" account amounting to P2.158.56 million in 2023.
- b. Capitalized borrowing cost on "Investment property" account amounting to P2,002.16 million in 2022.
- c. Capitalized borrowing cost on "Investment property" account amounting to P2,031.68 million in 2021.
- d. Movement in receivables also includes transfer of leasehold improvements of tenants with pre-terminated contracts amounting to P1,061.90 million and P1,088.79 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively; and
- e. Additions to "Property and equipment" account includes cost of recovered units from a buyer amounting to P162.73 million who defaulted on its receivables.

#### Changes in Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

	January 1, 2023	Cash Flows	Other Movements	December 31, 2023
Bonds payable Loans and notes payable Lease liabilities Other noncurrent liabilities	P14,925,384,467 41,122,211,960 1,112,407,268 1,550,576,852	P3,615,000,000 3,594,450,120 (227,885,591) (272,331,860)	P12,967,451 (8,191,460) 362,369,025	P18,553,351,918 44,708,470,620 1,246,890,702 1,278,244,992
Total liabilities from financing activities	P58,710,580,547	P6,709,232,669	P367,145,016	P65,786,958,232
			Other	December 31.
	January 1, 2022	Cash Flows	Movements	2022
Bonds payable Loans and notes payable Lease liabilities Other noncurrent liabilities	P14,897,619,137 36,144,770,474 1,355,227,048 1,135,495,249	P - 4,919,775,900 (242,819,780) 284,441,954	P27,765,330 57,665,586 - 130,639,649	P14,925,384,467 41,122,211,960 1,112,407,268 1,550,576,852
Total liabilities from financing activities	P53,533,111,908	P4,961,398,074	P216,070,565	P58,710,580,547

Other movements pertain to interest expense from amortization of debt issue cost, discount on security deposits, foreign currency translation, amortization of lease liabilities and adoption of PFRS 16.

Dividends paid in 2023 and 2022 amounted to P2,504.27 million and P1,990.24 million, respectively.

	2023	2022
Short-term loans payable and current maturities of long-term notes payable, net		
of debt issue costs Long-term notes payable - net of current	P15,283,212,952	P12,533,818,782
maturities and debt issue costs	29,425,257,668	28,588,393,178
	P44,708,470,620	P41,122,211,960

#### 31. Other Matters

#### Bayanihan Act

On September 30, 2020, the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) issued Revenue Regulation (RR) No. 25-2020 to implement Section 4 of RA No. 11494 ("Bayanihan to Recover as One Act"), relative to NOLCO which provides that the net operating losses of a business or enterprise incurred for taxable years 2020 and 2021 shall be carried over as a deduction from gross income for the next five consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss.

The net operating loss for the said taxable years may be carried over as a deduction even after the expiration of RA No. 11494, provided that the same is claimed within the next five consecutive taxable years following the year such loss was incurred.

Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) Act
On March 26, 2021, the President of the Philippines has approved the Corporate
Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) Act, which provides that
MCIT is reduced from 2% to 1% effective July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2023.

Effective July 1, 2023, as prescribed by BIR Revenue Memorandum Circular (RMC) No. 69-2023 issued on June 20, 2023, the rate of MCIT for domestic corporations shall be reverted from 1% to 2% of their gross income.

#### **Events after Reporting Period**

The following are the events after the reporting date:

- a. On March 12, 2024, the Parent Company declared a regular cash dividend to the preferred shareholders amounting to P2.42125 per share. The regular dividend was paid to all preferred shareholders on record as at March 26, 2024 and paid on April 15, 2024.
- b. On April 8, 2024, Hotel101 Global signs definitive merger agreement with JVSPAC Acquisition Corporation to publicly list on the NASDAQ. It is also expected to have an equity value of over 2.3B USD or 130B PHP following completion of the transaction. While upon completion of the proposed business combination transaction, the combined entity is expected to be publicly listed on the NASDAQ under the ticker symbol "HBNH".
- c. On April 15, 2024, the BOD of DDMPR approved a regular cash dividend to the common shareholders in the gross amount of P412.47 million or P0.02313700 per share. The regular dividends will be paid to all Common Shareholders on record as of May 7, 2024 and will be paid on May 31, 2024.

d. The Group has incorporated the following subsidiaries in relation to the international expansion of the Group's Hotel101 business:

Date	Subsidiary	Jurisdiction	Ownership
18 January	Hotel101 Spain	Spain	100% owned through
2024	Management S.L.U.		Hotel101 EU SARL
26 February	Hotel101 Sales	Singapore	100% owned through
2024	Pte. Ltd.		Hotel101 Global Pte Ltd
13 March	Hotel101 Global	Cayman	100% owned by the
2024	Holdings Corp.	Islands	Company
13 March	HGHC 1 Corp.	Cayman	100% owned through
2024		Islands	Hotel101 Global Holdings
			Corp.
13 March HGHC 2 Corp. Cay		Cayman	100% owned through
2024		Islands	Hotel101 Global Holdings
			Corp.
13 March	HGHC 2 Corp.	British	100% owned through
2024		Virgin	Hotel101 Global Holdings
		Islands	Corp.
4 April 2024	HGHC 4 Pte.	Singapore	100% owned through
	Ltd.		Hotel101 Global Holdings
			Corp.



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### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON COMPONENTS OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS

The Board of Directors and Stockholders **DoubleDragon Corporation**DD Meridian Park Bay Area

Corner Macapagal Avenue and EDSA Extension Boulevard

Brgy 76 Zone 10, San Rafael, Pasay City, Metro Manila

We have audited, in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of DoubleDragon Corporation, formerly DoubleDragon Properties Corp., and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated April 15, 2024.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. The Supplementary Schedule on Financial Soundness Indicators, including their definitions formulas, calculation, and their appropriateness or usefulness to the intended users, are the responsibility of the Group's management. These financial soundness indicators are not measures of operating performance defined by Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies.



This schedule is presented for purposes of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission, and is not a required part of the basic consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with PFRS. The components of these financial soundness indicators have been traced to the Group's consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023 and no material exceptions were noted.

R.G. MANABAT & CO.

KARLO ELEAZAR V. BARAL

7artner

CPA License No. 0122340

Tax Identification No. 305-527-004

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001987-148-2022

Issued January 27, 2022; valid until January 26, 2025

PTR No. MKT 10075170

Issued January 2, 2024 at Makati City

April 15, 2024 Makati City, Metro Manila

#### FINANCIAL RATIOS - KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

		2023	2022
1. Current Ratio	<u>Current Assets</u> Current Liabilities	1.10	1.27
2. Asset to Equity Ratio	<u>Total Assets</u> Total Stockholders' Equity	1.92	1.92
3. Debt to Equity Ratio (Gross)	<u>Total Interest Bearing Short-term and Long-term Debt</u> Total Equity	0.67	0.69
4. Debt to Equity Ratio (Net Basis)	<u>Total Interest Bearing Short-term and Long-term Debt less</u> <u>Cash and Cash</u> Equivalent Total Equity	0.64	0.62
5. Return on Equity	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent Average Equity Attributable to the Owners of the Parent	19.05%	12.93%
6. Net Income to Revenue (Net Profit Margin)	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent Total Revenue	37.39%	39.29%
7. Revenue Growth	<u>Total Revenue (Current Period - Total Revenue</u> ( <u>Prior Period)</u> Total Revenue (Prior Period)	75.10%	-11.27%
8. EBITDA	Income from Operation + Depreciation and Amortization + Interest Expense	₱20.60 billion	₱10.39 billion
9. Solvency Ratio	Net Income + Depreciation Total Liabilities	0.19	0.17
10. Income Growth	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent (Current Period) – Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent (Prior Period) – Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent (Prior Period)	66.64%	-25.02%
11. Acid Test Ratio	<u>Cash + Accounts Receivables + Marketable Securities</u> Current Liabilities	0.68	0.85
12. Interest Coverage Ratio	Earnings before Interest and Taxes Interest Paid	4.71	3.32



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## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO ACCOMPANY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

The Board of Directors and Stockholders **DoubleDragon Corporation**DD Meridian Park Bay Area

Corner Macapagal Avenue and EDSA Extension Boulevard

Brgy 76 Zone 10, San Rafael, Pasay City, Metro Manila

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of DoubleDragon Corporation, formerly DoubleDragon Properties Corp and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated April 15, 2024.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group taken as a whole. The supplementary information included in the following accompanying additional components is the responsibility of the Group's management. Such additional components include:

- Map of the Conglomerate
- Supplementary Schedules of Annex 68-J
- Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration

Firm Regulatory Registration & Accreditation:
PRC-BOA Registration No. 0003, valid until September 20, 2026
IC Accreditation No. 0003-IC, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by IC Circular Letter (CL) No. 2019-39, Transition clause)
BSP Accreditation No. 0003-BSP, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by BSP Monetary Board Resolution No. 2161, Transition clause)



These supplementary information are presented for purposes of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission, and is not a required part of the basic consolidated financial statements. Such information have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

R.G. MANABAT & CO.

ARLO ELEAZAR V. BARAL

₽artner

CPA License No. 0122340

Tax Identification No. 305-527-004

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001987-148-2022

Issued January 27, 2022; valid until January 26, 2025

PTR No. MKT 10075170

Issued January 2, 2024 at Makati City

April 15, 2024 Makati City, Metro Manila

# RECONCILIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### **DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION**

DD Headquarters, 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Tower 1, DoubleDragon Plaza DD Meridian Park Cor. Macapagal Ave. and Edsa extension Bay Area Pasay City

Unappropriated Retained Earnings, beginning of reporting period		P1,914,061,676
Less: Items that are directly debited to Unappropriated Retained Earnings Dividend declaration during the reporting period		1,503,655,505
Unappropriated Retained Earnings, as adjusted		410,406,171
Add: Net income for the current year		2,049,037,628
Less: Unrealized income recognized in the profit or loss during the reporting period (net of tax) Unrealized gains from changes in fair values of investment property	P2,089,357,652	
Other realized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a result of certain transactions accounted for under the PFRS	123,424	
Sub-total		2,089,481,076
Adjusted Net Income		(40,443,448)
Total Retained Earnings, end of the reporting period available for dividend		P396,962,723

## DOUBLEDRAGON CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE A - FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name of issuing entity and association of each issue (i)	Number of shares or principal amount of bonds and notes	Amount shown in the balance sheet (ii) (PhP)	Valued based on market quotation at end of reporting period (iii) (PhP)	Income received and accrued (PhP)
Cash and cash equivalents	N/A	2,918,467,996	2,918,467,996	83,592,707
Receivables	N/A	14,295,415,072	14,295,415,072	-
Due from related parties	N/A	49,356,220	49,356,220	-
Refundable deposits	N/A	8,741,876	8,741,876	-

DOUBLEDRAGON CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE B - AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, RELATED PARTIES AND PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name and designation of debtor (i)	Balance at beginning of period (PhP)	Additions (PhP)	Amounts collected (ii) (PhP)	Amounts written off (iii) (PhP)	Current (PhP)	Not Current (PhP)	Balance at end of period (PhP)
Receivables Daythree Realty Corporation (Related							
Party) Galleria Zamboanga,	51,996,970	-	2,790,750	-	49,206,220	-	49,206,220
Inc. (Related Party)	150 000	_	_	_	150 000	-	150 000

# DOUBLEDRAGON CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE C - AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTIES WHICH ARE ELIMINATED DURING THE CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name and designation of debtor (i)	Balance at beginning of period (PhP)	Additions- net (PhP)	Amounts eliminated (ii) (PhP)	Amounts written off (iii) (PhP)	Current (PhP)	Not Current (PhP)	Balance at end of period (PhP)
Receivables/Advances							
CityMall Commercial Centers, Inc. (Subsidiary) DD HappyHomes Residential Centers	-	2,215,408,367	40,535,195,583	-	18,740,838,177	21,794,357,406	-
Inc. (Subsidiary) DDMP REIT, INC. (formerly DD-	-	4,223,613	352,764,237	-	285,162,887	67,601,350	-
Meridian Park Development Corp.) (Subsidiary)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DoubleDragon Property Management Corp. (Subsidiary)	-	50,923,336	1,922,553,024	-	1,922,553,024	-	-
Prime DDG Commercial Centers Inc. (Subsidiary)	-	51,275,724	217,056,902	-	1,166,912	215,889,990	-
DoubleDragon Sales Corp. (Subsidiary)	-	126,773,342	1,251,652,081	-	966,802,081	284,850,000	-
Piccadilly Circus Landing Inc. (Subsidiary) Iloilo-Guimars Ferry Terminal Corp.	-	(1,800,000)	8,407,533	-	3,907,533	4,500,000	-
(Subsidiary) CM-Mandalagan Bacolod, Inc.	-	1,300,000	10,805,641	-	8,970,049	1,835,592	-
(Subsidiary) CM-Goldenfields Bacolod, Inc.	-	-	29,735	-	29,735	-	-
(Subsidiary) CM-Tarlac McArthur, Inc. (Subsidiary)	- -	1,872,054 -	3,166,939 766,522	-	3,166,939 766,522	-	-

Forward

Name and designation of debtor (i)	Balance at beginning of period (PhP)	Additions- net (PhP)	Amounts eliminated (ii) (PhP)	Amounts written off (iii) (PhP)	Current (PhP)	Not Current (PhP)	Balance at end of period (PhP)
CM-Danao Cebu, Inc. (Subsidiary)	-	(620,588)	18,528	-	18,528	-	-
CM-Dipolog Zamboanga, Inc.		, ,					
(Subsidiary)	-	-	343,580	-	343,580	-	-
CM-Northtown Davao, Inc. (Subsidiary)	-	751,016	751,766	-	751,766	-	-
Hotel of Asia, Inc. (Subsidiary)	-	452,801,068	2,926,930,601	-	1,706,717,774	1,220,212,827	-
Hotel 101 Management Corporation							
(Subsidiary)	-	1,608,865	18,414,121	-	5,508,745	12,905,376	-
CSI Hotels Incorporated (Subsidiary)	-	-	1,150	-	1,150	-	-
Centralhub Industrial Centers, Inc.							
(Subsidiary)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DD Meridian Tower Corp. (Subsidiary)	-	400	60,330	-	60,330	-	-
CM-Bunlo Bocaue, Inc. (Subsidiary)	-	-	750	-	750	-	-
CM-Roxas Avenue, Inc. (Subsidiary)	-	139,100,000	145,409,782	-	6,309,782	139,100,000	-
Green Coast Development PH Corp.							
(Subsidiary)	_	(759,362)	-	-	_	-	-
Hotel101 Worldwide Private Limited		, , ,					
(Subsidiary)	-	(2,420,557)	6,005,971	-	6,005,971	-	-
Robinsons DD Corp. (Affiliate)	-	- 1	, , , , <sub>-</sub>	-	· · · · -	-	-
DDPC Worldwide Pte Ltd (Subsidiary)	-	58,675,883	542,624,660	-	542,089,000	535,660	-
DD Tower, Inc. (Subsidiary)	-	2,616	47,686,093	-	14,342,006	33,344,087	-
DDMP Serviced Residences, Inc.		,	, ,		, ,	, ,	
(Subsidiary)	-	208,791	6,280,288	-	6,280,288	-	-
DDMP REIT Fund Managers, Inc.			.,,		-,,		
(Subsidiary)	_	-	19,698	-	19,698	-	-
DDMP REIT Property Managers, Inc.			,		,		
(Subsidiary)	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
DD Commercial Corp. (Subsidiary)	_	96.670.316	96.670.316	-	33.070.316	63.600.000	-
Hotel 101 Global Pte. Ltd. (Subsidiary)	_	144,769,312	144,769,312	-	2,430,486	142,338,826	-
CentralHub Davao, Inc. (Subsidiary)	-	11,309,922	-	11,309,922	11,309,922	-	-

## DOUBLEDRAGON CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE D - LONG-TERM DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Title of issue and type of obligation (i)	Amount authorized by indenture (PhP)	Amount shown under caption "Current portion of long-term debt" in related balance sheet (ii) (PhP)	Amount shown under caption "Long-Term Debt" in related balance sheet (iii) (PhP)
Loans	9,977,010,000	9,977,010,000	-
Notes	35,070,702,951	5,306,202,951	28,949,504,049
Bonds	18.615.000.000	<u>-</u>	18.615.000.000

### DOUBLEDRAGON CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE E - INDEBTEDNESS TO RELATED PARTIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name of related party (i)	Balance at beginning of period (PhP)	Balance at end of period (ii) (PhP)	
Injap Investments Inc. (Parent Company)	-	-	
Galleria Zamboanga, Inc. (Related Party)	383,281,305	383,281,305	
ALN Group of Companies (Related Party)	16,739,155	6,231,604	
Simon Paz (Related Party)	122,400,000	122,400,000	
W2JP2 Corp. (Related Party)	45,458,000	45,458,000	
Green Coast Shareholders (Related Party)	-	3,441,474	

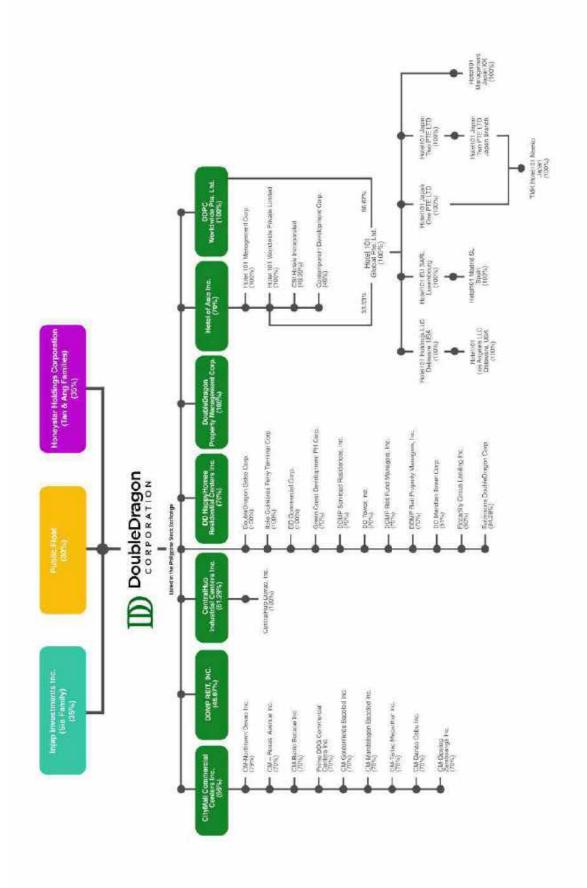
The amount pertains to unsecured, non-interest bearing advances granted to and received from related parties for working capital requirements. These advances are generally settled within one year from the date of grant.

### DOUBLEDRAGON PROPERTIES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE F - GUARANTEES OF SECURITES OF OTHER ISSUERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name of issuing entity of securities guaranteed by the company for which this statement is filed	Title of issue of each class of securities guaranteed	Total amount guaranteed and outstanding (i)	Amount owned by person for which statement is filed	Nature of guarantee (ii)
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## DOUBLEDRAGON CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE G-CAPITAL STOCK FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Title of Issue (i)	Number of Shares authorized	Number of shares issued and outstanding at shown under related balance sheet caption	Number of shares reserved for options, warrants, conversion and other rights	Number of shares held by related parties (ii)	Directors, officers and employees	Others(iii)
Common shares Preferred shares	5,000,000,000 100,000,000	2,373,100,600 100,000,000	28,072,000	1,671,381,894 50,000	8 -	673,646,698 99,950,000
Treasury shares	_	(391.673.305)	_	-	-	-





#### STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of DoubleDragon Corporation and Subsidiaries (formerly DoubleDragon Properties Corp. and Subsidiaries) (the "Group"), is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements including the schedules attached therein, for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the presentation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors (BOD) is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

The BOD reviews and approves the consolidated financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

R.G. Manabat & Co., the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders, has audited the consolidated financial statements of the Group in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

Signature

Edgar J. Sia II. Chairman

Signature

Ferdinand J. Sia, President

Signature

Jov S. Javeloha, Treasurer

issued by \_ DEA MANILA and is identifibe the same person who pootined this docum

PPS PORT NO . PR 37-148-18 ; P768-219-44 ; P794-30-53-8

Signed this April 15,2024

Doc. No. 344 :

Book No Series of 2024 DoubleDragon Headquarters

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wfo@doubledragon com.ph

at Passay City, Philippines

Notary Public for Passy City Until December 31, 2025 Commission No. 24-20 Roll No. 79846 PTR No. 8456029; 01-02-2024 IBP No. 388124; 01-02-2024

DoubleDragon Headquarters, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Meridian Park, 10th From Toward, Double Bragon Plaza, DD Meridian Park Corner Macapagal Avenue & EDSA Extension 785/We of Tosay City, Metro Manila, 1302 Philippines EDSA Extension.

Bay Area, Pasay City

D3-121

#### **ANNEX D.4**

## Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements as of September 30, 2024

## DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 and For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

## DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

ASSETS	(Unaudited) September 30, 2024	(Audited) December 31, 2023
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	P5,370,154,075	P2,918,467,996
Receivables – net	16,927,677,016	14,295,415,072
Inventories	5,635,831,110	4,522,224,068
Due from related parties	49,356,220	49,356,220
Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net	6,785,833,275	6,248,446,537
Total Current Assets	34,768,851,696	28,033,909,893
Noncurrent Assets		
Receivables - net of current portion	298,601,611	298,601,611
Property and equipment - net	1,236,797,469	1,201,682,700
Goodwill and other intangible assets	1,080,156,441	1,091,535,467
Investment property	152,198,116,822	147,937,015,015
Right-of-use assets - net	4,815,777	15,331,566
Deferred tax assets	233,819,399	145,948,729
Other noncurrent assets	2,607,833,074	2,515,921,894
Total Noncurrent Assets	157,660,140,593	153,206,036,982
	P192,428,992,289	P181,239,946,875
Accounts payable and other current liabilities Short-term loans payable and current maturities of	P6,927,016,470 16,594,647,560	P8,420,812,394
long-term notes payable, net of debt issue costs Customers' deposits Due to related parties Dividends payable Income tax payable	1,435,056,277 560,811,433 1,087,105,890 29,110,004	15,283,212,952 685,020,347 560,812,383 486,308,726 18,038,820
long-term notes payable, net of debt issue costs Customers' deposits Due to related parties Dividends payable	1,435,056,277 560,811,433 1,087,105,890	685,020,347 560,812,383 486,308,726
long-term notes payable, net of debt issue costs Customers' deposits Due to related parties Dividends payable Income tax payable Total Current Liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term notes payable - net of current maturities and debt issue costs	1,435,056,277 560,811,433 1,087,105,890 29,110,004 26,633,747,634 37,047,317,917	685,020,347 560,812,383 486,308,726 18,038,820 25,454,205,622 29,425,257,668
long-term notes payable, net of debt issue costs Customers' deposits Due to related parties Dividends payable Income tax payable Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term notes payable - net of current maturities	1,435,056,277 560,811,433 1,087,105,890 29,110,004 26,633,747,634	685,020,347 560,812,383 486,308,726 18,038,820 25,454,205,622
long-term notes payable, net of debt issue costs Customers' deposits Due to related parties Dividends payable Income tax payable Total Current Liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term notes payable - net of current maturities and debt issue costs Bonds payable - net of bond issue costs	1,435,056,277 560,811,433 1,087,105,890 29,110,004 26,633,747,634 37,047,317,917 19,702,057,779	685,020,347 560,812,383 486,308,726 18,038,820 25,454,205,622 29,425,257,668 18,553,351,918
long-term notes payable, net of debt issue costs Customers' deposits Due to related parties Dividends payable Income tax payable Total Current Liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term notes payable - net of current maturities and debt issue costs Bonds payable - net of bond issue costs Lease liabilities - noncurrent portion	1,435,056,277 560,811,433 1,087,105,890 29,110,004 26,633,747,634 37,047,317,917 19,702,057,779 1,313,468,577	685,020,347 560,812,383 486,308,726 18,038,820 25,454,205,622 29,425,257,668 18,553,351,918 1,219,162,429
long-term notes payable, net of debt issue costs Customers' deposits Due to related parties Dividends payable Income tax payable Total Current Liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term notes payable - net of current maturities and debt issue costs Bonds payable - net of bond issue costs Lease liabilities - noncurrent portion Deferred tax liabilities	1,435,056,277 560,811,433 1,087,105,890 29,110,004 26,633,747,634 37,047,317,917 19,702,057,779 1,313,468,577 11,532,222,068	685,020,347 560,812,383 486,308,726 18,038,820 25,454,205,622 29,425,257,668 18,553,351,918 1,219,162,429 10,695,557,305 45,795,658
long-term notes payable, net of debt issue costs Customers' deposits Due to related parties Dividends payable Income tax payable Total Current Liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term notes payable - net of current maturities and debt issue costs Bonds payable - net of bond issue costs Lease liabilities - noncurrent portion Deferred tax liabilities Retirement benefits liability	1,435,056,277 560,811,433 1,087,105,890 29,110,004 26,633,747,634 37,047,317,917 19,702,057,779 1,313,468,577 11,532,222,068 45,795,658	685,020,347 560,812,383 486,308,726 18,038,820 25,454,205,622 29,425,257,668 18,553,351,918 1,219,162,429 10,695,557,305

	(Unaudited) September 30, 2024	(Audited) December 31, 2023
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company		
Capital stock	P10,237,310,060	P10,237,310,060
Additional paid-in capital	5,540,589,852	5,540,589,852
Retained earnings	37,516,027,305	37,357,785,252
Treasury stock	(391,673,305)	(391,673,305)
Reserves	(679,646,928)	(510,591,641)
	52,222,606,984	52,233,420,218
Non-controlling Interests	42,674,736,936	42,334,951,065
Total Equity	94,897,343,920	94,568,371,283
	P192,428,992,289	P181,239,946,875

## DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited) For the guarters ended September 30

	For the quarters ended September 30			
	2024	2023		
INCOME				
Rent income	P1,029,219,812	P850,525,291		
Real estate sales	267,318,941	581,139,132		
Hotel revenues	211,451,925	164,202,182		
Interest income	29,281,895	15,169,906		
Others – net	492,627,108	591,608,545		
	2,029,899,681	2,202,645,056		
COSTS AND EXPENSES				
Cost of real estate sales	136,157,176	289,430,838		
Cost of hotel operations	135,348,651	107,778,363		
Selling expenses	44,784,629	30,387,882		
General and administrative expenses	523,028,922	477,554,500		
Interest expense	267,029,034	379,490,230		
	1,106,348,412	1,284,641,813		
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	923,551,269	918,003,243		
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	37,601,940	42,766,503		
NET INCOME/COMPREHENSIVE				
INCOME	P885,949,329	P875,236,740		
Net income attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Parent Company	P506,606,710	P626,149,448		
Non-controlling interest	379,342,619	249,087,292		
	P885,949,329	P875,236,740		
	"			

## DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Unaudited For the Nine Months Ended September 30

		September 30
	2024	2023
INCOME		
Rent income	P2,984,570,471	P2,799,988,388
Real estate sales	838,618,516	1,210,391,583
Hotel revenues	618,143,255	457,086,661
Interest income	58,653,299	87,751,963
Others – net	1,920,376,313	1,590,804,338
	6,420,361,854	6,146,022,933
COSTS AND EXPENSES		
Cost of real estate sales	429,901,247	617,300,337
Cost of hotel operations	432,749,223	320,493,927
Selling expenses	117,803,109	92,486,575
General and administrative expenses	1,532,031,683	1,350,934,607
Interest expense	1,179,968,287	1,142,375,426
	3,692,453,549	3,523,590,872
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	2,727,908,305	2,622,432,061
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	195,349,186	149,517,511
NET INCOME/COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	P 2,532,559,119	P2,472,914,550
Net income attributable to:		
Equity holders of the Parent Company	P1,505,580,627	P1,431,670,638
Non-controlling interest	1,026,978,492	1,041,243,912
	P2,532,559,119	P2,472,914,550
Basic Earnings Per Share	P0.3323	P0.3350
Diluted Earnings Per Share	P0.3323	P0.3350

## DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30

		2024		2023
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
	of Shares	(PHP)	of Shares	(PHP)
CAPITAL STOCK				
Authorized				
Common Shares - P0.10 par value - February 10, 2014;				
P1 par value - April 10, 2013; P100 par value - 2012	5,000,000,000	500,000,000	5,000,000,000	500,000,000
Preferred Shares - P100 par value - April 14, 2016	200,000,000	20,000,000,000	200,000,000	20,000,000,000
Issued and outstanding				
Balance at September 30 - common shares	2,373,100,600	237,310,060	2,373,100,600	237,310,060
Balance at September 30 - preferred shares	100,000,000	10,000,000,000	100,000,000	10,000,000,000
Balance at September 30		10,237,310,060		10,237,310,060
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL		5,540,589,852		5,540,589,852
RETAINED EARNINGS				
Balance at beginning of year		37,357,785,252		29,610,178,785
Net income for the period		1,505,580,627		1,431,670,638
Dividends declared		(1,347,338,574)		(1,261,530,698
Balance at September 30		37,516,027,305		29,780,318,725
RESERVES		(679,646,928)		(20,041,324
LESS: TREASURY SHARES				
Common shares	(28,072,000)	(391,673,305)	(28,072,000)	(391,673,305
NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST				
Balance at beginning of year		42,334,951,065		36,689,126,859
Net income for the period		1,026,978,492		1,041,243,912
Divideds declared		(687,192,621)		(781,177,472
Balance at September 30		42,674,736,936		36,949,193,299
		94,897,343,920		82,095,697,307

## DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Unaudited Nine Months Ended September 30

	Nine Months Ended Septembe			
	2024	2023		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	P2,727,908,305	P2,622,432,061		
Adjustments for:	1 2,727,300,303	1 2,022,402,001		
Interest expense	1,179,968,287	1,142,375,426		
Depreciation and amortization	86,517,672	41,415,571		
Interest income	(58,653,299)	(87,751,963)		
Impairment loss on receivables	39,856,480	40,349,660		
Operating income before working capital changes	3,975,597,445	3,758,820,755		
Decrease (Increase) in:	3,979,397,445	3,730,020,733		
Receivables	(2 151 500 276)	(2 245 040 500)		
	(2,151,500,276)	(2,245,849,508)		
Inventories	(1,113,607,042)	(305,820,763)		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(537,386,737)	(360,596,544)		
Increase (Decrease) in:	(746 407 050)	(000 454 004)		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	(746,427,850)	(996,454,961)		
Customers' deposits	750,035,930	112,088,764		
Due to related parties	(950)	(9,506,901)		
Cash generated from (absorbed by) operations	176,710,520	(47,319,158)		
Interest received	4,046,304	87,751,963		
Interest paid	(3,212,154,805)	(3,335,312,839)		
Income tax paid	(11,574,357)	(629,475)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(3,042,972,338)	(3,295,509,509)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Additions to:				
Investment property	(1,929,808,711)	(1,237,719,348)		
Property and equipment	(110,253,415)	(825,274,713)		
Increase in other noncurrent assets	(91,140,417)	(247,157,955)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,131,202,543)	(2,310,152,016)		
·	(=,:::,===,::)	(=,0:0,:0=,0:0)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from:				
Availment of notes, net of debt issue costs	10,757,779,527	7,179,540,909		
Issuance of bonds, net of debt issue costs	10,820,150,480	3,579,009,554		
Payments of:				
Notes and loans	(1,989,665,392)	(3,134,471,021)		
Bonds	(9,700,000,000)	<del>-</del>		
Dividends	(2,081,812,363)	(1,561,709,487)		
Payments of lease liability	(159,415,519)	-		
Decrease in other noncurrent liabilities	(21,175,773)	(281,846,848)		
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	7,625,860,960	5,780,523,107		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,451,686,079	174,861,582		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,918,467,996	5,547,000,190		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
AT END OF YEAR	P5,370,154,075	P5,721,861,772		

#### DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Reporting Entity

DoubleDragon Corporation, formerly DoubleDragon Properties Corp., ("DD" or the "Parent Company"), was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on December 9, 2009 primarily to engage in the business of real estate development including but not limited to residential and condominium projects, to acquire by purchase or lease land and interest in land, to own, hold, impose, promote, develop, subdivide and manage any land owned, held or occupied by the Parent Company, to construct, manage or administer buildings such as condominiums, apartments, hotels, restaurants, stores or other structures and to mortgage, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of land, interests in land and buildings or other structures at any time.

The Parent Company's shares are listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange ("PSE") on April 7, 2014 under the stock symbol "DD".

The Parent Company's registered office address is at 10th Floor, DoubleDragon Plaza, DD Meridian Park Bay Area, Corner Macapagal Avenue and EDSA Extension Boulevard, Brgy. 76 Zone 10, San Rafael, Pasay City, Metro Manila.

#### 2. Basis of Preparation

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting. Selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to the understanding of the changes in financial position and performance of the Group since the last annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2023. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all the information required for a complete set of financial statements in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS), and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of DoubleDragon Corporation and Subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") as at and for the year ended December 31, 2023. The audited consolidated financial statements are available upon request from the Group's registered office at DD Meridian Park Bay Area, Corner Macapagal Avenue and EDSA Extension Boulevard, Brgy. 76 Zone 10, San Rafael, Pasay City, Metro Manila.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Philippine peso and all values are rounded off to the nearest peso, except when otherwise indicated.

The Group has availed of financial reporting reliefs granted by the SEC relating to several implementation issues of PFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, affecting the real estate industry under MC 34-2020, Deferral of PIC Q&A No. 2018-12 and IFRIC Agenda Decision on Over Time Transfer of Constructed Goods (PAS 23) for Real Estate Industry. The Group adopted the guidelines of the Financial Reporting Reliefs granted by the SEC. It assessed and has determined that the impact on the existing contracts is not material for interim financials statements presented and the beginning balance of retained earnings. No

adjustments have been made relative to the adoption and the Group will continue to assess new contracts to determine if the significant financing component is material and for recognition.

#### 4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Except as described below, the accounting policies applied by the Company in these condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied by the Company in its financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023. The following changes in accounting policies are also expected to be reflected in the Company's financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Effective January 1, 2024

There are amendments to existing standards effective for annual periods beginning in 2024, which are adopted by the FSRSC. Management will adopt the following relevant pronouncements in accordance with their transitional provisions; and none of these are expected to have significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements:

- i. PAS 1 (Amendments), Presentation of Financial Statements Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (effective from January 1, 2024)
- ii. PAS 1 (Amendments), Presentation of Financial Statements Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (effective from January 1, 2024)
- iii. PAS 7 (Amendments), Cash Flow Statements and PFRS 7 (Amendments), Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Supplier Finance Arrangements (effective from January 1, 2024) PFRS 16 (Amendments), Leases – Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback (effective from January 1, 2024)

Under prevailing circumstances, the adoption of the foregoing new and amended PFRSs is not expected to have any material effect on the financial statements of the Company.

#### 5. Use of Judgments and Estimates

In preparing the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, management has made judgements and estimates that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those the applied to the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### 6. Segment Information

#### **Operating Segments**

The reporting format of the Group's operating segments is determined based on the Group's risks and rates of return which are affected predominantly by differences in the products and services produced. The operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of the products produced and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets.

The Group's reportable segments are real estate development, leasing, and hospitality. The real estate development segment is engaged in the development of real estate assets to be held as trading inventory and for sale. This segment was developed as part of the Group's tactical approach to early stage growth, as part of that plan we will be transitioning out of this segment once the current inventory has been fully sold. The leasing and hospitality segments which are focused in recurring revenue will be the core pillars of the Group's growth plans moving forward. The leasing segment is engaged in the acquisition and/or development of real estate assets in the retail, office and industrial sector that are held for rentals. The hospitality segment is engaged in the acquisition and/or development of hotels which will be managed and operated the Group. The hospitality segment includes the development of a homegrown hotel brand with a unique sale-and-manage business model.

Others pertain to the segments engaged in marketing, property management activities and hotel operations.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss and is measured consistently with the operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements.

The Group has three significant reportable segments for 2021 and 2020, namely the real estate development, leasing, and hospitality. Leasing segment is presented into three sub-segments, which composed of retail, office and industrial.

#### Segment Assets and Liabilities

Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and consist primarily of operating cash, receivables, real estate inventories, prepaid expenses and other current assets, property and equipment and computer software licenses, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, investment property and other noncurrent assets. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist primarily of accounts payable and other current liabilities, customers' deposits and other noncurrent liabilities. Segment assets and liabilities do not include deferred taxes.

#### Inter-segment Transactions

Segment revenues, expenses and performance include sales and purchases between operating segments. Inter-segment transactions are set on an arm's length basis similar to transactions with nonrelated parties.

#### Major Customer

The Group does not have a single external customer from which sales revenue generated amounted to 10% or more of the total revenues of the Group.

Operating Segments
Analyses of financial information by business segment follow:

#### **September 30, 2024**

	Real Estate Development	Retail Leasing	Office Leasing	Industrial Leasing	Hospitality	Others	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenue								
External revenues	P927,375,280	P1,624,502,260	P1,479,340,051	P64,550,080	P593,276,852	P1,731,317,331	Р-	P6,420,361,854
Inter-segment	-	9,679,208	145,615,919	-	24,866,403	3,794,046,545	(3,974,208,075)	-
Total Revenue	P927,375,280	P1,634,181,468	P1,624,955,970	P64,550,080	P618,143,255	P5,525,363,876	(P3,974,208,075)	P6,420,361,854
Segment Results	P440,496,294	P981,661,988	P1,022,365,806	P46,087,644	P121,920,610	P240,076,060	P(320,049,283)	P2,532,559,119
Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to								
Equity holders of the Parent	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	P1,505,580,627
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,026,978,492
	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	P2,532,559,119
Segment Assets	P11,463,963,622	P89,430,048,056	P82,230,377,088	P9,226,620,078	P11,810,586,842	P106,986,181,413	(P118,718,784,811)	P192,428,992,288
Segment Liabilities	P10,136,727,878	P88,570,491,300	P19,639,628,234	P1,392,739,136	P16,950,873,092	P48,980,552,075	(P88,139,363,346)	P97,531,648,369
Other Information								
Capital expenditures	P16,027,277	P290,838,813	P442,566,995	P262,283,963	P663,011,549	Р-	Р-	P1,674,728,597
Depreciation and amortization	P8,102,079	P8,590,089	P1,647,049	Р-	P35,440,453	P1,583,703	P31,154,299	P86,517,672

#### December 31, 2023

	Real Estate			Industrial				
	Development	Retail Leasing	Office Leasing	Leasing	Hospitality	Others	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenue External revenues Inter-segment	P1,425,351,895	P8,407,527,475 720,488,862	P10,965,679,449 209,732,882	P375,198,567	P655,938,416 15,733,654	P2,912,184,115 3,976,664,918	P - (4,922,620,316)	P24,741,879,917
Total Revenue	P1,425,351,895	P9,128,016,337	P11,175,412,331	P375,198,567	P671,672,070	P6,888,849,033	(P4,922,620,316)	P24,741,879,917
Segment Results	P260,575,561	P3,900,655,595	P13,802,830,020	P320,405,337	P771,234,835	(P1,359,373,480)	(P1,768,968,365)	P15,927,359,503
Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to Equity holders of the Parent Non-controlling interests	P - -	P - -	P - -	P - -	P - -	P - -	P - -	P9,251,261,972 6,676,097,531
	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	P -	Р-	P15,927,359,503
Segment Assets	P10,852,060,542	P74,102,860,421	P90,898,000,048	P9,154,475,890	P12,798,896,117	P82,397,482,782	(P98,963,828,925)	P181,239,946,875
Segment Liabilities	P3,736,381,755	P58,694,052,790	P8,156,114,640	P926,140,162	P10,273,980,064	P82,719,868,212	(P77,834,962,031)	P86,671,575,592
Other Information Capital expenditures	P227,273,520	P400,753,506	P896,988,845	P93,484,071	P2,172,923,567	P -	P -	P3,791,423,509
Depreciation and amortization	P10,107,816	P14,327,127	P14,829,089	Р-	P38,726,982	P97,252,623	(P25,879,177)	P149,364,460

Capital expenditures on noncurrent assets represent additions to property and equipment, computer software licenses, intangible assets and investment property. Noncash expenses pertain to depreciation and amortization expense attributable to the reportable segments.

The Group has only one geographical segment, which is the Philippines.

#### 7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2024	2023
Cash on hand	P223,657,946	P227,544,231
Cash in banks	5,146,496,129	2,128,208,928
Short-term placements	-	562,714,837
	P5,370,154,075	P2,918,467,996

Cash in banks earn annual interest at the respective bank deposit rates. Short-term placements are made for varying periods of up to three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn annual interest at the respective short-term placement rates. Total interest income from cash in banks and short-term placements amounted to P4.05 million and P81.41 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### 8. Receivables

This account consists of:

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Installment contracts receivable	P3,630,684,432	P3,344,028,359
Rent receivable	13,151,267,650	10,859,574,039
Receivables from:	, , ,	
Contractors	159,360,329	159,360,329
Tenants	64,935,927	59,878,306
Condominium corporation and unit		
owners	92,428,788	89,091,171
Hotel operations	66,596,550	127,697,511
Leasehold rights' buyers	346,848,421	355,050,959
Advances to employees	40,244,477	28,436,133
Others	166,398,769	64,386,768
	17,718,765,343	15,087,503,575
Less allowance for impairment loss	791,088,327	792,088,503
	16,927,677,016	P14,295,415,072

Installment contracts receivable from real estate buyers pertains to receivables from the sale of condominium and subdivision units. These receivables are collectible in monthly installments over a period of one to five years. These non-interest bearing installment contracts receivable are discounted using effective annual interest rates ranging from 5.00% to 10.00% that are specific to the tenor of the installment contracts receivable. Titles to real estate properties are not transferred to the buyers until full payment has been made.

Rent receivable pertains to receivables arising from the lease of commercial and office spaces relating to the Group's CityMall, CentralHub and DD Meridian Park operations. These are generally collectible within 30 days. This account also consists of accrued rentals arising from the excess of rent income over rental collections made by lessees in accordance with straight-line rental recognition as mandated by PFRS 16, Leases.

Receivables from tenants include utilities, common usage service area fees and other charges billed to tenants which are due within 30 days upon billing.

Other income includes CUSA and interest and penalties charged to tenant advertising income, retail and restaurant sales and other charges

#### 9. Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net

This account consists of:

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Input VAT – net	P2,060,572,485	P2,252,395,076
Advances to contractors and suppliers	1,931,230,785	1,807,179,442
Creditable withholding taxes	852,397,873	601,179,748
Prepaid expenses:		
Taxes	1,585,566,399	1,349,198,246
Commission	11,087,844	12,737,482
Insurance	25,405,164	9,998,412
Others	162,692,435	107,733,475
Refundable deposits	11,609,685	8,741,876
Other current assets	145,270,605	99,282,780
	P6,785,833,275	P6,248,446,537

#### 10. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

This account consists of:

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Hotel101 brand	P664,300,000	P664,300,000
Goodwill	350,377,742	350,377,742
Franchise rights	27,436,829	39,163,752
Computer software licenses – net	11,086,119	8,770,482
Concession right	23,273,503	24,263,719
Others	3,682,248	4,659,772
	P1,080,156,441	P1,091,535,467

The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit was determined to be higher than its carrying amount as at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. Hence, management assessed that there is no impairment loss in the value of goodwill for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### 11. Investment Property

This account consists of:

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Land	P31,194,347,423	P31,194,347,423
Building	101,914,367,141	101,207,446,360
Right-of-use assets – land	1,324,277,962	1,322,601,062
Construction in progress	17,765,124,296	14,212,620,170
	P152,198,116,822	P147,937,015,015

The following table provides the fair value hierarchy of the Group's investment property as at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

			Level 2
		September 30,	December 31,
	Date of Valuation	2024	2023
Land	Various	P31,194,347,423	P31,553,055,293
Commercial	Various	58,392,639,340	54,027,366,054
Corporate/office	Various	62,611,130,059	62,356,593,668
		P152,198,116,822	P147,937,015,015

The Group recognized unrealized gains from changes in fair values of investment property amounting to nil for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### 12. Short-term and Long-term Debts

#### Notes Payable

Details of the account are as follows:

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Balance at beginning of the year	P45,077,772,952	
Availments Payments	10,890,280,000 (1,989,665,392)	7,597,200,000 (4,002,749,880)
	53,978,387,560	45,077,772,952
Less short-term notes and current portion of long-term notes	16,594,647,560	15,283,212,952
Noncurrent portion	37,383,740,000	29,794,560,000
Less unamortized debt issue costs	336,422,083	369,302,332
	P37,047,317,917	P29,425,257,668

The long-term debt agreements contain, among others, covenants relating to maintenance of certain financial ratios, working capital requirements, restrictions on loans and guarantees, disposal of a substantial portion of assets, capital expenditures, significant changes in the ownership, payments of dividends and redemption of capital stock.

The Group is in compliance with the covenants of the debt agreements as at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Bonds Payable

Details of the account are as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2024	2023
Balance at beginning and end of year	P18,615,000,000	P15,000,000,000
Availments	11,000,000,000	3,615,000,000
Payments	(9,700,000,000)	-
	19,915,000,000	18,615,000,000
Less unamortized debt issue costs	212,942,221	61,648,082
	P19,702,057,779	P18,553,351,918

#### 13. Other noncurrent liabilities

This account consists of:

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Security deposits - net of current	P268,431,426	P273,196,848
Unearned rent income	149,700,373	124,276,990
Deferred output VAT - net	713,818,499	779,608,627
Retention payable - net of current	125,088,438	101,162,527
	P1,257,038,736	P1,278,244,992

#### 14. Income Taxes

Income tax expense (benefit) consists of:

For the nine months ended

		September 30
	2024	2023
Current	P111,411,148	P141,671,101
Deferred	83,938,038	7,846,410
	P195,349,186	P149,517,511

#### 15. Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share

Basic and diluted earnings per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 are computed as follows:

	For the nine months ended September 30		
	2024	2023	
Net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company Dividends on preferred shares for the	P1,505,580,627	P1,431,670,638	
period	(726,375,000)	(646,195,000)	
Net income attributable to common shareholders of the Parent Company (a)	P779,205,627	P785,475,638	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (b) Dilutive shares arising from stock options	2,345,028,600	2,345,028,600	
Adjusted weighted average number of common shares for diluted EPS (c)	2,345,028,600	2,345,028,600	
Basic earnings per common share attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company (a/b)	P0.3323	P0.3350	
Diluted earnings per common share attributable to equity holders of the	. 0.0020	. 0.0000	
Parent Company (a/c)	P0.3323	P0.3350	

#### 16. Equity

The authorized capital stock of the Parent Company consists of:

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Authorized Capital Stock Common - P0.10 par value Preferred - P100 par value	P500,000,000 20,000,000,000	P500,000,000 20,000,000,000
Number of Shares Authorized for Issued Common	5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000
Preferred	200,000,000	200,000,000

Details of the number of subscribed and outstanding shares are as follows:

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Common Subscribed shares at beginning and end		
of the period Treasury shares	2,373,100,600 (28,072,000)	2,373,100,600 (28,072,000)
Outstanding shares at the end of the period	2,345,028,600	2,345,028,600
Preferred Balance at beginning and end of the		
period	100,000,000	100,000,000

#### **Retained Earnings**

The summary of dividend declarations of the Parent Company is as follows:

Type of Dividend	Share Class	Date of Declaration	Date of Record	Date of Payment	Dividend Per Share	Total
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	March 16, 2023	March 30, 2023	April 14, 2023	P1.61945	P161.95 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Common	May 15, 2023	June 8, 2023	July 5, 2023	0.2624	615.34 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	June 16, 2023	July 3, 2023	July 14, 2023	2.42125	242.13 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	September 15, 2023	September 29, 2023	October 16, 2023	2.42125	242.13 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	December 14, 2023	December 29, 2023	January 15, 2024	2.42125	242.13 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	March 12, 2024	March 26, 2024	April 15, 2024	2.42125	242.13 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	June 19, 2024	July 3, 2024	July 15, 2024	2.42125	242.13 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Preferred	September 18, 2024	October 3, 2024	October 14, 2024	2.42125	242.13 million
Regular Cash Dividend	Common	September 27, 2024	November 6, 2024	November 29, 2024	0.26480	620.96 million

#### Dividends of Subsidiaries

The summary of cash dividend declarations of the subsidiaries is as follows:

Subsidiary	Share Class	Date of Declaration	Date of Record	Date of Payment	Dividend Per Share	Total
DDMPR	Common	December 13, 2023	January 22, 2024	February 14, 2024	0.0257	P457.84 million
DDMPR	Common	April 15, 2024	May 7, 2024	May 31, 2024	0.023137	412.47 million
DDMPR	Common	Mayl 15, 2024	June 19, 2024	July 15, 2024	0.023476	418.52 million
DDMPR	Common	September 27, 2024	October 31, 2024	November 26, 2024	0.023561	420.03 million
CMMBI	Common	April 29, 2024	April 30, 2024	May 17, 2024	3.36720	22.45 million
CMDZI	Common	April 29, 2024	May 29, 2024	May 29, 2024	0.0349725	18.65 million
CMGBI	Common	April 29, 2024	May 30, 2024	June 3, 2024	0.04214	14.40 million
CMTMI	Common	April 29, 2024	May 30, 2024	August 30, 2024	0.01820	11.10 million

#### 17. Financial Risk and Capital Management Objectives and Policies

#### Objectives and Policies

The Group has significant exposure to the following financial risks primarily from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit Risk
- Liquidity Risk
- Interest Rate Risk

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risks, and the Group's management of capital.

The main purpose of the Group's dealings in financial instruments is to fund its respective operations and capital expenditures.

The BOD has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The BOD has established the Executive Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies. The committee identifies all issues affecting the operations of the Group and reports regularly to the BOD on its activities.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. All risks faced by the Group are incorporated in the annual operating budget. Mitigating strategies and procedures are also devised to address the risks that inevitably occur so as not to affect the Group's operations and forecasted results. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Group's principal financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, receivables, due from related parties and refundable deposits. These financial assets are used to fund the Group's operations and capital expenditures.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk of loss the Group would incur if credit customers and counterparties fail to perform their contractual obligations. The risk arises principally from the Group's cash and cash equivalents, receivables, due from related parties and refundable deposits. The objective is to reduce the risk of loss through default by counterparties.

In respect of installments contracts receivable, credit risk is managed primarily through credit reviews and an analysis of receivables on a continuous basis. Customer payments are facilitated by post-dated checks. Exposure to bad debts is not significant as titles to real estate properties are not transferred to the buyers until full payment has been made. There are no large concentrations of credit risk given the Group's diverse customer base.

Credit risk arising from rent receivable is primarily managed through a tenant selection process. Prospective tenants are evaluated on the basis of payment track record and other credit information. In accordance with the provisions of the lease contracts, the lessees are required to deposit with the Group security deposits and advance rentals which helps reduce the Group's credit risk exposure in case of defaults by the tenants. For existing tenants, the Group has put in place a monitoring and follow-up system. Receivables are aged and analyzed on a continuous basis to minimize credit risk associated with these receivables.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting period follows:

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Cash and cash equivalents*	P5,146,496,129	P2,690,923,765
Receivables**	17,226,278,627	14,594,016,683
Due from related parties	49,356,220	49,356,220
Derivative asset designated as		
cash flow hedge***	281,774,114	164,675,467
Refundable deposits***	198,316,134	194,815,658
	P22,902,221,224	P17,693,787,793

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding "Cash on hand" account.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> This is presented as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" and "Other noncurrent assets" accounts.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>This is presented as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" and "Other noncurrent assets" accounts.

The table below presents the Group's exposure to credit risk and shows the credit quality of the assets by indicating whether the assets are subjected to 12-month ECL or lifetime ECL. Assets that are credit-impaired are separately presented.

September 30, 2024	Financial	Assets at Amorti			
•		Lifetime	Lifetime	•	
		ECL - not	ECL - credit	Derivative	
	12-month ECL	credit impaired	impaired	Asset	Total
Cash and cash					
equivalents (excluding					
cash on hand)	P5,146,496,129	-	-	-	P5,146,496,129
Receivables*	430,191,909	16,796,086,718	791,088,327	-	18,017,366,954
Due from related parties	49,356,220				49,356,220
Derivative asset**	-	-	-	281,774,114	281,774,114
Refundable deposits***	198,316,134	-	-	<u> </u>	198,316,134
	P5,824,360,392	P16,796,086,718	P791,088,327	P281,774,114	P23,693,309,551

December 31, 2023	Financia	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost			
		Lifetime	Lifetime		
		ECL - not	ECL - credit	Derivative	
	12-month ECL	credit impaired	impaired	Asset	Total
Cash and cash equivalents (excluding					
cash on hand)	P2,690,923,765	Р-	Р-	Р-	P2,690,923,765
Receivables*	756,203,666	13,837,813,017	792,088,503	-	15,386,105,186
Due from related parties	49,356,220	-	-	-	49,356,220
Derivative asset**	-	-	-	164,675,467	164,675,467
Refundable deposits***	194,815,658	-	-	-	194,815,658
	P3,691,299,309	P13,837,813,017	P792,088,503	P164,675,467	P18,485,876,296

<sup>\*</sup> This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

The following is the aging analysis per class of financial assets as at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

September 30, 2024	Neither	Past Due but not Impaired				
	Past Due nor Impaired	1 to 90 Days	91 to 360 Days	More than 360 Days	Impaired	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	P5,146,496,129	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	P5,146,496,129
Receivables*	13,703,774,745	1,521,412,896	1,806,889,063	194,201,923	791,088,327	18,017,366,954
Due from related parties	49,356,220			-		49,356,220
Derivative asset designated						
as cash flow hedge***	281,774,114	-	-	-	-	281,774,114
Refundable deposits**	198,316,134	-	-	-	-	198,316,134
	P19 379 717 342	P1 521 412 896	P1 806 889 063	D10/ 201 023	791 088 327	23.693.309.551

<sup>\*</sup> This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This is presented as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" and "Other noncurrent assets" accounts.

December 31, 2023	Neither	Neither Past Due but not Impaired				
	Past Due nor Impaired	1 to 90 Days	91 to 360 Days	More than 360 Days	Impaired	Total
Cash and cash equivalents*	P2,690,923,765	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	P2,690,923,765
Receivables**	1,149,767,534	3,010,390,663	4,178,828,449	5,956,428,426	792,088,503	15,087,503,575
Due from related parties	49,356,220					49,356,220
Derivative asset***	164,675,467			-	-	164,675,467
Refundable deposits****	194,815,658			-		194,815,658
	P4,249,538,644	P3,010,390,663	P4,178,828,449	P5,956,428,426	P792,088,503	P18,187,274,685

<sup>\*\*</sup> This is presented as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" and "Other noncurrent assets" accounts.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>This is presented as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" and "Other noncurrent assets" accounts.

<sup>\*</sup> This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

\*\* This is presented as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" and "Other noncurrent assets" accounts.

The following is the credit quality of the Group's financial assets:

	September 30, 2024				
	,	Medium			
	High Grade	Grade	Low Grade	Total	
Cash and cash					
equivalents*	P5,146,496,129			P5,146,496,129	
Receivables**	15,287,978,043	1,744,098,661	194,201,923	17,226,278,627	
Due from related parties	49,356,220	. , .	, ,	49,356,220	
Derivative asset***	281,774,114			281,774,114	
Refundable deposits***	198,316,134			198,316,134	
	P20,963,920,640	P1,744,098,661	P194,201,923	P22,902,221,224	

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding "Cash on hand" account.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>This is presented as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" and "Other noncurrent assets" accounts.

	December 31, 2023				
		Medium			
	High Grade	Grade	Low Grade	Total	
Cash and cash equivalents*	P2,690,923,765	Р-	Р-	P2,690,923,765	
Receivables**	10,477,136,702	3,166,673,229	950,206,753	14,594,016,684	
Due from related parties	49,356,220		-	49,356,220	
Derivative asset***	164,675,467		-	164,675,467	
Refundable deposits****	194,815,658	-	-	194,815,658	
	P13,576,907,812	P3,166,673,229	P950,206,753	P17,693,787,794	

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding "Cash on hand" account.

The Group assessed the credit quality of unrestricted cash as high grade since this is deposited with reputable banks with low probability of insolvency.

Receivable balances are being monitored on a regular basis to ensure timely execution of necessary intervention efforts. The Group performs credit investigation and evaluation of each buyer to establish paying capacity and creditworthiness. The Group will assess the collectibility of its receivables and provide a corresponding allowance provision once the account is considered impaired.

The credit risk for due from related parties and refundable deposits is considered negligible as these are mainly from related parties and Companies that are generally financially stable.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group manages liquidity risks by forecasting projected cash flows and maintaining balance between continuity of funding and flexibility in operations. Treasury controls and procedures are in place to ensure that sufficient cash is maintained to cover daily operational working capital requirements. Management closely monitors the Group's future and contingent obligations and sets up required cash reserves as necessary in accordance with internal requirements.

<sup>\*\*</sup>This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

\*\*\*This is presented as part of "Other noncurrent assets" account.

<sup>\*\*</sup>This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

\*\*\*This is presented as part of "Other noncurrent assets" account.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>This is presented as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets - net" and "Other noncurrent assets" accounts.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

	As at September 30, 2024				
	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash Flow	1 Year or Less	1 Year - 5 Years	More than 5 Years
Financial Liabilities					
Accounts payable and					
other current liabilities*	P5.379.964.644	P5.379.964.644	P5.379.964.644	Р-	Р-
Due to related parties	560,811,433	560,811,433	560,811,433	-	-
Dividends payable	1,087,105,890	1,087,105,890	1,087,105,890	-	-
Notes payable**	53,641,965,477	60,451,797,183	19,373,766,956	41,078,030,227	-
Bonds payable	19,702,057,779	23,342,031,764	4,044,295,839	19,297,735,925	-
Other noncurrent					
liabilities*	749,656,908	777,432,435	224,580,161	490,236,005	62,616,269
Lease liabilities	1,309,911,875	2,627,193,236	100,267,490	553,997,094	1,972,928,652

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding statutory obligations and unearned rent income account.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

	As at December 31, 2023				
	Carrying	Contractual	1 Year	1 Year –	More than
	Amount	Cash Flow	or Less	5 Years	5 Years
Financial Liabilities					
Accounts payable and					
other current liabilities*	P6,853,326,927	P6,853,326,927	P6,853,326,927	Р-	Р-
Due to related parties	560,812,383	560,812,383	560,812,383	-	-
Dividends payable	486,308,726	486,308,726	486,308,726	-	-
Notes payable**	44,708,470,620	52,700,463,506	14,702,119,366	37,998,344,140	-
Bonds payable	18,553,351,918	20,804,318,997	10,807,933,434	9,996,385,563	-
Other noncurrent					
liabilities*	707,969,279	794,169,357	237,362,103	490,944,023	65,863,231
Lease liabilities	1,309,911,875	2,831,182,427	101,414,424	564,035,360	2,165,732,642

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding statutory obligations and unearned rent income account.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Group interest risk management policy is to minimize interest rate cash flow risk exposures to changes in interest rates. The Group has short-term and long-term bank borrowings with fixed interest rates. Therefore, the Group is not subject to the effect of changes in interest rates.

#### Fair Values

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments:

Cash and Cash Equivalents/Due from Related Parties/Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities/Due to Related Parties

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, due from related parties, refundable deposits, accounts payable and other current liabilities, short-term notes payable and due to related parties approximate their fair values due to the relatively short-term nature of these financial instruments.

#### Receivables

The fair values of installment contract receivable and receivables from leasehold rights' buyers from are based on the discounted value of future cash flows using the applicable rates for similar types of instruments. The fair value of other receivables is approximately equal to their carrying amounts due to the short-term nature of the financial assets.

#### Refundable Deposits/Lease Liabilities/Security Deposits

Refundable deposits, lease liabilities and security deposits are reported at their present values, which approximate the cash amounts that would fully satisfy the obligations as at reporting date.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This includes both current and noncurrent portions of the account.

Short-term Notes Payable/Long-term Notes Payable/Bonds Payable

The fair value of the interest-bearing fixed-rate short-term and long-term debts is based on the discounted value of expected future cash flows using the applicable market rates for similar types of loans as of reporting date.

#### Capital Management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to increase the value of shareholders' investment and maintain high growth by applying free cash flows to selective investments. The Group sets strategies with the objective of establishing a versatile and resourceful financial management and capital structure.

The BOD monitors the return on capital, which the Group defines as net operating income divided by total shareholders' equity. The BOD also monitors the level of dividends to shareholders.

The BOD seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The Group defines capital as equity, which includes capital stock, additional paid-in capital and retained earnings. There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management as at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The Group is not subject to externally-imposed capital requirements.

## Annex "E"

# Compliance with Section 49 of the Revised Corporation Code

List of Required Information under Sec 49 of the Revised	Page		
Corporation Code	_		
A. The minutes of the most recent regular meeting which shall	See Annex B of the Definitive Information		
include, among others:	Statement or		
(1) A description of the voting and vote tabulation procedures	https://www.doubledragon.com.ph/ir/2024		
used in the previous meeting; (2) A description of the opportunity			
given to stockholders or members to ask questions and a record			
of the questions asked and answers given; (3) The matters			
discussed and resolutions reached; (4) A record of the voting			
results for each agenda item; (5) A list of the directors or trustees,			
officers and stockholders or members who attended the meeting;	Can Itary Ann Barra 40 of the Definition		
<b>B.</b> Material information on the current stockholders, and their	See Item 4 on Page 10 of the Definitive		
voting rights;	Information Statement		
<b>C.</b> A detailed, descriptive, balanced and comprehensible	See D.1 of Annex D of the Definitive		
assessment of the corporation's performance, which shall	Information Statement		
include information on any material change in the			
corporation's business, strategy, and other affairs.			
<b>D.</b> A financial report for the preceding year, which shall include	See D.4 of Annex D of the Definitive		
financial statements duly signed and certified in accordance	Information Statement		
with this Code and the rules the Commission may prescribe,			
<b>E</b> . An explanation of the dividend policy and the fact of	See page 32 of the Definitive Information		
payment of dividends	Statement and D1-14 of Annex D of the		
	Information Statement		
<b>F.</b> Director profiles which shall include, among others, their	See pages 14-18 of the Definitive		
qualifications and relevant experience, length of service in the	Information Statement		
corporation, trainings and continuing education attended, and			
their board representations in other corporations			
<b>G.</b> A director or trustee attendance report, indicating the	See pages 20-22 of the Definitive		
attendance of each director or trustee at each of the meetings	Information Statement		
of the board			
<b>H.</b> Appraisals and performance criteria for the board and t and	See pages 22-23 of the Definitive		
procedure for assessment;	Information Statement		
I. A director compensation report prepared in accordance with	See Item 6 on pages 26-27 of the Definitive		
the Revised Corporation Code and the rules the Commission	Information Statement		
may prescribe			
J. Director disclosures on self-dealings and related party	See pages 24-25 of the Definitive		
transactions;	Information Statement		
<b>K.</b> The profiles of directors nominated or seeking election or	See pages 15-18 of the Definitive		